

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

START

DULUTH

EVENING

HERALD

JAN 1
1904

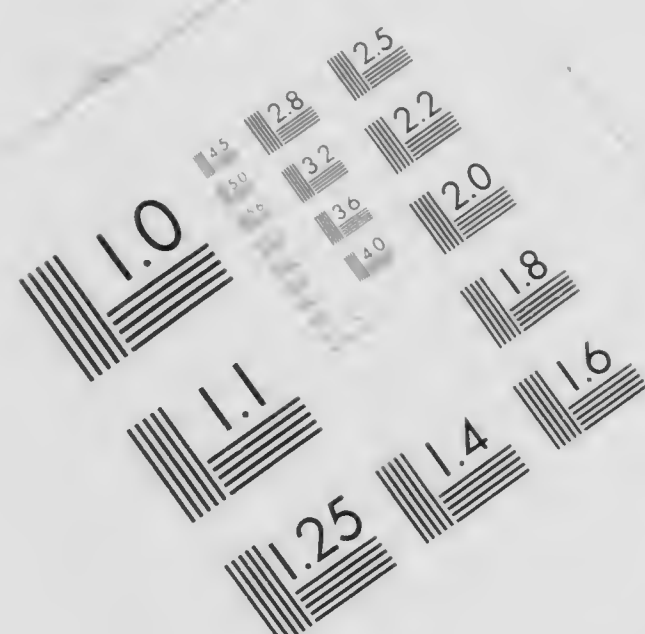
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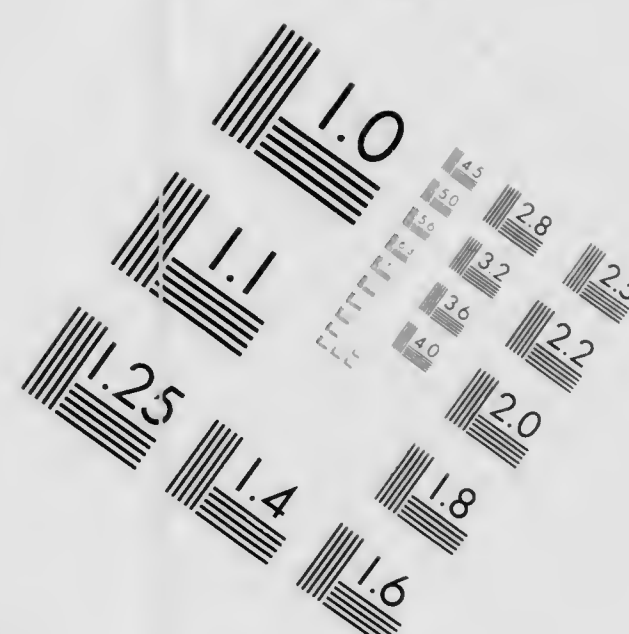
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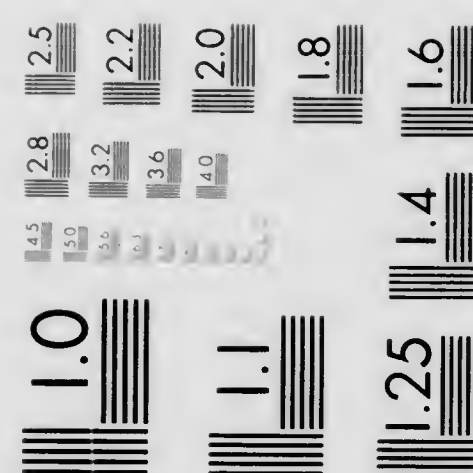
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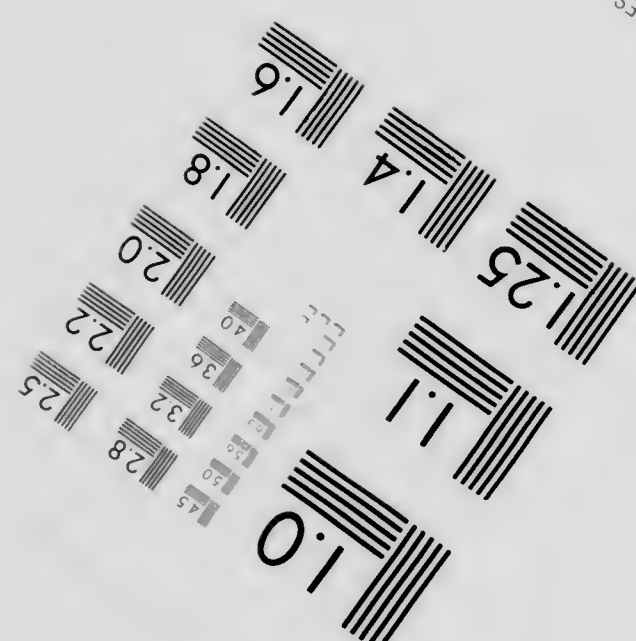
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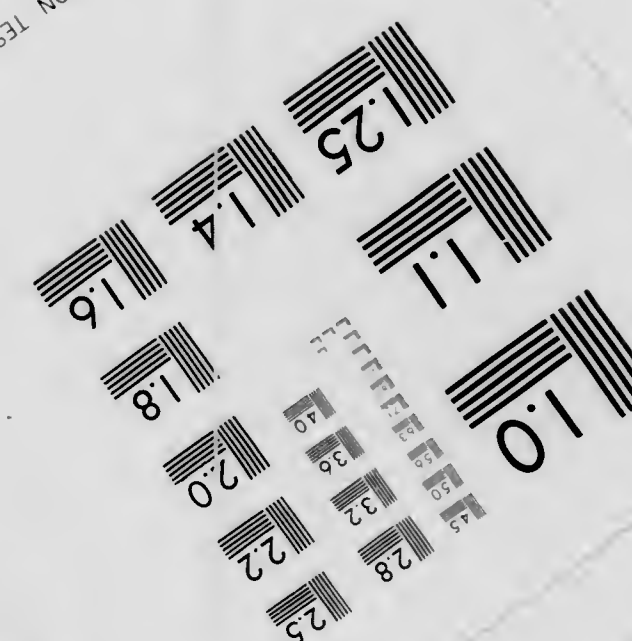
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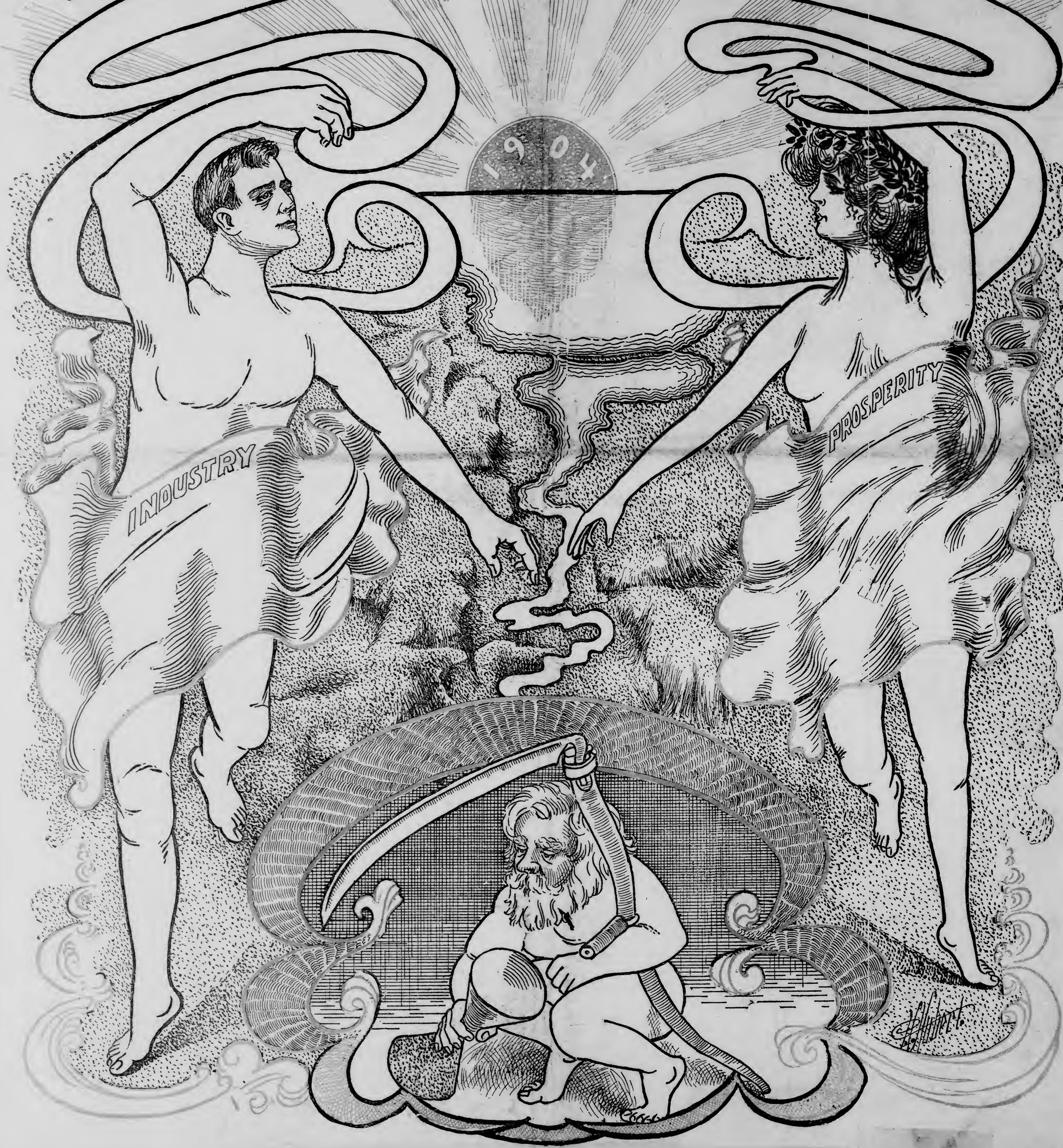
MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

Completed
1904

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

FRIDAY, JANUARY 1, 1904.

A HAPPY NEW YEAR.



COLORED INK

Come tomorrow and buy one of those Famous

"Harvard" Overcoats

Like this cut

At \$10

Made single-breasted, cut 50 inches long; has all the details of the higher priced fashionable Overcoats. Look at the coat—the style; the broad shoulders—the length. Made in black, Oxford and fancy overcoatings. You not only get the material, but the style of any \$15 or \$20 garment. Without a doubt the best in Duluth for



The 50-inch long coat is the fashion.

M. S. BURROWS**THEATER HORROR**

Stirs Authorities In Other Cities Than Chicago.

Places of Amusement Will Be Subjected to Inspection.

New York, Jan. 1.—Stirred by the Chicago theater horror, the authorities of this city are about to institute a thorough investigation of all amusement places, in order to most thoroughly guard against a similar happening. However, the managers of all the leading theaters declare that they already have taken every means for insuring the safety of their patrons.

Nichols J. Hayes, who today became fire commissioner, announced that his first act will be to order investigation of all the theaters in the city, to ascertain whether or not they are so constructed and so equipped as to safeguard human life in case of fire or other causes of panic.

In this work no one will deter me from doing my full duty," he said. "It is certain that the protection of human life is the first and most important duty of the fire commissioner, and next to that comes the protection of the people's property. I shall order this investigation at once, and I shall take means to ascertain what is necessary to be done by the department itself to throw further protection about our citizens and their property."

City Superintendent of Schools Maxwell has issued circular instructions to the district superintendents and

principals of schools, whom he directs to take every precaution at once to ensure a perfect understanding of fire drills and rapid dismissal for the hundreds of thousands of children under their care. He also called a meeting of school principals to discuss measures for making the drills even more effective than at present.

IN BOSTON ALSO.—Boston, Jan. 1.—As a result of the fire in Chicago, Chief Wade of the Massachusetts state police yesterday issued orders for his inspectors to make immediate and thorough inspection of every theater in the commonwealth outside of Boston. The statutes give no jurisdiction over Boston, but more than 100 theaters are under his supervision.

FORMER CONGRESSMAN
Hon. J. J. Belden Dies at Syracuse, New York.

Syracuse, N. Y., Jan. 1.—Former Congressman James J. Belden died here early today after a short illness. He was largely interested in New York city real estate, among his valuable holdings being the Manhattan hotel. Mr. Belden was 73 years of age. He is survived by a widow, Mrs. Belden, and a son, Mr. Belden, who is a wealthy citizen, his net worth being estimated at more than \$1,000,000. He built the first street railway in Detroit and with steam railroads in various parts of the country. He was a Republican and was elected to congress in 1887, and served until 1895, when he retired. In 1897 he was elected on an independent ticket. He was mayor of Syracuse two terms.

Saved Three Little Ones.

Conductor William Brown, of the Mississauga road, returned from Chicago yesterday. He was at the Iroquois theater Wednesday afternoon, seated in the rear of the parquet. He succeeded in assisting three children to safety in the mad rush of the panic, and lost most of his outer clothing in the effort.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cure a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
on every box, 25c

SOLD TO THE GOILDS.
La Crosse, Wis., Jan. 1.—W. W. Cargill announced today that the sale of the Goulds and Western railroad to the Goulds interests went into effect yesterday. The road is 42 miles long and runs from Pine Bluff to Benton, Ark.

It was reported some time ago that the road had been sold to the Rock Island system.

A Card.
We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or if it does not guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.
E. F. Boyce, R. C. Sweeney, William A. Abbott.

Low Excursion Rates to Canadian Points.
Dec. 17 to 20 the Northern Pacific railway will sell round trip tickets to Canadian points at one fare for round trip; tickets good returning until Jan. 12, 1904. Dec. 20 to 23 will also sell round trip tickets at greatly reduced rates good returning Jan. 27. For tickets and full information call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

The Duluth Lithograph and Printing Co.
wishes YOU a very prosperous New Year.

BIG TIMBER TRADE

Great Hardwood Forests Are Food For the Axe.

Northern Wisconsin Is Filled With Much Excellent Timber.

Capt. Angus, of Port Wing, a well-known logging operator and real estate dealer, was in the city yesterday. Capt. Angus was the first white child born in northern Wisconsin and now that that portion of the state has grown to be so large he is proud of the distinction. Capt. Angus was born on Madeline Island, the principal one of the Apostle group, during the early trading period, when John Jacob Astor was the head of the American Fur company. The little house at La Pointe still stands near the lake, where his foundation has been built for years by the sea.

The hardwood industry is the greatest timber business in Northern Wisconsin," said Capt. Angus last evening, and it will, in a great degree, supplant the pine business. It is now thought that several mills that were scheduled to be idle next season will now be on hardwood contracts. In Ashland, Davidson and Iron counties there are immense tracts of hardwood. Some of the best of the winter. On islands of the Apostle group, which contain much hardwood, a large number of camps have been established. These logs will be saved at Ashland and shipped in the southern part of Ashland county two new logging roads are being built to tap a number of large tracts of hardwood.

The Golden Veneer and Manufacturing company has built an immense factory at Glidden and has just completed a twenty-mile stretch of railroad of the pine kings of northern Wisconsin and it is rapidly increasing. The low market price of hardwood timber has caused a great number of sales within the last few weeks.

The cutting of hardwood will cause the establishment of a number of new industries in Northern Wisconsin. A saw mill has already begun to come. A saw mill is now being built by eastern capital. The new owners have purchased all the wood on the Bad River reservation controlled by the Stevens-Lumber company. Camps were opened this week on the reservation and the timber is now being hauled into Ashland.

MILLE LACS ON THE MOVE

Chief Wah-we-way-cum-ig Goes to White Earth Reservation.

Cass Lake, Minn., Jan. 1.—(Special to The Herald).—Chief Wah-we-way-cum-ig, a member of the Milles Lacs band of Chippewa Indians, passed through Cass Lake yesterday on his way to the White Earth Indian reservation. The old chief was accompanied by his family, and his trip was made for the purpose of acting in conformity with the provisions of the treaty between that band and the government, which was negotiated by Major McLaughlin in the fall of 1902. Under the provisions of that treaty, all of the Milles Lacs were removed from their reservation to the diminished reservation at White Earth, and the government has been the home of the present band and their forefathers for generations past.

This band of Chippewas have always been among the most faithful and obedient of the government and their lands and they stood by the United States in time of need. However, they have fought the provisions requiring their removal. Old Chief Wah-we-way-cum-ig is one of the wisest and fairest of the band, and he has been the cause of the removal of the chief, others will follow him, and in another year it is expected that nearly if not quite all of the Indians will have removed to their new hunting grounds. The white settlers around Milles Lacs lake will undoubtedly rejoice at the "trekking" of the Indians from their midst.

Returned to Asylum.

Louise Leaf, the Proctorville girl who was examined yesterday afternoon, before Judge of the county, and was committed to the asylum in a condition that warranted her return to the state asylum at Proctorville. Her parole from that institution expired some days ago and it was discovered by the authorities that she was in a maniac condition and confined in a cage at her home.

Victims From Superior.

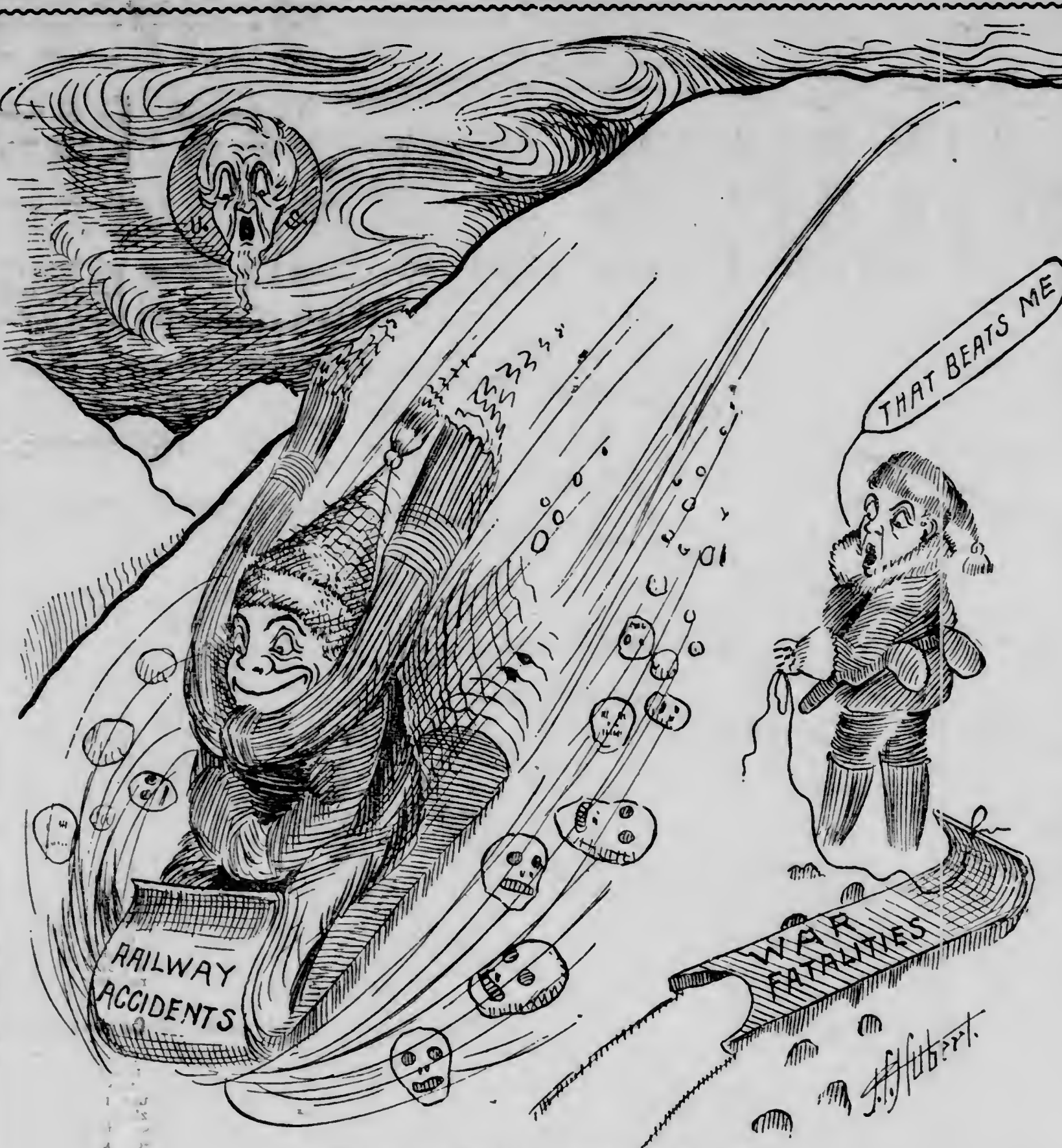
Foreman J. J. Bezek, of the Northwestern Pacific company's dock in Superior, and his family, are supposed to be among the victims of the Chicago theater fire. Mr. and Mrs. Bezek left for Chicago the day before Christmas to visit their daughter and were received by friends yesterday to the effect that they perished in the fire.

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THE OTHER FELLOW NOT IN IT.

THE STAGE.

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTION.

LYCEUM.—Tim Murphy in "The Man From Missouri," playing also Saturday and Sunday.
METROPOLITAN.—Ferry Stock company presents "The Family Theater." Continuous vaudeville, afternoon and evening.

FERRY STOCK COMPANY
Reopening of the Metropolitan Theater.

CAST.
Jim Mayne—Dick Ferris
Abner Mayne—his father, William Davis
Eddie Foxglove—his wife, Frank
Richard Bradley—his man, one
Hetty—Kitty
Laurie Mayne—Emily Bato
Mollie Middlesex—Kitty DeLorme
Kate Mayne—Mollie
Marie Harcourt
Mollie Middlesex—Kitty DeLorme

The company last night acquitted itself with credit and it is expected that the production of the play will be a success. The company has been in the city for some time and has been well received. The play is a comedy and is well adapted for the stage. The company has been in the city for some time and has been well received. The play is a comedy and is well adapted for the stage.

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HIS DOUBLE LIFE

Man Tried to Live With Two Women In Same Block.

When Arrested For Bigamy, He Admitted His Guilt.

New York, Jan. 1.—Herbert E. Talcott, a young man who tried to live the two halves of a double life in homes not more than 50 feet apart, was arraigned in the Jefferson Market police court on a charge of bigamy. He was held without bail for examination when one of the two women deceived by him recovered from her delirium and is able to appear against him.

Talcott admits his guilt. His only excuse for it, "I couldn't help it. I had to do it."

His legal wife was Anna Edith Brown, who was married to him on Jan. 1, 1901, by the Rev. Dr. Hamilton, of Englewood, N. J. They went to housekeeping in expensive apartments at 210 West Twenty-first street. Talcott was a bookkeeper in the subscription department of the Associated Press, and he had a good income of his own and spent it for the benefit of both.

The other woman, who is but 20 years old, is Carolyn Louise Wighton. She went through the form of a marriage to Talcott on Christmas eve at the Little Church Around the Corner.

The pair went on a honeymoon trip to Niagara Falls. They returned to Mrs. Wighton's home on Monday night. Her folks knew of the bigamy then, but Talcott's father, who was a well-known lawyer, had been at work in the night, and he was not allowed to stay at a member of the family that night and until Tuesday afternoon, when he was arrested by central office Detective Ping.

Although Talcott had been courted by Miss Wighton since he was a boy, she had never been married to him until the day before Christmas.

On that morning they left their apartments together. Mrs. Talcott returned at 4 o'clock in the afternoon and found that her husband had been home and secured his trunk and had gone away in a cab. Inquiries at his office proved that he had had in saying he had been at work in the night, and he was not allowed to stay at a member of the family that night and until Tuesday afternoon, when he was arrested by central office Detective Ping.

Talcott met his second wife in a restaurant where she was, and he and she went to her home. She was not married to him until the day before Christmas.

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Suit department specials— New Year's bargains.

We've picked out three extra good bargains for one day, to celebrate the opening of the year in our Clook and Suit Department. Come for your share.

GIRLS' JACKETS—About 150 short all-wool jackets for girls of 3 to 12 years—red, brown, gray, blue, oxford—every jacket a correct new style. Every jacket pretty trimmed with braids, appliques and buttons—regular values up to \$4.00—all thrown in one lot for—your pick for—**98c**

WRAPPERS—One table full of pretty flannel-lined wrappers—dark colors—variety of patterns—all sizes—full lengths and widths, ruffled fronts and yokes—regular values up to \$1.49—for one day to be—gin the year, your choice—**89c**

FLANNEL WAISTS—One lot of entirely new flannel shirt waists for ladies—solid colors—reds, blues, browns and oxfords—plaid fronts, fancy stock collars, cuffs—these are new waists only lately received—regular price \$1.25—**98c**—on sale Saturday only for

**Remnants dress goods—
New Year's bargains.**

Every remnant of wool dress goods in the house has been picked out for the dress goods counter for quick selling. Lengths 1 to 7 yards—all colors and—**1/2 price**—all weaves, at

**Golf glove specials—
New Year's bargains.**

GOLF GLOVES—Two big lots of ladies' and misses' golf gloves on sale Saturday.

LOT 1—Plain and fancy golf gloves for ladies and misses—worth up to \$2.00 a pair—all to go—**25c**

LOT 2—Plain and fancy golf gloves for ladies and misses—regular 25c quality—for Saturday—per pair—**50c**

**Dinnerware at half—
New Year's bargains.**

All odds and ends, broken lines and patterns we are closing out—white and decorated dinnerware—semi-porcelain and Austrian china—without regard to cost or value at—**1/2 price**

**Fine stationery at half—
New Year's bargains.**

About 75 boxes high-class white, cream and tinted stationery, in pretty holiday boxes—reg. prices up to \$2.50 a box—**1/2 price**—all go at

**Books at half—
New Year's bargains.**

About 100 books of all kinds—fiction, poetry and fancy gift books for adults and children—slightly soiled and mused during the holidays—others as good as new, at—**1/2 price**

Millinery extras— New Year's bargains.

LADIES' DRESS HATS—Our entire stock of ladies' trimmed dress hats, without reserving a single hat in the stock, goes on sale tomorrow in four bargain lots as follows:

LOT 1—Black and colored dress hats in all the newest styles—worth up to \$5—your choice for—**\$1.95**

LOT 2—Black and colored dress hats in all the newest styles—worth up to \$7.50—**\$2.95**

LOT 3—Black and colored dress hats in all the newest styles—worth up to \$12.00—**\$4.95**

LOT 4—Black and colored dress hats—including the highest class fancy patterns—worth up to \$15 each—at—**\$7.95**

TAMS—Entire stock of odds and ends of girls' and boys' cloth tams—all colors, sizes and novelties—worth up to \$2.25 on sale Saturday at—**23c**

CHILDREN'S HATS—The entire stock of children's and misses' trimmed hats and sailors, worth up to \$3.25 each—on sale Saturday at—**23c**

BEAVERS—Entire stock of ladies' and misses' beaver hats in grays, browns, blues, oxfords and black—flared and crown latest correct styles—worth up to \$1.25 each—on sale tomorrow—**\$1.25**

**Soap and mirrors—
New Year's bargains.**

SOAP—Armour's finest grades of 25c toilet soaps—all odds and ends of these strictly high-class and dainty soaps—for Saturday—per cake—**10c**

MIRRORS—Perfect goods—triplicate mirrors that sell regularly for 45c—for the dressing table or for shaving—on sale Saturday—per set—**19c**

**Art needlework—
New Year's bargains.**

BATTENBERGS—Handkerchiefs, doilies and lace patterns—our regular prices up to 15c each—Saturday the entire collection on sale at—each—**3c**

HANDKERCHIEF BAGS—Neat and practical—bags that sell regularly at 45c—not very many left, but will give choice of all—on sale Saturday at—**9c**

**Men's furnishings—
New Year's bargains.**

CAPS—Every cap in the house—every style—black, blue and brown—including the best of all—regular price \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50—choice of all—**1/2 price**

HALF HOSE—Men's 10c all-wool natural and gray half-hose—on sale to close pair—**10c**

UNDERWEAR—Men's natural and blue wool ribbed shirts and drawers—all sizes—regular 98c quality, for—**69c**



"PROPER ECONOMY"

A good watchword for the new year. Resolve to save your money—not by buying cheap goods, but by buying good goods at the store with the lowest prices. Carry out this resolution and you'll take a long step toward a happy new year.

Look over the special bargains here offered for tomorrow. Come down and begin the year right by investing in what you need among these items, all of which are exceptional money savers.

Store opens 8:30 a. m. Closes 5:30 p. m. Saturdays closes 10 p. m.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

2 handkerchief lots— New Year's bargains.

Thousands of handkerchiefs used in our window displays and fixture displays, and all others that in any way lost their original freshness in the holiday handling—including all styles for men, women and children, on sale tomorrow in two bargain lots as follows—

10c worth up to 25c **15c** worth up to 35c

**Boys' overcoats at half—
New Year's bargains.**

Choice of any boys' overcoat in the house—regular prices from \$2.98 to \$11—now—**1/2 price**—going at exactly

**New leather bags—
New Year's bargains.**

One new lot of tailor-made handbags—genuine leather, leather lined, leather hand-straps, inside pocket—oxidized frame and all snap—regular value 75c—a bargain Saturday at—**49c**

**Ladies' underwear—
New Year's bargains.**

UNION SUITS—Ladies' and girls' fleeced-lined cream union suits—all sizes and regular \$2.75—on sale Saturday at—**25c**

CAMELS' HAIR—Ladies' camels' hair vests and pants—very warm and serviceable—regular \$1 values—on sale Saturday at—**69c**

STOCKINGS—Ladies' first black fleeced-lined cotton hose—our regular 10c quality—on sale Saturday at—**10c**

**Pretty pictures—
New Year's bargains.**

We place on Bargain Counter No. 2, main floor—the entire collection of framed pictures from the third floor, hitherto sold up to 40c each—gold framed, oak framed, black framed—all with glass—some in colors and some in black and white—all kinds of subjects for every sort of room—gold-framed 50c, medallion with brass chain—also included—your choice for one day only of the entire lot—**25c**

**Furniture—
New Year's bargains.**

TABOURETTES—We offer in the Furniture Department Saturday only, to begin the year, 100 oak tabourettes or jardiniere stands—weather or golden finish—regular price 39c—expect a rush and limit them 1 to a customer—your pick of the lot at—**19c**

MORRIS CHAIRS—We will let loose of nine handsome Morris chairs tomorrow—solid golden oak or mahogany finish—frames—cushions covered with handsome, plain or fancy figured velours. Our regular price for these chairs was \$67.50—trust that you will be quick to begin the year, you may have these chairs—limit one to a \$3.95 customer—at, each—

Among the toys— New Year's bargains.

WOOL ANIMALS—Entire covered stock of fur and wool-covered toy animals in all sizes, on sale until today at from 25c to \$2.50—we will place the whole of them on sale Saturday at **1/2 price**

DOLL CARRIAGES—We have 25 handsome doll baby carriages—reed, rattan and fancy patterns that sold until today from \$1.75 up to \$3.95. They are only slightly shop marked otherwise good as new—your pick of the lot for Saturday—**75c**

GAMES—One great big table full of all kinds of indoor games for boys and girls—almost every kind of game known—regular prices from 25c to \$1.25—**1/2 price**—Saturday choice

TREE ORNAMENTS—Every Christmas tree ornament remaining in the base—**1/2 price**

**Robes, blankets—
New Year's bargains.**

25 "Monogram" horse blankets, leather straps and buckles sewed on—size 48x90 inches—the regular price \$2.50—also size 60x90 inches, regular price \$2.75—for one choice only—Saturday—your choice of any blanket in the two \$1.95 lots for

PUSH ROBES—Large size double plush carriage or sleigh robes—15 of them in this lot—sorted fancy colors and black on one side, other side contrasting color—regular price of these robes \$3.50—to open the year with eclat in the Harness Department, third floor—we will sell these at—**\$2.49**

**Shoe dep't specials—
New Year's bargains.**

GERMAN SOCKS—Boys' and youth's sizes—leather mix—our regular price 50c each—**29c**—one day only

OVERS—Boys' and youth's rubber lumbermen's overs—warm and serviceable—1-buckle—the regular price \$1.00—today only—**59c**

MOCCASINS—Boys' girls' and youth's genuine mooshide moccasins—about 50 pairs left—sizes 10 to 2—regular price \$1.00—Saturday your pick of the lot—per pair—**59c**

LADIES' SLIPPERS—Entire balance of stock of ladies' slippers—all kinds—leather, felt and satin—fur trimmed, fleeced-lined, fancy buckles, julets and Colonnades—regular price \$1.50 to \$2—your pick of any pair for Saturday at—**98c**

**1904 calendars at half—
New Year's bargains.**

Every calendar for 1904—no matter how much it cost us—no matter how good, including the finest art calendars—Gibson's and Gilbert's—choice of any—**1/2 price**

STRICKEN CITY IN MOURNING

Notorious Violation of Building Ordinance In Large Measure Responsible for Disaster.

Chicago, Jan. 1.—For the first time since Chicago has possessed bells to peal, whistles to shriek and horns to blow the old year was permitted to slither take its place in history and the new year permitted to come with no evidence of joy at its birth.

In an official proclamation issued by Mayor Carter Harrison he made the suggestion that the usual New Year's eve celebration be for this time omitted. The idea found a ready response in the hearts of the people and the mayor's words on the fact only gave utterance to the unexpressed thoughts that had filled them all.

The appalling calamity in the Iroquois theater has plunged Chicago into the deepest grief and gloom and for the time being at least seems to have chilled and deadened the ordinary emotions of life. Business today was performed with the sole view to actual necessity and even that much was carried out in a perfunctory manner.

Ordinarily on New Year's eve the makers but last night the only throngs to be found were those around the morgues, and numbers of the festive revelers who toast the year that passed.

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

man, weighing close to 180 pounds, and I made up my mind that if there was going to be a panic it would be wise for me to beat it to the street. I left my seat in the balcony, and from there started to pass out through the very door in which so many people were killed. A man standing on the outside refused to open it so that I could pass out. Whether he was an employee of the theater or not I do not know, but he evidently determined that no one should leave the theater, and in so doing started a panic. I was leaving quietly up to this time, but when he refused to allow me to pass, I determined to get out if I had to make all sorts of noise. I went along the balcony about ten feet to a glass partition and smashed it with the point of my umbrella. I went out half way down I heard the roar of the crowd as it came after me, and I hurriedly ran down the stairs. They overtook me, however, knocked me down, and but for the fact that I was close out, I think I could have found a way to escape. As it was, I think I must have walked the last ten feet of my passage to the exit on the bodies of those who had fallen.

The first thing that I remember is to the effect that the fire was caused by the sparks from an arc light striking the edge of the drop curtain, but this is a fact, however, will not be known until after the conclusion of the coroner's inquest. There are so many statements at present and they differ so widely that it is impossible to ascertain the truth.

Although the Iroquois was undoubtedly the safest theater in Chicago, it has become evident that the city building department had not strictly enforced one or two sections of the building ordinance.

William Curran, a building inspector, was in the theater only a few moments before the catastrophe, and went away saying everything was in good condition. He reported this fact yesterday to Deputy Building Commissioner Stanton. The deputy commissioner, early yesterday morning, in company with Building Inspectors Laughlin, Lense and Dutton, went to the theater to make an inspection. Upon his return to the city hall he said: "The theater and its management were strictly within the law. I will not go into details until I have completed my report."

Section 153 of the local building ordinance provides that in buildings of the class to which the Iroquois theater belonged, there shall be a system of automatic sprinklers.

There was no sprinkler system in the theater, and Mr. Stanhope, when this was called to his attention, said: "There was no sprinkler system in the theater, but the provision about the fire doors made it unnecessary for the theater to have them."

Section 152 of the ordinance provides that theaters be equipped with fire alarm system. Mr. Stanhope said, "The Iroquois had fire alarm connection with the city alarm system. No application is on file for any such connection."

The alarm of fire, in fact, was turned in from a box over half a block distant from the theater.

The law provides, also, that there shall be a ventilating shaft at the rear of the stage which will conduct flames

and smoke away from the auditorium in just such emergencies as arose yesterday. The Iroquois theater possessed no such ventilating shaft.

From the action of a committee of prominent architects of Chicago, at a meeting last night, may result a recommendation to Mayor Harrison to close every theater in the city until its exits and construction have been examined. This idea was suggested to President Beaumont of the Chicago Architects' association by W. A. Primrose, an architect who lost some relatives in the fire. President Beaumont refused to personally make the recommendation, but called an informal meeting of the association, at which it was decided that a larger gathering of members would be held and action at that time would be decided upon.

Mayor Harrison said last night: "I see no more reason for closing all the theaters than for stopping all rail-ways trains after a disastrous wreck. There is no necessity of getting hysterical about this matter, although this has been directed by the city council, probably the safest theater in Chicago."

The mayor last night in this connection sent the following letter to all theatrical proprietors in the city:

"I have received a report on the theaters of Chicago, calling the attention of the city council to the fact that the theaters are in violation of the city ordinance relative to places of amusement. The council has decided to suspend enforcement of the ordinance."

"The city ordinance, among other things, requires each theater to employ a fireman, to be approved by the chief of the fire department, to look after the fire protection of the house. I am advised by the chief that several theaters have refused to comply with the provision of the ordinance. In view of this terrible disaster at the Iroquois, and pending action of the city council, I have directed the chief of the fire department to assign one regular member of the department to each theater now complying with the ordinance relating to the employment of a fireman. The firemen now employed by the theaters should be assigned to the front of the house, while the fireman assigned by the chief should be assigned to the stage. I have further directed the chief, in cases where the ordinance has not been obeyed, to assign two regular firemen to the duty of protecting the public against fire. The wages of these firemen will be billed direct to the theaters to which they are assigned, and the council has finally acted upon the ordinance."

After dispatching this letter the mayor said: "If any one of the theatrical managers refuses to pay the wages of these men as set forth in the ordinance, I will close the doors of the theaters and keep them closed until they agree to act as they should."

All during the day telegrams of sympathy to Chicago and offers of aid poured in upon the mayor. He announced last night: "I have received many offers of aid. It may be that before we get through this, a few persons will be found to have been put to need, but Chicago will be able to give that

aid herself. Most of those killed and injured, now identified, can be abundantly cared for."

Among the telegrams of condolence received from abroad by the mayor were the following:

"Berlin. Mayor Harrison:—Wish to express deepest sympathy on account of the catastrophe at Iroquois theater. Please let me know of the missing and if some of my acquaintances were among them. What a terrible beginning of New Year many good citizens of Chicago will have."

From E. S. Willard, the actor of London, was received:

"Deepest sympathy with citizens mourning."

A message of condolence was also received from Mayor Collins of Boston and from dozens of the chief executives of cities between St. Louis and New York.

In addition to his proclamation issued during the afternoon suggesting that the usual New Year's festivities be abandoned, Mayor Harrison last night made the announcement that all departments of the city hall will be closed Saturday, January 2, on account of the calamity at the Iroquois theater. He made the request that all business houses throughout the city also close on that day.

On every side arriving in Chicago during the morning came relatives of persons who were thought to have been killed or injured in the fire. The bodies of the deceased were taken to the morgue late in the evening after a fruitless search for their loved ones, or after finding a charred and disfigured body lying in the morgue all that remained of the relative or friend for whom they had searched.

Postmaster F. A. Freer of Galeburg, Ills., arrived early in the morning in response to a telegram received from friends here saying that his wife and daughter were among the missing. Mr. Freer and Miss Freer came to Chicago Wednesday expressly to attend

"WEISS BEER"

What it is:

Brewed like old English service but tastes some like ale, snappy and lighter in body. Brewed of the finest malt and hops.

Try it.

WEISS BEER

the play at the Iroquois theater. Since their arrival in the city Mr. Freer has had no news of her. He made inquiries of the police and spent the entire day examining bodies in the morgue. Many of the corpses bore a resemblance to his wife and daughter and many more were clothed in dresses similar to those for which he was looking, but after investigating every clue and examining every body in the morgues he returned to his hotel heartbroken and in despair of finding his family.

Mrs. B. L. Stoddard, of Minnoka, Ill., lay all morning at the Auditorium Annex in a semi-unconscious condition, grieving over the loss of her daughter, Grace, and Donald, a six-year-old son. Mrs. Stoddard purchased tickets for herself, daughter and son, for the matinee, but after home indisposed and did not attend the performance. Her son and daughter went and both were burned to death.

Coroner Traeger last night conducted a formal inquest into the cause of the fire. His first witnesses were William Sellers, the fireman employed at the theater. Sellers did not know just how the fire began but he saw the flames after it broke out. He threw extinguishers on the blaze, but without effect. He tried to pull down the drop curtain or to tear loose that portion of it which was blazing but without success. The fire then spread rapidly and he was unable to do more. Other witnesses were examined and after they had been heard the coroner asked Attorney A. A. Heek, who was present, said: "It seems agreed the asbestos curtain was dropped but it went only to within ten or fifteen feet of the stage floor. People on the stage opened the door leading from the stage into the street on the west side of the theater and this created a strong draft. The draft blew the curtain out toward the audience. This held the curtain so tightly that all attempts to lower it further were fruitless. Attempts were made by numerous persons to pull the curtain down by hand but without success. From all the information we have been able to gather thus far it seems to me as though the fault in creating a panic which threw the audience into a panic by forcing the flames out over their heads was due far more to the action of the theatrical people in opening the door in front. The management of the theater I believe claims that it was the action of the audience that made the draft which was the primary cause of the disaster. I may be wrong but from the evidence now at hand, I think it will be shown that it was the action of the stage hands or members of the company instead of anything done by the audience in its attempt to escape."

There have been many reports, however unauthenticated, that the passageways of the theater were blocked by a crowd of people.

The capacity of the theater is: First floor, 700; first balcony, 450; second balcony, 450; total, 1600.

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Mr. Davis said he had not seen Mr. Newman, who alone of the theater employees knew the number of persons admitted.

"I do not credit the statement," said Mr. Davis, "ascribed to one of the ushers, that as many as 100 people were standing in the rear of the seats. On Wednesday afternoon, after the fire, however, several of the ushers declared 600 were in the theater, which seats but 1615. Among those in the theater were three prominent society women of Kenosha, the most aristocratic portion of the South Side. They were Miss Cullen, Miss Baker and Miss Bagley, personal friends and debutantes of the present social season. All are supposed to have perished, although at a late hour last night definite news had been received of the fate of but one. Relatives and friends of Miss Bagley and Miss Baker searched persistently through the undertaking establishments and morgues all day, but at midnight had not received any news of the missing girls."

It was practically decided last night that a public memorial meeting for the victims of the theater disaster will be held next week to afford opportunity for expressions of sympathy and to raise money to defray the expenses of the funeral and to perform the last rites over the bodies that cannot be identified.

The newspapers last night were deluged by announcements from ladies and secretaries of social aid societies announcing the cancelling of invitations of all festive events. Mourning will be observed throughout the length and breadth of this city the coming week, not a private or public reception of any kind will be held.

The Van Ingen family had seats in the parquette. When the cry of fire was raised Mr. Van Ingen took charge of his wife and two boys took hold of the two younger girls, leaving Grace Van Ingen, as she was the eldest, to look out for herself, and all tried to make their way out of the burning building. The father and mother escaped, but the children were caught in the flames and five of them perished.

Only one son is left to the Van Ingen family, Schuyler, who was engaged in business in Chicago. His sad duty was to seek the bodies of his brothers and sisters during the long hours of Wednesday night and Thursday.

Notice.

The regular annual meeting of the shareholders of The American Exchange Bank of Duluth, Minn., will be held at their banking rooms in the Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn., on Wednesday, 12th January, 1904, at 7 o'clock p. m.

JAMES C. HUSTON, Cashier.

DRINK {The best costs no more than this}

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITZGER'S BEER at the **IDEAL BEER HALL.**

HARNESS
And All Horse Goods
Duluth, Minn. Always at
PANTON & WHITE CO.'S

EDWARD HELPERIN, Mgr. Duluth Store—109 W. Superior St.

[illegible]

The Latest Fashion Fancies

Broadcloth and Sable FOR FASHION'S COATS AND CLOAKS.

Loose flowing draperies
with tailor finish for car-
riage and theatre wraps.



Broadcloth and Fur Walking Gown.

Combinations of broadcloth and fur are at-
taining popularity. This year there
are many different qualities of broadcloth,
as well as new varieties of fur, that one is
able to secure entirely different effects from
anything that has yet been seen.

All colors, with varying shades of each,
are in favor, making it a matter of some
careful study to choose what is most ef-
fective.

Purples, blues, greens, browns, all rang-
ing from the darkest to the lightest tones,
are trimmed with narrow or wide bands of
sable, chinchilla and mink, or are of the
never furs now enjoying fashion's favor.

Cloth wraps, trimmed with fur, possess
a more distinctive air than do the cos-
tumes, and those to be seen in widely
differing models. At first glance
wraps appear to be quite shapeless, but in
reality they are most carefully fitted, and
their graceful folds are the result of perfect
tailoring.

Medium length wraps, made of white or
very light cloth, and trimmed with bands
of sable on their lined edges, are
smart and rather newer than the long
wraps made on precisely the same lines.
This length is really better for carriage
and theatre wear than it is for evening.
The various lengths are the distinctive
marks between coats for afternoon and
those designed for evening wear. Even-
ing coats are ridiculously long, so that
they trail on the ground, but then the idea
is to have them entirely cover the gown
over which they are worn.

Dark Evening Gowns.
Evening wraps are elaborate this season,
and are made of the most costly ma-
terials. At first it seems rather strange
now that it is fashionable to wear dark col-
ors in evening gowns, to be that dark
wraps are entirely out of fashion, never-
theless, it is unusual to see a coat darker
than the lightest blue or buff color.

Bright red wraps are an exception to this
rule. Some of these brilliant wraps are
made of accordion pleated red broadcloth,
and so cut that they possess a lot of in-
distinguishability.

Now that expense does not count in the

feminine wardrobe, it does not seem at
all incongruous to wear a broadcloth coat
with chiffon and lace, although it would
seem as though the fabric itself were
handsome enough without additional orna-
mentation.

A long coat, rather shapeless yet graceful
in its lines, is completely covered with
ruffles of accordion pleated chiffon. Each
ruffle, or rather flounce, for they are deep
for ruffles, is lined with a band of sable,
while down the front of the coat fall
jabots of fine lace edged with sable. There
is a deep cape and a hood lined with chiffon
and trimmed with lace and a band of sable.

The combination of the three materials—the
lace, the chiffon and the cloth—is invari-
ably becoming and very smart.

This same coat is copied in pale pink and
pale blue and the chiffon and lace are dyed
to match the cloth, so that the touch of sable
forms a pretty contrast with the pink.

White sable is undoubtedly the best fur
to use on evening wraps. It is possible to
put less expensive fur on the same wrap
and have it look exceedingly well. Chinchilla
looks well on the very pale gray wraps
and on pale blue.

Minkskin combines the becoming with the
unsatisfactory; so badly does it wear that
it is used mostly in bands. This fur is es-
pecially effective on white, blue, pink, yellow,
gray and, best of all, on a very light
shade of its own color.

White continues to be a favorite fur
for evening wraps and was never more
fashionable than it is at present. It is
put on in bands, revers, collars and cuffs, or
is used in facing the fronts. On account of
the ease for combining all sorts of materials
it is often seen on a coat that is trimmed with
sable or some other fur.

Indeed, there never was a time when such
a variety of fabrics were put on one garment
in the way of trimmings and linings.

Squirrel Linings.
A fur lining is very delightful in an evening
wrap and is liked for carriage wraps.
Here squirrel comes to the fore. This fur
did not prove popular for unlined coats,
although it is by no means out of fashion.

A heavy jet and velvet passementerie or
braided put on Persian lamb looks a little as
though one had tried to do over the fur,
yet this novel trimming allows to advan-
tage, and the glossy lustre of the fur as
seen through the openings of the passe-
menterie is rendered more effective by con-
trast with the trimming.

Cut Velvet Trimming.
At the moment there are more short coats
than long ones being made up, and one very
charming fashion has the straight fronts
of fur outlined with cut work of velvet
outlined with jet; the pattern is a very open
one, and the bands are of a long hugh shape
and the cut jet. These bands of velvet and
fur are used on the black cloth costumes
and on dark green, dark red and even on
brown, although it must be confessed that it
is better to use brown fur with brown cloth
than to attempt a combination with black.

Several times we have spoken of the
number of patterns in fancy brands of pas-
sementerie edged with fur that are to be
found in the shops. In the passementerie
is seen just a touch of color, either bright
red or pale yellow. On brown or red
coats this is one of the best trimmings
that can be used, and the fur should be of
mink, when it cannot be of sable, although,
of course, nowadays, nobody who is anybody
ever wears mink while there is sable in the
market.

Chinchilla, when headed with the cutout
work of velvet, showing an embroidery of
trimmings that has ever been designed
and looks well on all shades of gray.
Then there are the heavy white laces, em-
broided with jet or steel and edged with
fur that are used for trimming broadcloth.

Altogether it would seem as though the
popular fancy for this winter had settled
upon broadcloth as a material, combining
the beautiful and offering more possibili-
ties for ornamentation and elaboration than
any other fabric.

with each other in point of beauty, and all
are designed with that special knowledge
and adaptability so desirable and neces-
sary. Some rain coats are made so elabo-
rate as to serve for either day or evening
wear. The new process by which the flim-
est materials can be made water proof
stretches the manufacturers of these garments
and accessories a large and varied assort-
ment of materials from which to choose.

So many of the coats and jackets are made
without collars that stoles and cravats are
generally worn. These furs are not only
necessary, but very fashionable.

The tendency is strongly toward military
effects in the separate rain coats, and one
could scarcely conceive of anything more
appropriate than an entirely rainproof mil-
itary costume.

Etan Jackets.
Although the strictly tailored walking
suits are very popular, the dressier mod-
els are commanding considerable atten-
tion. Some of these have both skirt and
coat elaborately braided, while others have
plain skirts, with handsomely trimmed
coats. A smart little suit of dark blue che-
viot had a white kid vest cleverly introduced;
tiny brass buttons were the only other trim-
ming.

As if there were not enough styles to
choose from in the 22 to 40-inch coats, some
clever designers are bringing forth the fitted
coat, with elaborately trimmed neck and
sleeves. Braids of all kinds are used for
this trimming, and the Oriental embroi-
deries, with an introduction of gold, often
form the collars and cuffs.

Siberian blue and "Taka" red are among
the newest shades, but it can hardly be ex-
pected that these shades will rival in pop-
ularity the golden browns and ash grays,
which have the advantage of being becoming
and suitable to all ages.

The Rain Veil.
With every season cotton veils seem to
grow more popular, and at a time when
it was thought the veil with flowing ends
had outlived its beauty there was intro-
duced the four yard cotton veil, which
shows a circle of wire on the crown of the

Rainproof Veils, Gloves, Hats and Gowns for Milady.

Dress is always an interesting theme to
discuss upon, but only after such severe
storms as those of recent date do we realize
how necessary it is for every woman to be
equipped with a thoroughly rainproof cos-
tume. From the practical side it is impos-
sible to find anything more becoming in a
tailored suit than this little costume
which is made of rubber-lack silk cloth in
the gun metal shade. The nine eared skirt

and short jacket are of the latest approved
model.

The rain coats in three-quarter and full
lengths are shown in great variety, and cer-
tainly these garments would seem to be
equally adapted to all ages.



The New Rain and Snow Costume. Narrow and Powder Puff Concealed in the Umbrella. Handle.

Smiles and Tears.

Through her tears my darling's smiling,
And the world is bright again.
As, when maddened hearts beguiling,
Breaks the sunlight through the rain;
To her lashes still are clinging
Crystal, quivering with her sighs,
Golden darts of sunshine flinging
From the rainbow of her eyes.

All the days cannot be rainless;
Smiles cannot be always clear.
Darling's life cannot be painless—
Sorrow's lurking somewhere near.
But since tears must come to sadden,
Bringing with them bitter sighs,
May the smiles that follow gladden
In the rainbow of her eyes!



Carriage coat of Broadcloth and Sable.

hat, to which the veil is shired. This veil
covers the face, then crosses in the back
and is most becomingly knotted at the
left side, forming a loose, careless posette,
with the ends flowing. It is made in a great
variety of shades. The palest hat is given
a most picturesque effect when worn with
this veil.

A showerproof or rain veil is the latest
novelty, having many good points which
should recommend it to every woman. It
is pretty, becoming and practically affords
protection to a hat from rain or dust, is
easily adjusted, and when not in use can
be folded in a small case the size of a pocket-
book.

A Practical Glove.
A great problem has been solved in the
manufacture of this rainproof or spot-
proof glove, which is soft and pliable as
the finest kid, but through chemical treat-
ment has been made impervious to the ele-
ments. These gloves, when soiled, can be
washed and after drying stretched, when
they will be as fresh, clean and soft as be-
fore. Considering how many times we dis-
card gloves because they are soiled, these
gloves should certainly prove a great saving
for both dress and general wear.

High Boots Favored.
For rubber shoes with the high storm
front there is always a great demand. Al-
though the high boot is the only shoe giv-
ing entire protection, the popular height is
not more than 10 inches. These shoes can
be had in black or tan Russian calf at prices
which will assure their success. The light-
est weight sandals are generally used for
evening wear.

For Milady's Toilet.
The variety of umbrellas handles is con-
stantly increasing, and there is no end to
the new and pretty novelties. One attract-
ing unusual attention is in the form of a
unique little powder box, with a mirror in
the top; at other times this receptacle is used
for a change purse. The handle is of porce-
lain, with a miniature painting for decora-
tion. Natural wood handles also seem to be
favored at present. These are often metal
rimmed or studded with jewels.

SPINNING WHEELS IN USE.

The old looms and spinning wheels of
plantation days are now having their tun-
ings, and some of wonderful beauty and ef-
fect are reproduced. Rugs and portieres
made from "carpet rags" are stunning and
are greatly sought by the artists for studio
furnishings, as their color effects are par-
ticularly desirable.

It is a very easy task to prepare these
rugs, and there are still places where it is
possible to hire the weaving done. Per-
tines woven from silk rags are very hand-
some, and this seems such a sensible dis-
position to make of cast-off silk clothing
and ribbons. Even though the "carpet rag
weavings" and "quilling looms" are classed
among the dissipations of the past, among
the little things that add luxuriously to
the garnish of the sitting-room is the de-
corative and alluring sofa pillow.

There is a beautifully artistic design for
a cover worked out in colored grasses on a
green background. The materials for this,
including design, can be bought for a mere
song, and any one who can thread a needle
can make it. The result is very gratify-
ing, and this cover will stand out among
many of far greater cost.

There are also the embroidered tap-
estries, very modern and very highly col-
ored. The effects are good in the main,
though the less pretentious cross stitch de-
signs on canvas for table covers, pillow cov-
ers, etc., are really prettier.

A novel and dainty little picture frame
has a delicate flowing design made entirely
of narrow ribbon applied on silk. This is
prettier than embroidery, and suggests a
daintiness and delicacy that can never be
produced in embroidered designs. This ribbon
work can be carried out in cover for
rich with good effect.

TEA, CHINESE FASHION.

The studio of Miss Mary Katherine Wright
is as quiet in the social life of New York's
artistic circles for the tea which is served
there as it is from a professional standpoint,
for the marvelous roses in water color, of
which she makes a specialty, most women
who are treated to a cup of Miss Wright's
tea acknowledge that it is as much a mys-
tery to them as it is delicious. Never have
they tasted any like it elsewhere. But
one afternoon recently a missionary from
China and his wife called at the studio,
and so soon as they slipped the be-
verage, which was handed them in dainty
cup of blue and white china, than their faces
glowed with enthusiasm.

"Chinese tea at last!" they exclaimed. "It
is the first time we have tasted it since we
returned to America."

"The peculiar part of it is," Miss Wright
says, "I hadn't the least idea that I was
making tea in the Chinese way. I thought
it was one I had discovered all by myself.
No, I never learned it anywhere. Old fash-
ioned ways of brewing and serving the
cups that cheer never satisfied me, and I
have simply experimented for years, trying
first one thing and then another, until I at-
tained at my present method, and I find that
every one else seems to like it as much as
I do."

Miss Wright makes no secret of the way

in which she brews her tea. "There is no
reason why it should be a mystery to any
one," she says. "The flavor is the thing
of first importance. I find that the de-
licious, aromatic flavor which every one re-
marks in my tea can only be obtained by mix-
ing together six fine brands of tea, such as
English breakfast, Japan, young hyson,
oolong, gunpowder and orange flower, using
equal parts of each. I always watch my
grocer mix my tea for me, to see that he
portions it out carefully."

"In preparing the tea I first cut a lemon
into very thin slices, taking one slice for
each cup. These I drop into an earthen
covered jar, together with an equal num-
ber of level teaspoonfuls of sugar. To this
I add the tea, allowing from a quarter to
a half teaspoonful for a cup. Then I mix
and mash the lemon, sugar and tea up all
together with a spoon, and let them stand
for half an hour, after which I pour on the
water, taking care to have it boiling at the
time. I let it steep for just two minutes,
and then drain it off into a china teapot, and
serve at once, putting a thin slice of lemon
in each cup. The sugar placed with the tea
in the beginning usually proves sufficient,
but I always place a lump of sugar on each
saucer, in case any one should desire ad-
ditional sweetening."

DEFECTIVE PAGE

her of such a suit of furniture, the county is paid \$1 a week for her care. Meals are served to her in her room. This rate her fortune will keep her comfortable circumstances the remainder of her life.

Mr. Smith says she married a scoundrel before she became a convict charge and he made her pay \$200 a month. She is a victim of epilepsy and needs an attendant. She spends a part her time reading papers and magazines which are given to her by people called to see her.

Her guardian and his attorney will leave for New York to get her share of the estate of her uncle, William M. who recently died intestate.

Five cents.

Celanese

The
Only 5c Cigar
So Good That A
Million Men Smoke
It Every Day
Largest Seller in the World.

The Band is the
Smoker's Protection.

PHARAOH'S TRICK

Moves a Big Bridge Draw
In Newark, New
Jersey.

Great Triumph For Engineer Bush and His Assistants.

New York, Jan. 1.—With as great ease as apparently a party of city officials demonstrated the completed Williamsburg bridge, engineers of the Lackawanna railroad moved a 1400-ton draw of a bridge over the Passaic, in Newark, a distance of thirty-five feet, and then lowered it 10½ feet into its proper position for a new track. Traffic over the road was interrupted for no more than sixteen hours, while the actual moving of the bridge was effected in less than eight.

To Lincoln Bush, the chief engineer of the road, belongs the credit for the conception and elaboration of several unique engineering devices that were used in this work. Although it has been suggested they must have been used by the Pharaohs in the building of their pyramids, certainly they are not recorded in any more recent text books.

In the making of the solid structure from its original foundations by means of screws floated under it at low tide, a fairly familiar use was made of hydrostatics.

The novelty of Mr. Bush's scheme lay in his device of carrying the bridge on huge pistons, which run down into the massive wooden cylinders, filled with sand till it supported the bases of the pistons. When the screws bearing the bridge had been warped into the desired position, the sand was permitted to run out from these cylinders, and the pistons, sinking in telescopic fashion, settled down till the draw rested on its pivot base.

That the whole task was accomplished without the slightest hitch was evidenced by scores of cheers which greeted the rain and the cold hours as a great triumph for Bush and his assistants.

The question of the lines presented one of the first and most serious difficulties. The bridge, which had been in the various made by engineers of the Lackawanna established the inconvenient fact that many of the lines of the bridge at this point in the river actually failed to fall as low as the mean, while in some cases they fell as much as three feet below it. On the other hand, many high tides, to which the engineers wished to raise the bridge, shown no rise at all. In official language, the minimum variation between high and low tide was found to be nothing, while the maximum was as great as seven feet.

Four screws were used, each 2½ feet wide, 108 feet long and 9 feet 8 inches deep. Across the lower end of each screw, huge sand boxes were placed, 1 foot high, with inside dimensions of 4 feet 1 inch in breadth and 24 feet in length. Each pair of screws acted as a single unit, being fastened together by the sand boxes and by means of sheer blocks and rollers, resting on the tops and bottoms of the screws together.

The sand boxes, which in reality were designed to serve as huge cylinders, were made of timbers one foot square, and further braced by other timbers of the same size supporting them on every side. They were filled to within seven inches of the top with fine dry sand.

van Houten's
Cocoa

For Breakfast, Luncheon, or Supper,
the Unequalled Beverage.

Best & Goes Farthest

MARRIAGES OF YEAR

Total Number of Licenses
Issued In County
Was 1284.

Statistics of Interest In
This Connection—Naturalization Figures.

During the year that closed today the county of St. Louis has issued, from the office of the clerk of the district court, or his range deputies, 1284 marriage licenses. If a wedding followed in case of each license issued, which the county officials had it is pretty safe to presume, 1284 marriages took place within the county in 1903.

From the number of licenses the county would have received a total revenue of \$2568 had all the licenses been issued and as the office of the clerk of the district court, but as 523 of them were issued by range deputies the revenue would have been \$1211.50, which is \$2 on each license. The county has really received \$2093 of the total amount paid and the deputies have been paid \$523.

Outside of Duluth, the city of Hibbing seems to have the lead on the marriage license business, 138 having been issued at that point by Deputy Clerk Clark last year. Deputy Clerk James, of Virginia, and Deputy Clerk Helps, of Eveleth, have finished close to the top, having issued 111 and 109 licenses respectively.

The number of towns were as follows: Soudan, 49; Hibbing, 8; Ely, 66; Chisholm, 33; Sparta, 20.

Another source of revenue to the county through the fees received for naturalization papers. Under the state law the county collects \$1 for each paper issued and as the total receipts over the county have been 1153 this year, the total number of first citizenship papers have been 1153.

Of the naturalization fee the range deputies are authorized to retain 50 cents so that the county has been paid in fees \$273 from the 546 papers issued by the range deputies, while the 607 first citizenship papers issued in Duluth have been paid to the county a fair state of Duluth, the city of Hibbing also leads in the number of naturalization papers, the total for the year being 20. Eveleth comes next with 104 licenses while the other range deputies make the following totals: Soudan, 27; Virginia, 20; Hibbing, 15; Eveleth, 104; Ely, 74; Chisholm, 21; Sparta, 23.

On which rested the pistons, themselves made of giant timbers, clapped together into a mass that fitted the inside of the sand boxes with only half an inch to spare all round. It was four feet wide, that the bridge itself rested. All traffic had been closed over the bridge at 2 o'clock in the morning, and at 6 o'clock the screws had been floated into their proper position under it. An hour and a half later the bridge gently rose from its bed, and by 8 the screws had been hauled thirty-five feet up stream and moored securely on either side of the new stone pier on which it was to revolve in its changed quarters. The tide, as it happened, proved normal, thus aiding exactly for the estimated drop of ten and a half feet, and when all was made fast, just while the tide was at its flood, the work of emptying the sand boxes was begun.

Three horizontal lines of holes, two inches in diameter, had been bored in the bottom of the boxes of sand, since the danger most feared was that of the sand falling to run freely, thus causing a hollow arch in the boxes, the collapse of which would inevitably strain the bridge, if it did not actually ruin the undertaking.

No such misfortune occurred, however.

THE PINHOLES GAVE A CLUE

To Theft of \$5,200 Government Money During Shipment.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 1.—If pinholes in a paper binding put around a package of bank bills prove a winning clue in the mysterious disappearance of \$5200 from a package sent from the office of the collector of the port of Buffalo to the United States subtreasury in New York, the package leaving Buffalo on Saturday, Sept. 9, one of the sleekest little bits of detective work will have scored a victory.

The package was supposed to contain \$2000 when it was sealed up in the office of the collector of the port in this city. It arrived at the subtreasury in New York, unbroken, but short \$5200.

In an effort to have the courts decide whether the missing sum should be made good by the collector of the port of Buffalo or the subtreasurer of New York, the government has instituted proceedings against Capt. Brendel and his bondsmen to collect this sum.

The secret service men and other professional detectives of the money must have been extracted from the package at Buffalo or after delivery in New York, and not in transit.

As soon as Collector Brendel was notified of the theft, he directed that the paper binding which had returned to him for inspection. That was done, and this bit of paper will undoubtedly prove a most important factor in the trial. In fact, Capt. Brendel is confident that this bit of paper will exonerate the employees from the office.

Bills of the same denomination as those missing were put in a package with the same number of bills found in the package when it was turned over to the head of the subtreasury in New York. The binding was put around the package and the creases in the binding fitted exactly where they followed over the bills. Capt. Brendel also discovered the pinholes were found fitted exactly, which was a most important factor in the trial.

The binding was put around a package of bills such as is claimed to have been received in New York. The binding did not fit at the creases and the bills would not fit into the pinholes.

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Karo
CORN SYRUP
the new table delicacy
pleases the palate and
stimulates the stomach.
Delicious and nutritious.
At all grocers,
10c, 25c and 50c.
CORN PRODUCTS CO.,
New York and Chicago.

which is one and one-half miles from Mansfield. A domestic famine two years ago, when the girls developed a craze to work in factories rather than kitchens, first led Mrs. Grimes to take up the work. She called into requisition a patent bucket invented by a New Haven, Conn., man, but upon which she has since put many improvements, which she has patented. It is about three feet high and made of galvanized iron of double thickness, a substance similar to Fuller's earth, after which an aluminum shell is placed in the cylinder, the cement, its base resting on a soapstone heater incased in zinc.

There are five pans, as well as a nickel soap dish, all placed in a wire layer rack inside the aluminum case, and all is covered by a copper-lined close lid. Except in cases of special orders, the customers do not know what they will receive, save that it will be a three-course meal.

One bucket contains sufficient for four persons and costs \$1. Mrs. Myers is the only woman in the United States to do the work on an extensive scale. It has also been taken up in Minneapolis and St. George, Calumet, or this city, intends to take it up.

RECTOR OF ST. LUKE'S
Ashburnham, Ontario, Testifies to the Good Qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Ashburnham, Jan. 18, 1904.—I think it is only right that I should tell what a great benefit Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has produced. The day before Easter I was so distressed with a cold and cough that I did not think I was able to take any duties the next day. My wife was almost choked by the cough. The same day I received an order from you for a bottle of your Cough Remedy. I at once procured a sample bottle and took about three doses of the medicine. It gave me great relief, the cough and cold had completely disappeared and I was able to take my duties on Easter day. I know that this rapid and effective cure was due to your kind remedy. I make this testimonial without solicitation, being thankful to have found such a God-send remedy. Respectfully yours,

W. LANGFELDT, M. A.,
Rector of St. Luke's Church.
This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

A TOMAHAWK
IN OAK LOG

Curio of Gen. Stack's
Campaign Against
the Indians.

Chester, Vt., Jan. 1.—Charles North, who lives on the "Summit," was saving up an oak log in the woods near his place a few days ago when the steel teeth came in contact with metal.

The log had been felled by a hunter before North abandoned the saw and resorted to the axe, after ten minutes of hard labor, he disclosed the fact that a full view of the station to which she made her perilous journey twenty-two years ago.

A little more cutting and the hatchet fell out, and proved to be an Indian tomahawk, covered by rust and decay.

North could see traces of an inscription on the blade, and carefully examined the rusted surface.

The name, "Peter Snow" was visible on the blade and had joined the handle and a little in front of this was "Gen. Starks Army, 1777."

There were other words that could not be made out, and then the words, "white squaw." A rough sketch of a woman was scratched on the reverse side of the blade, and below that two eagle feathers.

His later work in the battle of Bennington. Many curiosities have been found near the battle ground, and it is not unlikely that one of the soldiers' camped for two months near Lowell, a short distance from where the tomahawk was found.

He later took part in the battle of Bennington. Many curiosities have been found near the battle ground, and it is not unlikely that one of the soldiers' camped for two months near Lowell, a short distance from where the tomahawk was found.

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HEROINE'S JOB

Brave Kate Shelley Made
a Station Agent in
Iowa.

Saved a Train and Two
Hundred People from
Destruction.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 1.—Brave Kate Shelley, whose name is known to every boy and girl in the state of Iowa, and who is their idolized heroine, has been appointed station agent of the Chicago & Northwestern railway at Moline, Mo.

The appointment was at her own request, and was made gladly by the great corporation. Much of her knowledge of the railway was gained from the most courageous little woman in the country.

The debt and the story of how it was incurred dates back nearly a quarter century, but it never has been forgotten. Kate Shelley was 15 years old in July, 1881. Her father was a section foreman on the railroad.

One night, the 6th of the Des Moines river overflowed its banks, and eleven of twenty-one bridges in the Des Moines valley, between Boone and Moline, were torn from their anchorages by the flood.

The fierceness of the storm caused the girl to become alarmed for her father's safety. He was out on the line inspecting the tracks, and, despite her mother's warning, she started out in search of him.

She had just faced the gale when an observation engine crashed through a trestle near the Shelley home and plunged into the bayou beneath. Four of the crew were drowned and two injured.

After doing what she could for the survivors, Kate, realizing the peril of incoming passenger trains, performed the feat which made her the heroine she is acknowledged to be.

By a devious path she made her way across the bayou, plunging through the treacherous morass, sometimes half-choked, until she gained the opposite bank, with her clothing torn to tatters.

Then, with strength that seemed superhuman, she began a four-mile journey, which involved the crossing of a swollen ravine and heading in the wind. The lantern she carried was extinguished.

Passing on in the darkness, crawling on hands and knees, keeping her course by the lightning's flashes, she managed to reach the Moline station just as a train carrying 200 passengers was getting under way to whirl to death in destruction.

Gasping out her warning, Kate fell in a faint. The train was saved and with it 200 lives.

The railroad recognized the girl's act. She was rewarded with a gold medal, a life pass, and the passengers made up a fund of \$1000 for her education.

She was a few days away from home. The state legislature appointed her to a lucrative position. North abandoned the saw and resorted to the axe, after ten minutes of hard labor, he disclosed the fact that a full view of the station to which she made her perilous journey twenty-two years ago.

A little more cutting and the hatchet fell out, and proved to be an Indian tomahawk, covered by rust and decay.

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The Most Skillful
Match Maker

could never
surpass the excellence of

SEARCH LIGHT
MATCH

Every match a perfect light
that burns a full half minute

A valuable coupon in every box
Ask your grocer

THE DIAMOND MATCH CO.

TERMINAL PLANS

Of the New York Central
At New York
City.

Twelve Million Dollar
Order For Electrical
Equipment Given.

New York, Jan. 1.—An order for electric equipment to cost \$12,000,000 has been given as the first step in the execution of a complete rehabilitation of the terminal facilities and the entire suburban traffic of the New York Central railroad. The improvement is one of the most notable ever undertaken by any railroad.

One direct result of this will be to render the tunnel through which the road enters New York City comparatively safe, thus preventing the recurrence of such a horror as that which resulted in many deaths a year or so ago. The only excuse advanced in that and similar cases was that the engineer could not see signals because of the smoke that filled the tunnel.

The cost to the road of this system is believed to amount to approximately a million dollars.

With the huge electric motors that are designed to haul the heaviest of trains at a contract speed of 60 miles an hour there will be no cause for clouding the underground portion of the road. It is explained that in making the motors capable of such high speeds the object is to build them uniform with others that are to follow, and is believed, to supplement steam locomotives over the entire suburban system, and possibly to lines that run to greater distances.

An incident to the installation of the plant a power house of immense capacity is required. This will be built on the Bronx, near the Morrisania station of the road, and will be the most powerful electric supply generator in this country. It will be required to produce constantly a current that will supply at least 60,000 horse power.

The "yard" traction system, the order for generators, which are to be of a singularity compact type, is the largest ever placed.

A contract has been made with the General Electric company for 26 motors of the type, the construction of which will be shared in part by the American Locomotive Co's works at Schenectady.

Professor Gunkel is raising money for an expedition to the Sierrita peninsula to locate the mountain and prove his theory.

AMLSHOUSE INMATE
Who Inherits Money Receives
Many Proposals.

Rome, N. Y., Jan. 1.—Anna Amelia Miller Garrison, the inmate of the Onondaga county almshouse who has had several thousand dollars in her name for some time, has just now come into possession of an additional legacy of \$6000, and still she clings to the position.

Since the announcement was made in the local papers last week that Mrs. Garrison had fallen heir to more wealth, she has received numerous marriage proposals. Professor Gunkel is raising money for an expedition to the Sierrita peninsula to locate the mountain and prove his theory.

A Post-Dispatch correspondent found in her private room at the county institution this evening, though now 59 years of age, a child in intellect and does not appreciate the fact that she now possesses money in her own right, some \$12,000.

"I have everything I want," she said, "for I have everything I want. Mr. Miller, my former superintendent of the poor, now my guardian, has been everything I need. I have been here so long it is like home to me."

She is now on her seventeenth year as an inmate, having come from New York City in 1871. It became known about 1878 that she had an heir, and the years ago that she was an heiress she had been accorded the same treatment as regular inmates. Now she has a room, a woman to wait on her, and has a full suit of furniture. The inmates have an interview with her.

Mr. Smith says she married a seafaring man before she became a county inmate, and that she was a widow. Because she is a victim of senility she needs an attendant. She has a room, a woman to wait on her, and has a full suit of furniture. The inmates have an interview with her.

It is these things that made the problem of changing the motive power of the New York Central yard is as big as some railroads. It includes all the tracks from a point north of Port Morris and Morrisania to the last bumper on the inside of the immense train shed at the Grand Central station. It is greater than many railroads in itself, owing to the tremendous jam of traffic that it carries continuously day and night and the intricate network of tracks, switches and sidings that are crowded into a comparatively small space along the route.

Then there are the freight depots, the roundhouse and numerous other buildings, where demand special facilities of trackage for the handling of cargoes and of engines.

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OSCAR WAS SLICK

His Wheat Deal Showed All the Marks of Genius.

He Was Not Appreciated By An Unfeeling Employer.

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Stocks, Grain, Provisions

Buy and sold for cash or carried on reasonable
margins, upon which a commission will be charged
of $\frac{1}{4}$ on grain, $\frac{1}{2}$ on stocks and $\frac{1}{4}$ on flax.

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cipher—mailed free.

Ship Your Grain to Us

Prompt Returns, Best Facilities,
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Branch Office:
Room A Torrey Bldg. Phones 1199.
310 Board of Trade, Duluth.
MINNEAPOLIS. WINNIPEG

HORSE STALKS QUAIL.

"I was at one of those queer little country stores in Southern Kansas," said a New York man, "and a native came in with a large load of quail on a horse wagon load, in which there must have been 500 of the little game birds. Coming from the East, where a quail sportsman a sufficient reward for a hard and searching day's hunt, I was naturally curious to know what the native thought of that, and told the native so."

"Yes?" said he. "Oh, them ain't no many when you come to think that I have seen a lot of 'em. They are a good deal together. Quail is gettin' powerful scarce, for some reason or other."

"But this lot wasn't got by even one week's hunting. They weren't got by one day's hunting."

shot on one of those birds. "That man who sold them to me is a solid and reputable fellow. He says I can't find any more in the world is the reason quail are getting so scarce, and he honestly believes what he says. There are hundreds of men just like him all over the country, growing scarcity of quail in Southern Kansas and wonder what can be the reason."

Five years ago a man like this one didn't think anything at all of going out and getting 200 or 300 quail a day. I didn't have any of his bird dogs in western Kansas any more. I had a few, but that horse he had to his wagon was perhaps the best quail stalking horse in Southern Kansas. He stalked the most of the quail that I ever shot. I bought his owner, and I'll bet on it.

"When he goes after quail he takes

net under his arm, mounds his shoulders with his hands, and, with a few strokes of the hand, draws the net over his head. The net is then drawn taut for the work, sides to the ground, and the bird is then ready. The birds do have located a covey of quail, which they are without doubt about to capture. The bird comes to a stand the quarter of a mile, and then the hunter, who has gathered easily calculates the spot where the birds are, and then he takes the net and goes up his dogs.

When the dogs find the most favorable ground for his purpose, he sets his trap. This trap is a semi-circular net, from three to four feet in diameter, and is closed at the ends, and it is kept in form by light wire arches, which are placed at the ends of the net. The flat side of the net is placed at the end of the dog's run, and is drawn to its full length. Then from each side of it a wing net is extended from the extremities are four feet apart, the wings are drawn to the ends of the net, and the three-sided inclosure, with a wide opening at the end of the dog's run.

When the dogs are attracted to the trap, the hunter fixes the trap in the main net about midway of its length, a clump of grass is placed at the end of the net, and the mouth of the wing nets, likewise, is placed in the main net.

The trapper then remounts his horse which is trained to do the staking of a trap line. He is now in the position of a hunter on foot, but always in the direction of the trap line. He is now in the position of a hunter on foot, but always in the direction of the trap line. He is now in the position of a hunter on foot, but always in the direction of the trap line.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES
DULUTH, MISSABE &
NORTHERN RY. CO.

P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth	Ar.	10:30	3:14
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor	Lv.	10:00	3:43
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junction	Lv.	8:01	1:11
	10:40	Ar. Minn. Iron L.			12:23

7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia	Lv.	6:55	12:55
6:33	10:20	Ar. Eveleth	Lv.	7:42	12:55
---	10:56	Ar. Sparta	Lv.	---	12:55
---	11:20	Ar. Biwabik	Lv.	---	12:15
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing	Lv.	7:15	12:25
J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.					

A.M.		P.M.		STATIONS.		M.		P.M.	
7:30	3:15	Lv.	Duluth	Ar.	12:05	6:15			
11:25	7:25	Ar.	Virginia	Lv.	8:05	2:15			
11:30	7:30	Ar.	Eveleth	Lv.	8:50	2:10			
12:05	7:55	Ar.	Ely	Lv.	7:35	2:10			
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.				P.M.	P.M.		

THE GREAT NORTHERN		
Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m.	St. Paul and	† 6:25 p.m.
3:45 p.m.	Minneapolis	2:00 p.m.
• 11:15 p.m.	Montana and Coast-	• 6:10 a.m.
• 8:45 a.m.	Greenwich, Gran.	• 6:56 p.m.
• 8:30 p.m.	Forks, Winnipeg	7:10 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia	† 12:20 p.m.

† 6:20 a.m. } Wilmar, Soo City, } † 9:25 p.m.
 } St. Cloud. }
 *Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
 Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spaulding House

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
 City Ticket Office, 42 Spaulding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 4-1111
 All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv.-North Country Mail- Ar. *8:55 a.m.
All Points East.
†7:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †8:00 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.
* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave	Ashland and West	Arrive

b 7:00 a.m. a 7:30 p.m. b 8:40 a.m.	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited "DULUTH SHORT LINE."	b 6:55 p. a 7:05 a. a 4:59 p.
Leave b 9:00 a.m. a 1:55 p.m. a 11:10 p.m.	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	Arrive a 6:30 a. b 8:10 p. a 7:55 a.
a Daily, b Daily except Sunday. Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.		

NORTHWESTERN LINE.		
Leave Duluth	• Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis.	*3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	10:55 am
6:00 pm	Appleton	11:55 am
8:30 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	12:55 pm

PATENTS obtained for INVENTORS.
T. Watson, specialist. Palladio building

Col. Cox's case is probably unique in the history of the civil war. Additional interest also attaches to the personality of the man from the fact that his great-great-great-great-grandfather was once the owner of all the land which now comprises the states of South Carolina

Col Cox was born on Nov. 12, 1839, in Rutherford, N. C., and there he grew to manhood. He was accustomed to athletic sports of all kinds and attained some fame as a local Sampon. He was the biggest of a family of big men, and when only 38 years old, stood 6 feet 10 inches in his bare feet and weighed 250 pounds.

When the civil war broke out, Coxé got a commission as colonel in the Confederate army, it being generally supposed by his friends and acquaintances that he could lick a whole army of Yanks alone and un-

aided. He was a wealthy man, and after the war had been in progress for some time he received information that certain large property interests that he had in Pennsylvania were in danger of confiscation by the federal authorities. Cox told his troubles to President Jefferson Davis, who relieved him from duty and gave him permission to go North on indefinite leave of absence. The colonel

He had only been in Pennsylvania short time—playing the part of a Union sympathizer—when he was drafted for the Union army. Then he hired another substitute, a Union man this time. Soon afterward, owing to troubles with the Com-

The soldiers who served as substitutes for Col. Cox in the Union and Confederate armies were both killed in the same battle—one of the last of the great conflict—and Mr. Cox ever afterward considered himself in a way personally responsible for their deaths.

In his later years he even grew fanciful enough to imagine that as the two substitutes were killed in the same battle they might have shot one another in some way. His morbid belief on this point was strengthened when years afterward he looked up the details of the battle and found that during the conflict the regiment in which the Northern substitute was enrolled had been opposed through

Now that the season of annual reports of the United States treasury has

...the United States, arrived, the people of the country are reminded that Uncle Sam's riches are enormous—so huge, in fact, that their mind is absolutely unable to compass them. Here are a few of the salient facts of the national wealth, gleaned from Secretary Shaw's annual report: the annual report of the director of the

The trust funds in Uncle Sam's strongbox on the first of this month amounted to \$931,208,869. The amount may reach a round billion before the end of 1930. The general fund of the treasury ("free-

money) was \$144,745,923. The available cash balance—a fund that can be drawn on for public needs at a moment's notice—was \$219,237,422. The stock of gold coin and bullion of the government was \$1,298,167,736—an increase of nearly \$16,000,000 in a single month. This is a larger gold stock than is possessed by any other nation on earth, constituting

nearly 20 per cent of the whole. France comes next with \$947,700,000. The United States, France, Russia, Germany, Great Britain and Austro-Hungary possess 84 per cent of all the gold coin and bullion in the world's treasury and circulation.

ber 1 was \$2,449,168,418. This is nearly three times as much as the total circulating medium of the country in 1870. The national bank currency outstanding is \$21,106,879. The mints have been busy with turning out coins for the Philippines that the domestic coinage has been somewhat neglected. Great

Uncle Sam receives about \$1,500,000 a day, and is just now spending approximately the same amount.

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"The quail are taken from the marshes all winter, and when the birds are picked up, they are not so tricky at all for a trapper gather 300 in a day.

"Yes," said the storekeeper, with a regretful shake of the head, "quail are getting scarce, and no mistake. In Southern Kansas you can't make the quail gather the reason for that is that it's putting a serious part of its life that it's putting its price of 'em way up to 50 cents a dozen when I used to get the pick of the prairie for 35 cents!"

Holiday Excursion Rates.

On Dec. 24, 25, 31 and Jan. 1 to Minneapolis and St. Louis railroad will sell reduced excursion rates for the holidays. The third fare. Final limit to return leaving destination Jan. 4. Fare "particulars and folders call on agents."

[illegible]

[illegible]

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Usual New Year's Custom Followed at the White House.

[illegible]

THE RUSSIAN-JAPANESE SITUATION IS NOW REGARDED AS MOST CRITICAL

CHICAGO'S DAY
OF MOURNING

Hundreds of Her Dead
Are Borne to the
Grave.

City Bells Told at Noon
By Order of
Mayor.

Business Activity Checked
and Many Celebra-
tions Postponed.

Chicago, Jan. 2.—Church bells tolling at noon, business activity checked, many celebrations postponed, and long lines of funerals making their way to the outlying districts, where the cemeteries are situated—these circumstances evidenced Chicago's outward grief for the victims of the Iroquois theater disaster today. Priests and ministers of the gospel went from funeral to funeral today, as they will tomorrow and Monday. The unidentified dead will be kept as long as possible at the morgue. If no one then comes to lay claim to the bodies they will be buried at the city's expense. By common consent of the clergy, "Lead Kindly Light," the hymn written by Cardinal Newman is being sung at all the funerals.

The city hall, except absolutely necessary departments, was closed today. The board of trade closed an hour earlier than usual and a number of mercantile and manufacturing establishments also closed early. The large retail dry goods stores were a notable exception. The managers concluded that the extraordinary demand for mourning goods would work a hardship on the bereaved friends of the dead should these stores close.

The banks were open as usual. Thirty-four teachers in the public schools are known to have lost their lives in the fire, and the schools will be closed Monday in their memory.

The tolling bells at noon for an hour

TOTAL DEAD 586.

The total number of corpses recovered from the Iroquois theater fire stands Saturday at 586, as compared with 582 Friday. Of these twenty-five remain unidentified. It developed today that a mistake in the figures at Rolston's morgue had been made, and the corrected total added nine to the list of unidentified dead.

was in response to an expressed wish of Mayor Harrison. The mayor said: "Tolling the church bells throughout the city on Chicago's day of mourning for the dead who perished in the fire at the Iroquois theater would be an appropriate expression of grief. The suggestion was made to me by a clergyman, and I wish it to be published, so that custom may carry it out. I strongly urge them to begin the tolling of bells at noon, and to let the mournful sound continue for an hour. Such an expression of sorrow would bring to the hearts and minds of everyone, the memory of Chicago's terrible loss."

More cases involving the wreck of homes as a result of the Iroquois fire are still coming to light.

A futile search has been conducted so far for the body of Harold, the five-year-old son of E. Henning. Hospitals, morgues, every place that could be thought of have been visited by the father of the boy and other relatives without success thus far. Nearly the entire Henning family perished in the fire. The boy, with his three other brothers and his mother, were at the Iroquois when the fire broke out.

The mother in some manner was barely saved by an unknown rescuer. She believed her boys were behind her when she started to run from the theater, but the bodies of three were later picked up and taken to undertaking rooms, where they were identified by the father. But the body of the youngest boy was not there, and no trace of him, dead or alive, has been found. Mrs. Henning was badly injured, but her injuries are not fatal.

The father believes that the boy has

(Continued on page 10.)

HANNA AND BEVERIDGE FOR
THE GARFIELD CLUB BANQUET

J. Adam Bede Asked to Secure Their Presence
Other Speakers of National Renoun Being Sought
—Bede in Demand As After-Dinner Speaker.

FROM THE HERALD
WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Jan. 2.—(Special to The Herald).—The Garfield Republican club of Duluth has announced to Minnesotans residing in Washington that it will celebrate Lincoln's birthday, Feb. 12, with a banquet, at which many notable speakers will. It is hoped that present Congressman J. Adam Bede will be present and he has been requested by the committee arranging for the banquet to endeavor to secure the presence of Senator Mark Hanna and Representative Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana. Neither Senator Beveridge nor Mr. Hanna is in Washington at present, but immediately upon their return Mr. Bede will see them in person and extend invitations of the Garfield club of Duluth. Efforts are being made to also procure several other speakers of national renown, but at present the names of these are not being divulged by those

having the matter in charge. It is hoped, and confidently expected, that Senators Nelson and Clapp will be present, and undoubtedly there will be also a large sprinkling of congressmen representing the various districts of the North Star state.

Representative Bede has recently become a man in great demand as an after-dinner speaker, and during the month of January, unless his congressional duties prevent, will address at least two representative gatherings in New York city. On Jan. 15 he has accepted an invitation extended by the Publishers' association to attend their annual banquet and make a few remarks. Ex-Governor Wise of Virginia, public affairs in New York, to which he removed to enter upon the practice of his profession—the law—has sent to Mr. Bede an invitation to attend and be among the speakers at a great Republican rallying banquet to be held at the Waldorf-Astoria, on the night of Jan. 29. Mr. Bede has accepted in this investigation.

FATAL CLASH BETWEEN MINERS

Butte, Jan. 2.—Samuel Olson was instantly killed, Fred Drivel fatally hurt and the foreman, John Penamulla, overcame by a late last night in what appears to have been a clash between the Amalgamated Copper company's miners from the Pennsylvania mine operating in the Michael Davitt property and miners from the Rarus mine, a Helme property adjoining. The Pennsylvania miners were engaged in work

LEWIS MURDERED BY THREE BOYS

Riverside, Cal., Jan. 2.—The mystery surrounding the death of Ansel Lewis, whose body was found near Bonning on Thanksgiving day, has been cleared up. He was murdered by three boys, John Schofield, Cornelius Crowley and Frank Ritchie, who escaped from the Whittier reform school the day before

Thanksgiving. Schofield has returned to the school and he says that they fell upon him and with stones beat out his brains. They then robbed the dead man's clothing, divided the booty and separated.

Crowley is said to be under arrest at Merced, but Ritchie is still at large.

CAR RUNS AWAY DOWN STEEP HILL

Pittsburg, Jan. 2.—A traction car on the Knoxville & Mount Olivet line got beyond control of the motorman while descending Monterey hill today, and after colliding with two wagons, jumped the rails and was wrecked at the

foot of the hill. Conductor Edward Redlinger, Motorman Nicholas Jacobs and four passengers were seriously hurt and eight others sustained slight injuries. All will recover.

The accident was caused by slippery rails.

SIGNIFICANT INDICATIONS OF WAR.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 2.—It appears to be true that Russia has decided not to accept Japan's proposals. But, the foreign office here today informed the Associated Press that Foreign Minister Lansdorf and the Japanese minister, M. Kurino, are still conferring with the view of arriving at an amicable settlement. Unofficially, the situation is regarded as being most serious.

London, Jan. 2.—The Japanese minister, Baron Hayashi, when shown the dispatch from St. Petersburg announcing that it appeared to be true that Russia had decided not to accept Japan's peace proposals, said he had not officially heard anything further about the negotiations, but he failed to see how the Japanese demands could be modified.

Glasgow, Jan. 2.—A large number of Clyde marine engineers received cable orders from the Japanese government today to proceed immediately to Japan. The engineers were engaged by the Japanese government six months ago on the understanding that they would be called on if active service was probable. Full instructions were sent them in cipher. They will go to the far East by way of Canada.

London, Jan. 2.—The steamer Umbria which sails for New York today takes among her passengers Melton Prior, the cartoonist, who is on his way to Japan. The other correspondents who have already started include H. J. Whigham and E. F. Knight, both of the Morning Post, of London.



THE DAY OF RECKONING IN THE NEW ALMANAC.

SUMMARY ACTION IS TAKEN
AGAINST THEATER OWNERS

Chicago Man Whose Family Perished Causes Arrest
of Proprietors For Manslaughter.

Chicago, Jan. 2.—The Inter-Ocean this morning says that warrants have been issued for the arrest of Will J. Davis and Harry Powers, proprietors and managers of the Iroquois theater, and George Williams, city building inspector, on the criminal charge of manslaughter.

The warrants were issued by Justice George W. Underwood, at his residence after 1 o'clock last night, and the charges were sworn to by Arthur E. Hull, of 244 Oakland boulevard, who lost his wife and three children in the fire. Mrs. Hull's maid also perished. The warrants, the Inter-Ocean says, were not served in the regular manner. The three men accused were notified by telephone that the warrants had been issued, and were directed to appear at 11 o'clock this morning, at Justice Underwood's court, and give bonds. The attorneys for Messrs. Powers and Davis assured the Justice that their clients would appear at the stated hour.

Mr. Hull, the complaining witness, is connected with a Chicago commercial agency.

Tomorrow he will leave Chicago with the bodies of the four members of his family for his wife's former home, Troy, N. Y., where they will be buried. Mr. Hull stated that he would return after the funeral to prosecute the case. His entire family were wiped out in the fire.

The complainant, Mr. Hull, said: "My wife and my children, all I ever had to live for, are gone. All that remains is for me to try to make some one pay for this carelessness."

A few carpenters and stage hands have been arrested. Men who sang in the chorus are in jail. Such an investigation is a cruel mockery. The men who are responsible are allowed to walk the streets, untouched, while a few laborers are punished.

"This has been the greatest calamity in the city's history, and the authorities must understand that those who have suffered will not wait for them to do anything. There must be no politics or favoritism in this investigation."

The lateness of the hour at which the warrants were completed, nearly midnight, caused the complainant's attorney and Justice Underwood to decide that it would be sufficient for detectives to serve the warrants over the telephone.

Mrs. Powers answered the telephone call at her husband's home in Grand boulevard. Detective James W. Cody requested her to tell Mr. Powers to hurry to Justice George W. Underwood's residence. Mrs. Powers immediately became hysterical. "Oh, he could not help that terrible accident," she wailed over the telephone. "Our own little boy was there and he would not have been there if we had not thought the theater safe."

She was quieted and promised to inform both Mr. Powers and Mr. Davis, who were at the Powers' theater of the

JAPAN WILL
ACT QUICKLY

ALL-NIGHT COUNCIL.

New York, Jan. 2.—A dispatch from Berlin dated Saturday, Says:

Last night a thousand-word telegram from Admiral Alexieff, viceroy of the far East, reached the czar. The czar immediately summoned his ministers in council, Gen. Kuropatkin being fetched from a theater. The czar presided at the council, which sat until the early hours of the morning.

Proposes to Seize Korean
Ports to Forestall
Russia.

Date For Sailing of the
Fleet Is Fixed For
Jan. 4.

The Greatest Activity Pre-
vails at Leading Jap-
anese Arsenals.

NO INDICATIONS
OF ANY REFORM

Past Year Shows Little, If
Any, Change In
China.

New York, Jan. 2.—In reviewing the past year in China, the Pekin correspondent of the Times says there has been no great changes. The court has not changed, and is showing no indication of reform.

The internal condition of the country has improved and the general tranquility is satisfactory. Trade, despite increased taxation, the alleged rapacity of the central government and political uncertainties has been better than in 1902.

The country has had no difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. Wintertime has seen a great increase in steam traffic. The electric light is coming more into use in the interior. There has been a large sale of translations of foreign literature. The native press shows increasing knowledge of foreign affairs. Japanese are now the principal instructors in China, and there is a steady movement of Chinese students to Japan. Railroad construction has made considerable progress during the year, notably on the Franco-Belgian line from Pekin to Hankow.

RECTORY BURNED.

That of "Little Church Around
the Corner."

New York, Jan. 2.—Fire early today gutted the rectory of the famous "Little Church Around the Corner," in East Twenty-ninth street. Four women servants were taken out of an upper story by firemen.

A daughter of the rector, Dr. Houghton, was rescued from the windows of her bedroom and carried down a ladder. Dr. Houghton was rescued in his night clothes. The fire was caused by a defective fuse. The damage amounted to only a few thousand dollars.

INAUGURATE NEW SERVICE.

New York, Jan. 2.—The American line steamship Philadelphia which sailed today inaugurated the Plymouth service of the line, by which it will be possible to get the mail to London some hours earlier than by landing it at Southampton. The Philadelphia carried 150 bags of mail.

BAND OF PIUTE INDIANS KILL
AND MUTILATE PROSPECTORS

Redskins Are Roving About Committing Many Depredations on Ranches and Camps and Threatening a General Uprising Against the Whites.

Chicago, Jan. 2.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Caliente, Nev., says: Word has just reached here of the killing of two prospectors, William Jones and Henry Alexander, by Piute Indians, and Henry Alexander, two other prospectors, who are threatening revolt against the whites. The prospectors were working in Arrow Canon range, Henry Stowe and James Dunlap, two other prospectors, passed their tent and found the bodies of the men lying near the ashes of a camp fire. They had been shot

FRISCO SAILOR'S HOME VINDICATED

San Francisco, Jan. 2.—Secretary Cortelyou, of the department of commerce and labor, has completed his investigations into the charges preferred by the British embassy against the management of the Sailors' home in this city, and has published a report covering seventy-three pages of closely printed matter. The British embassy charged that "there is strong reason for believing that this institution, under present management, differs but little

from a cringing establishment, although it is alleged that the building is the property of the United States government and leased to the home, for charitable purposes in connection with the care of seamen."

"The testimony shows," says Secretary Cortelyou, "that the sailors' home in San Francisco is in the main a well-conducted sailors' boarding house, conducted principally as a sailors' boarding house for the profit of the superintendent, with incidental philanthropy."



TAKE WARNING

Is Your Mouth
Sore?
Hair Falling
Out?
Eyebrows
Getting Thin?
Eruptions on
Body?
Copper Col-
ored Spots?
Rheumatism?
Swollen Joints?
Pains All Over?
Leprous Like
Decay of
Flesh and
Bone?
Thoughts of
Suicide?
Syphilis?

Acquired Blood Poison eats your life out. It is the king of all venereal diseases. If you neglect yourself you must pay the penalty of sickness, decay and death.

Up, and Save Yourself? Get Hon-
est Treatment and Be Cured!

Consultation Free

On account of its frightful hideousness contagious blood poison is commonly called the king of venereal diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted. Once the system is tainted with it, the disease may manifest itself in the form of scrofula, eczema, rheumatism, pains, sores or swollen joints, eruption of copper-colored spots on face or body, little blisters in the mouth or on the throat, sore throat, swollen tonsils, falling out of the hair or eyebrows, and finally in the most terrible decay of the flesh and bone. If you have any of these or similar symptoms you are certainly invited to consult with me. If your constitution is infected with virus we will tell you so frankly, and tell you how to cure it. Our special treatment for contagious blood poison is practically the result of our life and work. It is the only treatment that cures the disease. It contains no dangerous drugs or irritants of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom of blood poison disappears completely and forever. The blood, the tissues, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health and the patient prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

We Guarantee a Cure If We
Say We Can Cure It. It Costs You
Nothing If We Fail

STRICTURE GONORRHOEA

It matters not how long you have suffered from stricture, or how many different doctors have disappointed you, our treatment will cure you just as certainly as you come to us for treatment. It will not be done by cutting. Our treatment is new, entirely original with us and perfectly safe. It completely dissolves the stricture and permanently removes it.

WE ALSO CURE TO STAY CURED NERVOUS SEXUAL DEBILITY, VARICOCELE, KIDNEY, URINARY AND ALL ASSOCIATE DISEASES OF MAN.

Most cases can be treated successfully at home. One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at my office, write us a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to write in detail, backed by abundant capital, to hold for our promise. Address all communications to

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays: 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

SHOT UP A TOWN

Con Davis Does the Wild
West Act at Flood-
wood.

Civilization and Shooting
Irons Too Many
For Him.

Instead of killing W. G. Carlin, of Floodwood, as he set out to do, Con Davis, a well known lumberjack fighter and general "bad man," was shot yesterday in a fusillade of bullets at a drawn battle with citizens and officers at Floodwood, and is now believed to be dying from his wounds. Twenty shots are said to have been fired in the battle, the one doing the most damage passed through the abdomen.

Davis, the story goes, had a fight in Carlin's saloon about two months ago, during which the latter struck him with a mallet, causing him to lose the use of an eye. He blamed Carlin for the injury, for some reason, yesterday set out for that place from Hibbing, with the announcement that he was going to take revenge. He heard of Davis' threat but paid no attention, thinking the man was drunk and would forget it. Davis appeared in Carlin's saloon from the train, in company with a 35-calibre revolver which he turned loose as soon as he got inside.

In the saloon were Carlin, Village Marshal Frank Cameron and a number of citizens and all lost no time in breaking for cover, leaving Davis in undisputed possession of the place. He rifled the cash drawer of the contents, about \$18, and took a few drinks on the moment proprietor, then going to the door took snap shots at anything that put in an appearance.

By this time Marshal Cameron had armed himself with a 22-calibre rifle, other citizens came up with an assortment of shooting irons, and the fight began. When Davis was nearing out a window, Marshal Cameron shot at him, the bullet breaking the glass and causing a slight scratch, which was freely. Davis kept up the fight as well as he could under cover, one of the bullets from Cameron's gun finally

I. O. O. F. NOTICE.

Lodge, No. 15, I. O. O. F., and Brother Odell, are requested to meet at Odell's hall, No. 18 Lake Avenue North, at 12:30 p. m., Sunday, Jan. 3, 1904, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, W. G. Carlin. Funeral services will be held at the house, 917 West Fourth street, at 1:30 p. m. T. A. ROGERS, Sec'y.

Sufferers from scalds should not hesitate to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The prompt relief from pain which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by all druggists.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Chicago Post: Archbishop Quigley may be a learned prelate, but his remarks on the capture of America do not show him to be in the first rank of diplomats. Washington Post: Rev. Madison C. Peters predicts that in 100 years there will be 22,000,000 negroes and only 100,000 white men in the South and asks us what we are going to do about it. We are going to wait and see. Philadelphia Press: There is as well supplied with imaginative writers as is Vienna or any other city. An illustration of the work of the Italian hand was furnished by the "Pittsburgh" when it published the sensational account of how Cardinal Gott called on Friday and presented to the Pope some strange letters. Notes said to have been confided to the cardinal by the late Pope Leo. There was a full explanation of why Pope Leo took this course, the principal reason being his prediction that Cardinal Gott would be chosen pope, and the fear that he would give away the money at the beginning. To add to the piquancy of the story it was related that nearly \$2,000,000 was found about the same time in a hole in the wall. What Cardinal Gott was alleged to have said to the pope was given verbatim, a shorthand reporter apparently being present for that purpose. But now the pope says that nothing of the kind took place. And such is Roman journalism.

Chicago Post: In the course of his very able and instructive trade against the horrors of dancing. Rev. Denham, of Fitchburg, made this impressive statement: A man may lose his appetite for food, but he will get pretty old before he loses his appetite to eat a pretty girl. Undoubtedly this is true, and Mr. Denham might add with Shakspeare that it is as "increase of appetite had grown by what it fed on." Coming from the pulpit, and presumably from one well versed in fatherly advice and duties, we must accept this statement as entirely unprejudiced and impartial. The man who takes this instance to believe that it is the voice of inspiration, Mr. Denham speaks for the pulpit, and we venture to speak for the congregation. It is a common round at a time when discord and heresy and infamy divide churches and cause division.

SERMONS IN SHORT METER.

Chicago Tribune: Faith defies fate. A maul is not a cure. A man cannot bear humility cannot wear honor.

When a boy looks saintly, send for the time to boast is when you don't need it. Hitch your wagon to a star, but don't work it. An empty dignity is as valuable as a hollow dollar. The best kind of hope is that which leads a hand. A man with a face that would sour milk will not save men. The only effective prison bars are those we forge with our hands. You cannot sanctify your sins by calling their consequences holy. The soul with wings does not worry as the stable. If you intend to praise God for eternity, you had better practice on your neighbor in time.

MCCLELLAN INAUGURATED.

Succeeds Seth B. Low As Mayor of New York.

New York, Jan. 2.—George B. McClellan became mayor of New York city yesterday.

He arrived at the city hall accompanied by his secretary, John J. O'Brien, and walked through lines of Democrats under an arch of plants and flowers. The mayor's public reception room, where he was greeted by the retiring mayor.

The ceremonies were not elaborate, and speeches were brief. After shaking hands with his successor, Mr. Low said:

"Colonel McClellan, the hour has come when I am permitted to give to you the keys of the city. In obedience to the will of the people, anyone who has been mayor will always be ready to honor its chief magistrate. Mr. Mayor, I am glad, as one of the great duties of citizens, to salute you and to wish you success in the discharge of your duties. Colonel McClellan responded briefly. Then Mr. Low retired to his private office, and Colonel McClellan took his stand behind the table in the public office and handshaking began. All the Democrats in town seemed to be on hand, and long lines, reaching to the city hall steps, were formed by the police. It took a long time for the enthusiastic to file by the mayor's desk. After the reception, the new heads of departments were sworn in. Police Commissioner McAdoo after taking office issued a statement in which he said he would do everything in his power to prevent blackmailing, extortion, "grafting," or bribe taking by the police, but it would be useless, he said, to expect a policeman to be honest if he has to pay for his appointment, promotion or assignment. Therefore, he declared, preference would rest on merit only, judged by the best service standards."

One Republic Not Ungrateful. New York Tribune: Not every republic is ungrateful for the pension bill of the Stars and Stripes carries an appropriation of more than \$18,000,000 nearly thirty-nine years after the surrender of Appomattox.

Rate \$60.00, Rate \$30.00. A six-months' course at the Duluth Business University. In day school, \$60.00; in night school \$30.00. The course may take the student through a graphic, English or penmanship course, a combined course or any branch of business. Location 155-7 West Superior street. New Year opening, Monday, Jan. 14.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered at your home in city or suburb.

SERVICES FOR SUNDAY IN DULUTH CHURCHES

Revival Services Are to Begin During the Coming Week In Many Churches—New Year Sermons Will Be General Sunday In Duluth.

During the coming week many of the local churches will commence revival services, holding regular meetings each evening during the week, when sermons of an evangelistic nature will be preached. The feature of tomorrow's services will be New Year's sermons. Nearly all of the local pastors have chosen topics appropriate to the season, and in almost every church there will be at least one sermon on a New Year's topic.

At the First Methodist Episcopal church, Samuel P. Long, pastor, will preach at 10:30 a. m., on "The Kingdom of God," and at 7:30 p. m., "Take Away the Stone." At 12 m., the Sunday school will meet and at 8:15 p. m., Epworth League devotional services will be held.

At the First Church of Christ (Scientist), 422 East Superior street, services will be held tomorrow morning at 10:45 o'clock, the subject being "Life." Sunday school will meet at the close of the service.

The repairs to St. Luke's Episcopal church at Nineteenth avenue west and First street, have been completed, and services will be held in the church tomorrow. There will be Holy Communion and a sermon by Rev. R. J. Mooney on "The New Year's Opportunities," at 10:30 a. m.

At the Holy Apostles Episcopal church, 515 East Superior street, west and Elbow street, Rev. R. J. Mooney will preach a New Year's sermon at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m.

Services will be held at the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The subjects of the morning service are as follows: Morning, "The Man for the Age"; evening, "The Power of a Resolute Will."

At the Lakeside Presbyterian church, the Rev. H. B. Sutherland will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The subject of the morning service will be "The Kingdom of God," and of the evening service, "The Kingdom of God." Sunday school will meet at 12 m. and Christian Endeavor society at 7:30 p. m. The subject of the evening service will be "The Kingdom of God."

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. Harry White, minister, will conduct morning services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The subject of the morning service will be "The Kingdom of God," and of the evening service, "The Kingdom of God." Sunday school will meet at 12 m. and Christian Endeavor society at 7:30 p. m. The subject of the evening service will be "The Kingdom of God."

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THE OLD RELIABLE



Absolutely Pure
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

In the second year of his married life, when one of her admirers took to sending her more costly gifts than seemed correct, but wifely promptly put a stop to that at the first word from him, calling that he couldn't escape was still more of an eye-opener. A woman with whose husband his spouse was behaving shamefully, according to the man's wife, butted into his pipe and paper and told him all sorts of things. The visitor was disturbed almost to the point of incoherence, but she made plain her conviction that Mrs. Bookkeeper was going the wrong way. She even made some misbehaving on the obnoxious husband, but in her excitement and indignation she told so much that she didn't know that she was dissipated before she left him most of the effect she had created.

But he did on the following evening lay the matter before his wife, not chiding even gently, but submitting the question, wasn't it well to be careful not to keep this meddling woman's tongue wagging? Thereat the wife played the injured innocent to perfection so far as its effect on him went, bamboozling him to the extent that when she offered to leave the house, he made for that night, he urged her to keep it. When with sly reluctance she assented, she rushed to the meeting place with the man in question and warned him that he wasn't to come around there any more.

A STRONGER SCENE. Then there came on the scene as her plot to parties and dances in a room, heedless of who had the look of innocuousness if it's to be had in rousers. This Villis served no other purpose than to get the misbehaving wife out of her house of nights. For months he took her away for short distances and turned her over to the care of the other chap. Then the handy youth took to the methods of graft. The husband of the woman who had complained paid well for his silence for a time, then thrashed him for some attempt at an extravagant suggestion. Then the blackmailer approached the erring wife, but she was a poor hand, and after narrowly escaping another thrashing, he went with his stories to the wronged husband.

The informer's opening to the husband so shocked him, and brought to his mind so many corroborative incidents which he promptly related to him, that the latter remained until he heard more than otherwise he would have listened to. When he came to a bit, he dismissed the informer as a blackguard and on the first opportunity talked the matter over with his wife. Caught in one lie, she fled again, and in the course of her interview, though confronted by convincing evidence, she protested entire innocence, denying a deal that she might have confessed.

Rev. Charles Fox Davis will address the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A., at 10:30 p. m. on Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1904. The subject will be "The Kingdom of God." The Y. M. C. A. will also have a men's meeting at 8:30 p. m. on Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1904. The subject will be "The Kingdom of God."

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HOTEL SALLING

West 43rd Street, Just Off Broadway,
NEW YORK.

Transient and Family Hotel.
Absolutely Fireproof. 300 ROOMS. 200 BATHS.
All rooms lighted by natural light.
Holland Cafe. Louis XVI Restaurant. Palm Garden.
MUSIC NOON AND EVENINGS.
3 blocks from Grand Central Station. 3 passenger elevators.
Center of theater and business district.
Running ice water in all apartments. Complete in every detail.

John H. Langton (Formerly) Manager

THE BEST KNOWN—KNOWN AS THE BEST.
NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
In 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums.

SMOOT FULL OF FIGHT

Utah Senator Will Give Battle to His Opponents.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Senator Reed Smoot has returned to Washington full of fight, and asserts that there is not a scrap of evidence on which the senate would be justified in voting for his expulsion. He has retained two gavelmen from Utah and a prominent attorney of Washington as his counsel, and has begun conferences for the purpose of formulating his position. He is prepared to take the oath of allegiance to the United States as many times as anybody wants him to take it. He will openly and publicly declare that his allegiance to his country is superior to any possible loyalty to his church, and finally, he will show that the Mormon members of the Utah legislature, who are Democrats, voted against him to a man.

As to the allegations that he is a polygamist, Senator Smoot defies the world to produce a particle of evidence against him, and he evinces his willingness to face proceedings to test the matter in the courts by a suit for libel against any person who is willing to stand sponsor publicly for such charges.

Senator Smoot has been ingenious in the matter of selecting his counsel, having chosen Mr. Van Cotte, of Utah, a well known Democrat, who voted for the return of Senator Rawlins and with whom associated W. E. Borah, a gentle lawyer, of Utah, who is not supposed to have any affiliation whatever with the Mormon church. In defining his position Senator Smoot said:

"The Mormon church did not send me here. I am here now as a senator representing the entire state of Utah, whatever. The Mormon church has abandoned polygamy beyond all question. There is not the slightest warrant for the charge that I am a polygamist, and it is my honest belief that the church has abandoned that doctrine honestly and forever."

SOUND MONEY.

Most Reassuring Fact in Financial Outlook.

New York, Jan. 2.—J. J. Hill yesterday said that sound money was the most reassuring fact in the financial outlook for 1904. There was some want of confidence in the future, he said, but the problems of the home and foreign trade would adjust themselves.

The cost of production in this country is too high, and must be lowered. He continued, it will be better for the workman to get \$2 a day steadily than \$3 or \$3.50 on half time.

BOY SUFFOCATED.

Strange Accident on a Farm Near Glencoe.

Glencoe, Minn., Jan. 2.—Arthur Proehl, the 9-year-old son of Mrs. Elizabeth Proehl, who resides with her father, H. Proehl, in Glencoe, near Glencoe, was killed Thursday afternoon in a peculiar manner.

The boy fell into the henhouse to gather some eggs, and had to climb up to

SHALL WE DISPUTE

The Statements of Scores of Duluth Citizens?

The people of Duluth, like other American citizens, desire to "get at the bottom" of everything. They want to know the whys and wherefores. When investigation leads to the most positive proof it is hard to dispute the evidence. Faith is born of experience, and conviction should follow the evidence of people we know. The testimony of friends and neighbors can be easily proven and vouched for. There are many cases like the following, all from people here at home, and if the reader is still a skeptic, why not investigate further: the way is shown.

Mr. Fred McKee, formerly in the shoe business at 414 Fourth street east, says: I have had trouble all my life with my kidneys, the result of a nervous difficulty from which I suffer. Often severe heavy aching pain existed across the small of my back, and it was accompanied with irregularity and an unnatural condition of the kidney secretions. I tried everything in my power to check the trouble, but was unsuccessful until I procured Doan's Kidney Pills. I tried that remedy like I had tried scores in the past, with little expectation of receiving any benefit. I was surprised at the results, and although I do not expect to become absolutely clear of the kidney trouble, I have at least found a preparation upon which I can depend to bring relief when I appear to be getting worse.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box.

Foster-McIlhenny company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

JOSEPH B. COTTON

To Be Speaker At a St. Paul Banquet.

St. Paul, Jan. 2.—James J. Hill has been asked to be one of the speakers at a banquet to be tendered to Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific road, by the commercial interests of the Northwest, at the Commercial club, Jan. 8.

Archbishop Ireland has promised to give the address on the occasion of the banquet, and will speak on the commercial interests of the Northwest, the railway and the mining interests. Other speakers on the program will be J. B. Walker, Minneapolis, and W. B. Dean, of this city.

VOICE OF LEO XIII

Heard By An Audience In New York.

New York, Jan. 2.—Last March the late Pope Leo XIII, then 82 years old, consented to have his voice recorded by a phonograph. Some time before he had been photographed by one of the "moving picture" men. The photograph was taken as he was intoning the rosary, with the responses by the Sisters of the Holy Family, and reciting the "Ave Maria."

These reproductions of the late pontiff's voice were heard in this country for the first time in the Amsterdam Opera house, under the auspices of the conference of St. Vincent de Paul in the city of New York. The voice came out loud and clear, and was heard by a large number of those who were at once recognized by several who had heard it in Rome.

HAD NARROW ESCAPE.

Three People In St. Paul Nearly Suffocated.

St. Paul, Jan. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—A fire at 702 St. Peter street last night came near suffocating three persons in the upper part of the building. The fire broke out in the kitchen, and the smoke and gas and excitement had to be carried by another building, and the firemen, Pipeman Kelly and M. P. Sullivan, of engine company No. 1, were called to the scene and had to carry out the fire. The fire destroyed the interior of both flats, both families being nearly all their furniture. The loss is small.

Glen Avon Carnival.

At the neighborhood rink, at Glen Avon, there will be an ice carnival this evening under the auspices of the Monday night skating club. There will be games and fancy costumes, a queen of the rink, and the grand prize will be a gold and silver cup. The attendance in the rink will be large, and the ice will be kept in the best condition. There is no admission charge to this rink, which is maintained by the rinkmen, and is open to all skaters. The Monday Night club will serve refreshments.

LOOK FOR FARMS.

Ohio Men at Duluth to Inspect Arable Lands.

Fred Reverson, Joseph Babcock and Frank Rette, all of Holgate, Ohio, who have been in Duluth for several days in quest of property which could be obtained at a low price for farming purposes, will leave tonight for Seattle, where they will continue their search.

While they were favorably impressed with the location of a number of properties, the visitors thought that they would visit the Pacific coast, and if they could not find better property, would return to Duluth. When seen at the office of the Great Northern road today, Mr. Babcock said:

"We have little knowledge of the conditions in this part of the country outside of what has been told us, and therefore we cannot understand the worth of the propositions given to us. I think that we came here at the wrong time of year, and from what we have heard, have little doubt but property in this vicinity is all that is claimed for it. We may return to Duluth and again consider the advisability of purchasing land in this section."

Century Club.

Monday, Jan. 4, the Shakespeare class of the Twentieth Century club will have charge of the program and some readings of the following plays will be given. Social will be held in the club room of the Twentieth Century club on Friday, Jan. 8, at 3 p. m. Miss Selden will give a talk on "The Executive, the Senate and the House of Representatives."

THE LABOR WORLD

Great Demand For Men at Good Wages—Supply Plenty.

Union Labor Affairs Are Generally Quiet and Prosperous.

With the exception of labor troubles which have been featured by injunctions and consequently gotten into courts, everything was quiet and prosperous in the labor fields this week. Along on the Borey where the employment offices are located, there is a great demand for men at fairly good wages and the men seem to be plentiful. The disheartening cloud that passed over the northern labor field last fall threatening storms in the woods and other places where workmen are employed, has completely passed away and now all is serene. In Duluth and in the towns around it, numerous factories and mills running to capacity and in the large wholesale warehouses the number of men employed is about the same as during the summer months.

"Things may be pretty quiet from now on till spring," said a well known labor leader this morning, "but it will not seriously affect the main body of the working men. Business especially in the retail departments will stir up; but there will have to be preparation for the spring season when the big manufacturers and the jobbers cannot get away from. In all, this winter is about the same as previous ones when things were considered more prosperous."

Wages in the woods are not so large as previous; but they are not so small that an ordinary man can earn a good living and lay aside some money. There will be five mills operating day and night from now on till spring and as the spring season approaches the big manufacturers will be in a position to trade in all lines.

This is the season when the Moulders' union is particularly prosperous as the amount of work is very great. In fact this is a good time of the year for all iron workers.

Marine Engineers' Beneficial association, All will meet next Friday evening at 7 o'clock at the Hunter block. At this meeting a number of things will come up of much importance to every member of the union.

Tomorrow afternoon the Lumber Filers' union, local No. 294, I. L. M. A., will meet at Victor's hall, West Duluth.

Tomorrow evening the Building Trades' council will meet in the hall in the Kalamazoo building.

St. Paul Masons' International union will meet Monday evening in the Burrows block, 302 West Superior street.

A large attendance is expected at the Lincoln's association which will be held Monday evening at the Marine Engineers' hall in the Hunter block. It is expected that the schedule of wages for next season will be gone over and that other matters of importance to next season's work will come up.

Leather workers' union will meet Wednesday evening in the Kalamazoo building. A large attendance is expected at the next meeting, which will be the chief one held since before the holidays.

On Wednesday evening the Clearmakers' union, No. 294, will meet in the Kalamazoo building.

The Federated Trades' assembly will meet next Friday evening in the Kalamazoo building.

On Thursday evening the Electric Workers' union will meet at 221 West Superior street.

C. O. Nelson Explains.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Many of my friends have taken me very much to task for not making any mention of the Republican nomination as alderman of the Seventh ward. This blame on me is misdirected, as I never made any promise to do so, and I think it very doubtful if I could be elected to the position of a dog-catcher, or to that of a poundmaster.

The reason I do not mention it is very simple. I am not a Republican, and I am not a Democrat, and I am not a member of any party. I am a citizen, and I am a worker, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my country, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my family, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my friends, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my neighbors, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my community, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my state, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my nation, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my world, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my race, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my humanity, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my universe, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my God, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my soul, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my eternal life, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my eternal happiness, and I am a man 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man who is interested in the welfare of my eternal glory, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my eternal peace, and I am a man who is interested in the welfare of my eternal joy, and I am a man

YOU WON'T WAIT LONG, MR. EMPLOYER!

Capable people in any line will quickly respond to your brief request in The Herald's Classified Columns. THOSE LITTLE "WANT ADS." GET A BIG HEARING. ONE CENT A WORD. TRY THEM.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED TO BUY

PULPWOOD AND TIES.
Highest market prices paid. Kindly call at our office, telephone or write. Duluth Log Co., 201-4 Palladio Bldg. Both phones.

\$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. \$300 cash will buy it. Must be sold at once.
\$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very good condition. Closest, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything in perfect condition.
\$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition. Closest, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything in perfect condition.
COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

\$900 takes a fine lot, upper side of Second street, near Twelfth avenue East.
\$6000 takes finest 150-foot corner in East End.

A. C. VOLK & CO. 222-223, Paladio Bldg.
SPECIAL.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M. A.M.	STATIONS	P.M. A.M.
7:30	Duluth	10:30
7:45	Superior	10:45
8:00	Two Harbors	11:00
8:15	Iron Junction	11:15
8:30	Ar. Minn. Iron	11:30
8:45	Ar. Virginia	11:45
9:00	Ar. Eveleth	12:00
9:15	Ar. Sparta	12:15
9:30	Ar. Hibbing	12:30
9:45	Ar. Duluth	12:45

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R.R.

P.M. A.M.	STATIONS	P.M. A.M.
7:30	Duluth	10:30
7:45	Superior	10:45
8:00	Two Harbors	11:00
8:15	Iron Junction	11:15
8:30	Ar. Minn. Iron	11:30
8:45	Ar. Virginia	11:45
9:00	Ar. Eveleth	12:00
9:15	Ar. Sparta	12:15
9:30	Ar. Hibbing	12:30
9:45	Ar. Duluth	12:45

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave	St. Paul and	Arrive
7:30 a.m.	St. Paul and	7:30 a.m.
7:45 a.m.	St. Paul and	7:45 a.m.
8:00 a.m.	St. Paul and	8:00 a.m.
8:15 a.m.	St. Paul and	8:15 a.m.
8:30 a.m.	St. Paul and	8:30 a.m.
8:45 a.m.	St. Paul and	8:45 a.m.
9:00 a.m.	St. Paul and	9:00 a.m.
9:15 a.m.	St. Paul and	9:15 a.m.
9:30 a.m.	St. Paul and	9:30 a.m.
9:45 a.m.	St. Paul and	9:45 a.m.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City ticket office, 2nd Spaulding Hotel Bldg. Both phones.

All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

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No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Horses to Board

We will take a few drivers and saddlers for the winter. Our stables are in direct charge of a thoroughly capable horseman, and under the supervision of A. Kennedy, manager.

No plank floors and stock is given out every day. Weather permitting. Terms, \$15.00 per month.

The Jean Du Luth Co.
220 West Superior Street.

\$600 50-foot corner on East Superior street. A snap.
\$750 50-foot lot, upper side E. Fifth St.
\$6000 10-foot lot, three houses; fine income. Fourth St. Central.

W. K. ECKSTEIN & EBY
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 328.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—POSITION AS FIREMAN or janitor work. Can furnish references. N. St. Herald.

WANTED—A PLACE TO WORK FOR board and room or living wages, by a young man. Has experience as clerk. Address 323 Tower avenue, room 5, Superior.

WANTED—COLLECTING TO DO, either on salary or commission by a man who has had years of experience in business. Perfectly familiar with the city. B. St. Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN DESIRES position as stenographer; understands bookkeeping.
N. St. Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY EXPERIENCED lady stenographer. E. St. Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK, HALF DAY. Chamber work preferred. E. St. Herald.

WOMAN WISHES CHAMBER WORK in respectable place a few hours a day. N. St. Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSE-KEEPER by lady with one child. Address 124 Ogden avenue, Superior.

WANTED—BY NEAT, COMPETENT girl to work in private family. Address N. St. Herald.

YOUNG LADY WHO ATTENDS school would like place as a stenographer. Address N. St. Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSE-KEEPER by lady with one child. Address 124 Ogden avenue, Superior.

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No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people, without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY.
221 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell phone 73-R. Zenith phone 328.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from \$10 to \$100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible references, on their own credit. Home mortgage, in order of priority. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

CASH IN ANY AMOUNTS ON PIANOS.
Furniture or salaried people. We guarantee to give you the best price for your piano. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible references, on their own credit. Home mortgage, in order of priority. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, AND ALL GOODS OF VALUE.
We make a specialty of loans from \$10 to \$100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible references, on their own credit. Home mortgage, in order of priority. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—COOLEY & UNDERHILL.
220 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY LOANED ON SHOT GUNS, RIFLES AND REVOLVERS.
We guarantee to give you the best price for your gun. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible references, on their own credit. Home mortgage, in order of priority. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MONEY TO LOAN—\$500 ON GOOD REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
Inquire 501 First National Bank building.

PERSONAL.
Dr. Roger's Tonic, Penicillin, etc. All questions answered absolutely. Price reduced to \$1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABRETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 2nd Superior street.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE!
Dr. Roger's Tonic, Penicillin, etc. All questions answered absolutely. Price reduced to \$1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABRETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 2nd Superior street.

WELL-TO-DO, SELF-BUSINESS GENTLEMAN.
(30) fine appearing, desires wife, attractive, business lady, strictly confidential. Address T. St. Herald.

VERY WEALTHY AND ATTRACTIVE
American lady wants honest and industrious husband. Address Mrs. L. St. Herald.

MARRIAGE DIRECTORY FREE TO
all. Pay when placed. One party best in St. Louis county, fifty miles from Duluth. You need live there for six months. An opportunity. E. St. Herald.

LADIES! OUR HARMLESS REMEDY
relieves without fail delayed or abnormal menstruation. Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

J.P.
Those suffering from weak-ness, which may be due to over-education, or to the use of stimulants, should take J.P. Pills. This medicine has been proven to be the most effective remedy for all cases of weakness. It is a pure, safe and sure remedy. Price reduced to \$1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABRETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 2nd Superior street.

ADIES! Chichester's English Penny
Pills are the best. Safe, reliable, like a charm. In letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist Chichester Chemical Co., Palladio, Pa.

MRS. BENDEXEN WILL GIVE A
spiritual meeting at Old First Church, 2nd Superior street, Sunday evening, at 8 p.m.

FRESH FISH.
D. GOLDISH, wholesale and retail in all kinds of fresh fish. 225 E. 1st St. Zenith phone 112.

WATCH REPAIRING.
WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruen, 31 West Superior St.

MILLINERY.
MILLINERY—Over Sutter's. HUNES.

HATS—106 W. Superior St. Miss Swenson.

OPTICIAN.
A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LI-censed optician. 6 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRING.
DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both phones.

SKATES SHARPENED.
A. GINGOLD, UMBRELLA SHOP, 229 West Superior street, upstairs.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.
DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BUR-rows Bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

CARPET CLEANING.
INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CAR-pet cleaning and rug works. 170-3 West Michigan St. New Phone 335, old 703.

CLAIRVOYANT.
ARRIVED. PROF. LE ROY, EMINENT clairvoyant and palmist, gives advice on all matters of business, speculation, health, love, courtship, marriage, domestic troubles and in fact all affairs of life. Hourly, 10 to 12. 322 Germania Life building, Superior, Wis.

FREE—FREE—YOUR FORTUNE TOLD
—Follow the leader!—I am the leader!—Send three recent photos and birthdate. Dr. Best, 74 D. 65, Chicago.

MADAM ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1314 Ogden avenue, Superior.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

PARENTS obtained for INVENTORS.
J. T. Watson, specialist, Palladio building.

FOR SALE—SALVAP.
This place will be sold before spring. Quick money to be made buying these lots. Inquire of J. H. SHARP, No. 12 N. Fifth Ave. W.

LOGGING HORSES—A large as-sortment constantly on hand, also farm mares, general purpose horses and drivers' stock. Send for catalogue. The entire Northwest. BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market of Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—HORSES.
We have a fine lot of horses, shipped by train. Our stables are located in alley, between Superior and First streets. Address 100 West Superior street.

WOOD SAW RIGS.
Engines for all purposes—use city gas or gasoline.

DULUTH GAS ENGINE WORKS.
Minnesota Point, Duluth.

FOR SALE—FORTY ACRES OF GOOD
farm land ten miles from city, half mile from railroad station; good crops, good water, first class condition. 301 Exeter street, first floor.

S. M. KASER WILL ARRIVE WITH
carload of fresh milk cows Wednesday, Jan. 6. Some Jersey among them. 119 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—SET OF HEAVY DOUBLE
harness, in first class condition. 301 Exeter street.

FOR SALE—TEAM OF LIGHT
horses, or will trade for heavy horse. Apply 2nd Superior street.

FOR SALE—WELL-ESTABLISHED
blacksmith business, in central part of city. All questions answered absolutely. Price reduced to \$1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABRETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 2nd Superior street.

FREE TRIAL ON GAS AND GASOLINE
engines. I handle the only engine on earth that can be sold on its merits subject to approval before paying for it. Call at 511 Superior street, 5th floor. S. M. KASER, 511 Superior street, 5th floor.

GO TO THE CITY WOODYARD
and get the best wood, best measure and best price. Address 100 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—MINUTES OF A LARGE
and selected list of spruce and cedar claims in Lake and Cook counties. Good locations; no fee until you have seen them. Call at 511 Superior street, 5th floor. S. M. KASER, 511 Superior street, 5th floor.

FOR SALE—HEAVY TEAM OF HORSES
and harness. Call at 419 Lonsdale.

A BIG SACRIFICE IN 200 heaters and 75
cases which are being sold. Address 100 West Superior street.

POULTRY SUPPLIES, GRIT, OYSTER
shell, Minnesota green clover, Conkey's feed, and all other poultry supplies. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

JUST RECEIVED, A CARLOAD OF
general purpose draft horses. L. Hamel & Co.

UPHOLSTERING.
FINE UPHOLSTERING, furniture re-upholstering of all kinds, chairs, sofas, etc. 327 E. 1st St. Old phone 743-5.

CARRIAGE TRIMMING AND RECOVERING.
Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old phone 397-6.

UPHOLSTERING AND MATTRESS MAKING.
Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old phone 397-6.

RAILROAD WATCHES.
AND WATCH REPAIRING. M. HEN-riksen Jewelry Co., 234 W. Superior St.

AGENTS WANTED.
\$25 A WEEK AND EXPENSES TO MEN with rigs to introduce our poultry goods. The Orwin Co., Duluth, Minn.

MASSAGE.
MISS F. BACON, 17 PHOENIX BLOCK.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.
W. J. DABY—REPAIRING A SPE-cialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 222 West Third St. New Phone 148-7.

FIRE INSURANCE.
FOR INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 105 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COM-panies.
Cooley & Underhill, 227 Exchange building.

LOST AND FOUND.
LOST—SMALL FOX TERRIER PUP, female, white with brown head. Reward paid. Return or notify Chas. S. Far-sons, 1505 East Superior street.

FOUND—DARK BROWN MULEY COW.
Owner can have same by calling at 106 West First street and paying charges.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL
housework. 122 Twenty-first avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL
housework. Apply at 25 West Second St. \$2.50 WEEKLY. PALIN SEWING. Ex-perience unnecessary. Material free. Oriental Co., 25 Broadway, New York.

**LADIES—\$20 PER 100 WHITING LET-
ters from copy. Stamped, addressed en-velope for full particulars. S. D. Z. Du Pont, Duluth, Pa.**

WOMEN TO SEW AT HOME, \$20 PER
week. Materials sent everywhere free; sewing work, plain sewing only. Send addressed envelope for full particulars. S. D. Z. Du Pont, Duluth, Pa.

LADIES WANTED EVERYWHERE.
Copying letters at home, evenings or spare time, and return to us. No mail-ing necessary. Send 10¢ for catalogue. Materials free. Enclose self-addressed envelope for particulars. Guarantee Co., No. 8 S. Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES—MOST PROFITABLE HOME
work; \$9 to \$15 weekly; material free; no experience necessary. Send stamped envelope to Royal Co., 34 E. Monroe St., Chicago.

WANTED—RELIABLE DRESSMAKER
to open a cutting school with natural method; also will cut patterns; must have references. Address N. St. Herald.

WANTED—A NEAT YOUNG GIRL FOR
general housework. Mrs. C. A. Mar-shall, 1118 East Third street.

WANTED—THREE EXPERIENCED
housekeepers. Highest wages, at 224 Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL
housework. 141 East First street.

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 2, 1904.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

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At the further end of the switchboard are two girls, who do nothing else but tend to the trunk lines, from Superior and West Duluth, most of the residence phones being on the board in the front of the picture.

Whenever a subscriber takes down his receiver, whether at his place of business or at his home, a tiny light flashes in front of the operator and she "plugs" a hole with the subscriber's number on, with a cord from the inside of the switchboard, at the same time throwing over a small lever in front of her. The operator is now in communication with the subscriber, and asks for the number wanted. When she gets it she pulls up another cord from the board, "plugs" the hole at the number required, and pulls the lever back. This rings the bell of the phone of the person called for, and as soon as he takes down his receiver, another little light flashes to show the operator that connections are made. When the parties talking have finished and hung up their receivers the lights go out.

The board apparatus in front of the



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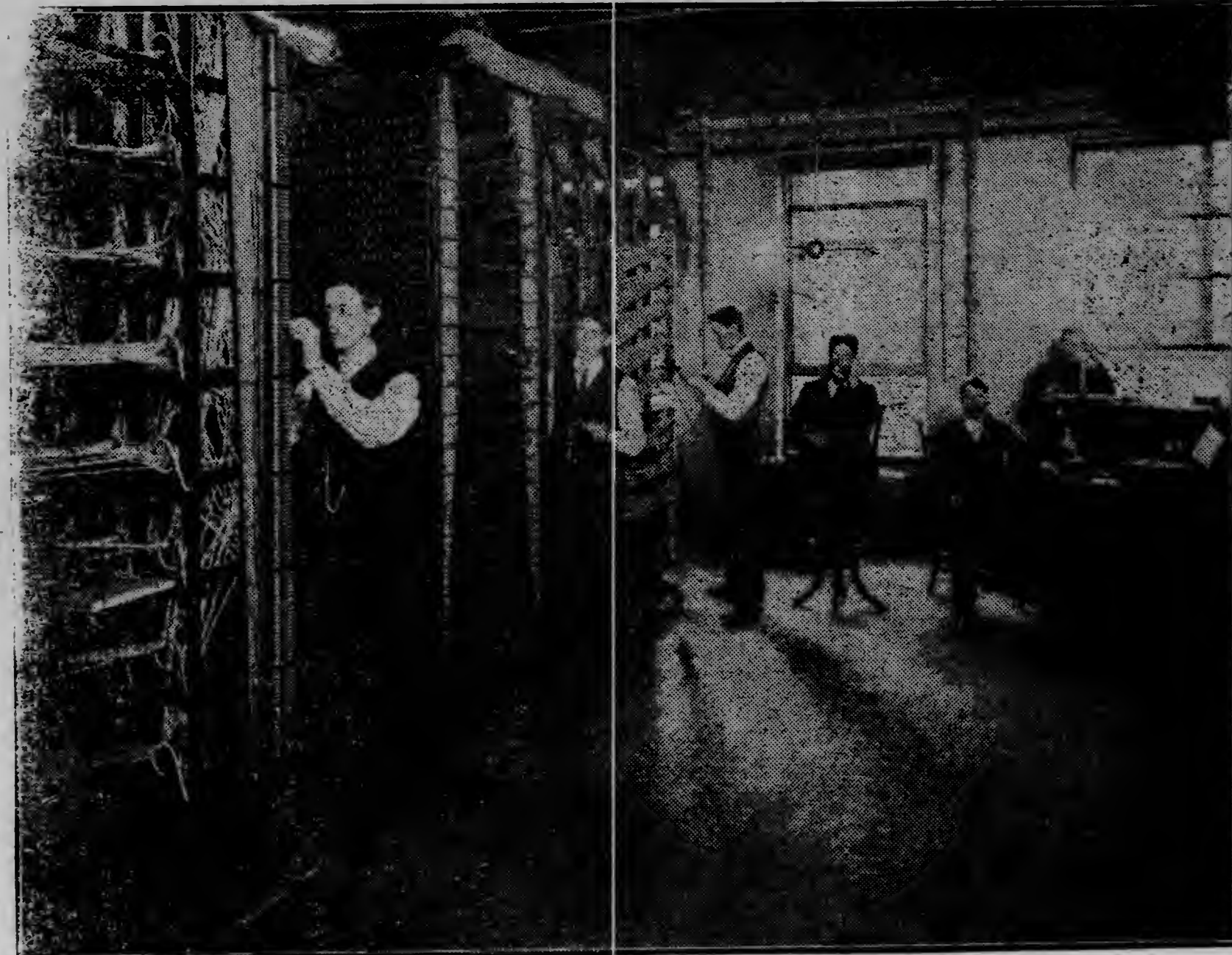
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can be reached on the adjoining "jack." This method permits every operator connecting subscribers from extremes on the "jacks" without changing her position on the board.

At the chief operator's desk a light also flashes with every call, and this employee has connections with every operator, so that she knows how promptly the calling is answered, or

whether there is any "jolly" going on. All "trouble" and complaints are reported to the chief operator. The picture of the terminal room and trouble department shows a detail of electrical equipment, mass of wires and cables that are almost bewildering to the uninitiated.

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HORSE AT RISK NOT WATER BUT THE SKATING RINK

Every horse has its horse with an odd habit. It makes warm air from steam radiators.

This is "Rowdy."

"Rowdy" enjoys the distinction of being one of the fire horses in the local department and at the present time, is attached to the No. 3 truck, at First avenue, East and Third street.

He was not bred in old Kentucky, nor has he the "sunshine of old Bourbon" in his eye and stomach, too, but he has one of the oddest habits that an equine has ever been known to have, and fire horses have some very peculiar traits.

"Rowdy" is a physical culturist to the extent that he believes in drinking hot water, in fact he will not drink anything else, and would stand for a day before a pall of cold water, no matter how thirsty he might be, without touching it.

Not only has he a penchant for hot water, but whenever the opportunity offers he goes to the nearest steam radiator in the fire hall and stands with his

nose over it inhaling the warm air until he has enough on the inside to send up an averaged size balloon. Occasions have been known where he would stand over a radiator until the steel bit rings and bit in his mouth became so hot that a person could not bear to hold them in his hand, yet this did not bother "Rowdy." He rather seemed to enjoy it.

On the records of the local fire department "Rowdy" is known as No. 16. He is a big dark brown gelding, weighing 1640 pounds and is fifteen years of age. His connection with the fire department began in 1894, so that he may be considered as one of the veterans of the department.

History does not state where he was foaled or from whom he was purchased, but it is known that "Rowdy" had no hot water fad in his nose when he became a fire horse.

Whether he read a physical culture magazine or whether some of his more learned horse friends told him about the fad, it is not definitely known by the firemen. A few years ago it was noticed that he had a hankering for hot water and the habit grew on him to such an extent that the men



"ROWDY" WITH STRANGE HABITS.

cleaning the harness, with pails of hot water, found it impracticable to leave the pull anywhere near the big nose or it was sure to disappear. Finally he came out flat-footed and refused to drink anything but hot water, and his whistle has been wet with it ever since. "Rowdy" is not too particular as to the degree of the warmth of the water offered him, but the hotter he can drink it, the better he seems satisfied. He can drink water as hot as a person can stand to put his hand in.

When "Rowdy" first took the hot water notion, it was thought he had the toothache and chose the hot water application direct instead of asking for a hot water bag, but the veterinary surgeon who examined him said the horse was sound in every respect.

Formerly "Rowdy" pulled the big steamer from Central hall, but his running mate died last winter and

since that time he has been before the truck. "Rowdy's" running mate will have nothing to do with hot water, but he has a fondness for chewing tobacco and for the ladies. If a woman goes into the fire hall and the big horse is not tied he will lose no time in getting over to her and making friends. He also likes candy, but has no use for children, showing his teeth and threatening them whenever they come near him. It is supposed that some children gave him some pepper candy on April Fool's day some time ago and he has never forgotten it.

Something over a year ago the department had a little gray horse that not only chewed tobacco, but drank beer. He also had a habit of getting around in his stall so that there was a lively scramble to get back whenever the alarm came in.

SISTERS OF POPE.

Maria Rosa and Anna Plain Type of Women.

Pope Plus, says W. E. Curtis in a letter from Rome to the Record-Herald, is one of eight children, three sons and five daughters. One of his brothers is a letter-carrier, and his wife keeps a little tobacco and stationery store in a village called Le Grazie, near the city of Mantua; his name is Angelo and his salary is \$60 a year. Another brother is a member of the carabinieri, a splendid corps of civil guards to which the political police of Italy is intrusted. One of his sisters is married to the keeper of a winery, who also sells cheese, eggs and other farm products at the town of Riese, where the pope was born. It is a village of about 100 inhabitants, two hours from Padua. You take the railroad as far as the station of Carlet-Franco and then ride six miles in a carriage. Another sister is married to the sacristan of the church at Riese, and the three unmarried ones have for many years kept house for their brother. Their mother, now dead, refused to live with her son, the Cardinal, in Venice, although during her widowhood she was frequently urged to do so. She preferred to remain in Riese because, as she often explained to her neighbors, she was more accustomed to a cottage than to a palace.

I saw the sisters yesterday. They are typical peasant women with ruddy faces, large waists, big red hands unadorned by gloves, and feet like a mountaineer's muscular, vigorous women, accustomed to labor, trained to frugal habits, and familiar with all the household arts. They are old maids, between 50 and 60 years of age. They have with them a niece, Giulia Sarto, about 35 years of age, a young woman, who, like them, is seeking Rome for the first time. Indeed, none of the brothers has ever been here, nor have any other members of the family.

nor had the pope himself before his election made more than a dozen brief visits to the capital.

They wanted to live with their brother in the Vatican, and take care of him, and do his cooking, as they had done for 20 years, and he would have been glad if such an arrangement could have been made, but the officials persuaded him that such a thing could not be. So he had his secretary secure them a comfortable but modest flat in the third story of a new apartment house on the Corso Vittorio Emanuele, one of the busiest streets of new Rome, where they can live as quietly as they like, can go and come without attracting observation, and can see what is going on around them.

This street leads to the Tiber and the old Castle of St. Angelo, which was originally built by the Emperor Hadrian for his tomb, but has been a fortress for sixteen centuries and is one of the first sights of the city. It is only four blocks from the Vatican, with which it was formerly connected by an underground passage.

Thus the sisters are within 10 minutes' walk of the Papal palace, but they find it very difficult to see their brother as often as they would like, and complain of the formalities by which he is surrounded.

In order that his sisters may be well looked after, the pope has provided them with a capable chaperon in the person of an experienced Roman woman of the middle class who is wise in the ways of the world, and can look out for their happiness and protect them from the adventures which swarm in Rome as in the other European capitals. His holiness has purchased two new carriages for them—a brown and a landau—so that they need not be riding in the street.

The Roman lady who has taken the pope's sisters in charge has already persuaded them to make some modifications in their costumes which will render them less conspicuous, and before many weeks I suppose they will be dressing and looking like the ordinary Romans of the middle class. But it is evident that they are too sensible to be spoiled, and that Plus X. will not follow the example of the famous Cardinal de Montelli, who brought his father and mother from their peasant home in the country, set them up in a Roman palace, and made them ridiculous.

Popular Resort of the Residents of the East End.

Few cities in the United States can boast of a free skating rink maintained by public subscription, and the one that has been recently opened in the East End speaks well for the popularity of skating as a winter sport in Duluth.

The new rink is the largest in the city, having a skating surface of nearly 75,000 square feet. It is 450 feet in length by 155 feet in width, and, when a good sheet of ice is secured it can accommodate almost the entire juvenile population of the city.

J. H. Davis has had charge of the arrangements for the new rink and it is largely owing to him that it has been secured. He has given a large share of his spare time during the past month to a personal supervision of the work and in addition to contributing quite a little sum of money himself, has raised a number of subscriptions and secured contributions of lumber and other materials.

The subscriptions for the rink were for the most part raised by a number of East End schoolboys who made a house to house canvass for funds. There is now a sufficient amount on hand to run the rink for several weeks, and it is hoped to raise enough during that time to keep it in operation throughout the winter.

A comfortable warming-shed has been erected on the grounds, and the rink is lighted with a number of electric lights.

Tuesday and Friday evenings have been set aside as "ladies' nights" by the management of the rink, and the small boys are requested to remain at home on those evenings.

A very strict set of rules has been drawn up, and they will be rigidly enforced, in order to prevent any boisterous conduct on the part of the small boys and young men who frequent the place.

The rink is proving to be a very popular resort among the residents of the East End. Not only the small boys and girls are taking advantage of the privileges of free skating, but the mothers and fathers of the children frequently be seen in some obscure corner of the rink diligently practicing the lost art of their younger days.

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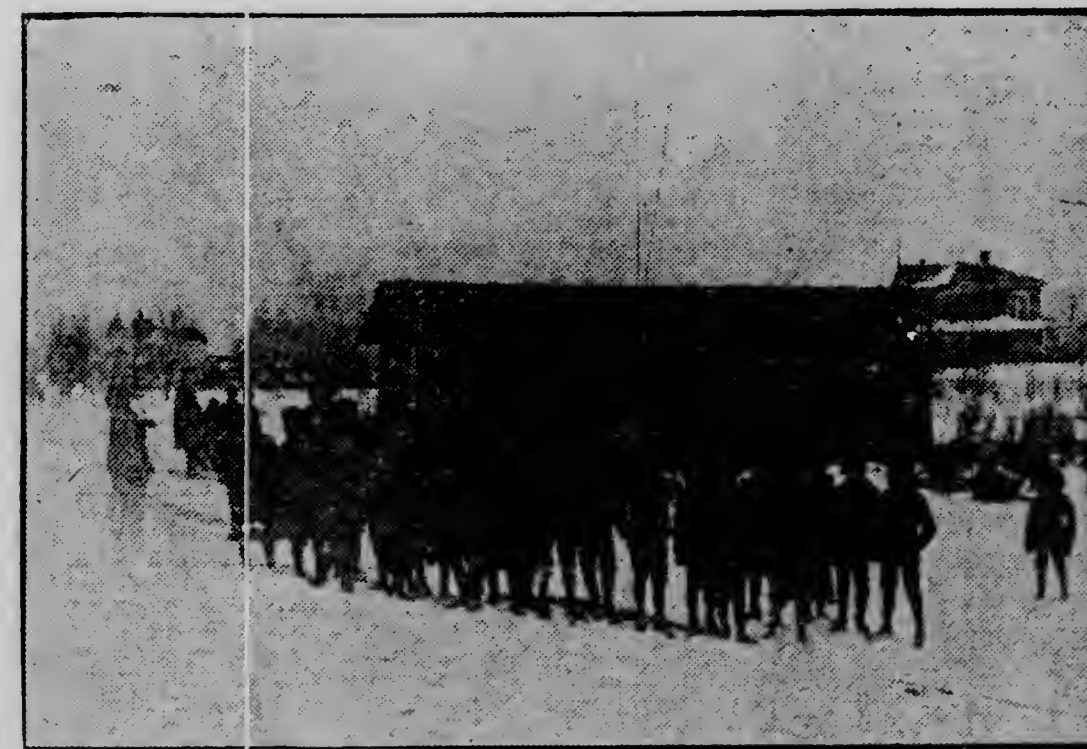
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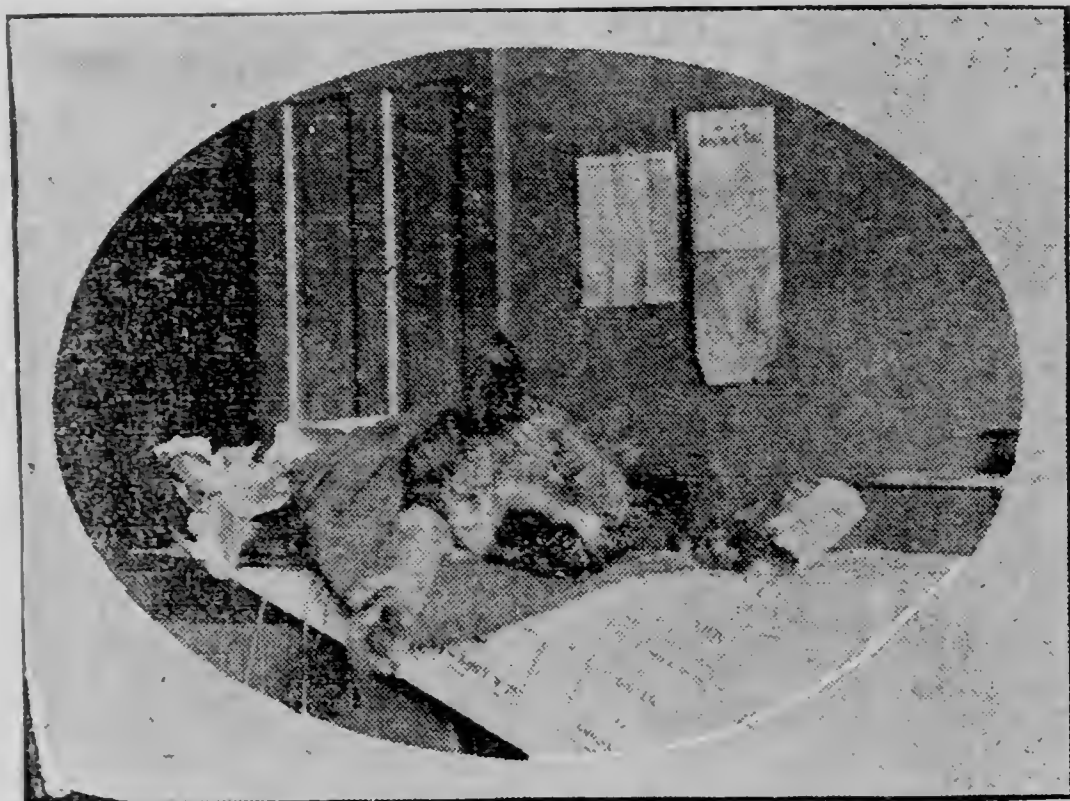
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THE WARMING SHED.



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The head and pelt came in a sack wrapped in paper and Deputy County Auditor Helm merely pulled the head out to punch the holes through the ears as required by law. The sack and

its contents were then placed on a desk where a kodak picture was taken. The photograph shows the head of a very vicious looking wolf, which in its death struggle during which it was clubbed over the head, died with its upper lip drawn showing the big fangs that have probably been fastened in some farmer's sheep.

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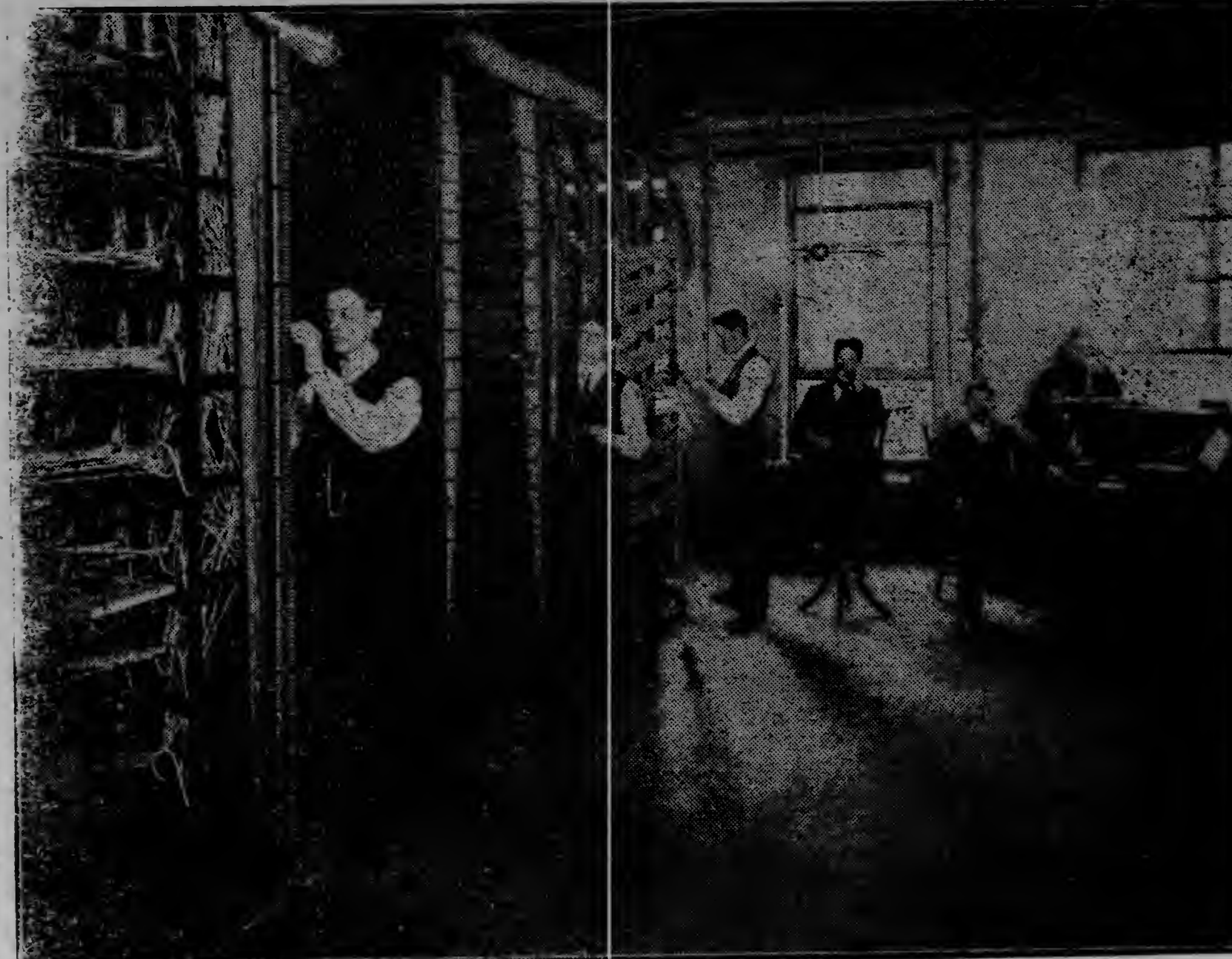
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From the relay the wires pass to the distributing rack, at the further end of the room. This rack contains a mass of wires crossing and recrossing in seemingly confusion, yet all are so numbered and located that the employees can go to the wire giving trouble with a few seconds' notice.

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The terminal room also has its chief, who has all the useful electrical appliances at his desk with which to locate the trouble reported. By means of an instrument, called the volt ammeter, he can usually tell whether the current is grounded or whether there is a short circuit. The desk also has a button that the chief presses to make that terrific buzzing heard in the receiver of a phone whenever the subscriber forgets to hang it up.

A HORSE THAT DRINKS HOT WATER THE FREE SKATING RINK

Fire Department Horse With An Odd Habit. Inhales Warm Air From Steam Radiators.

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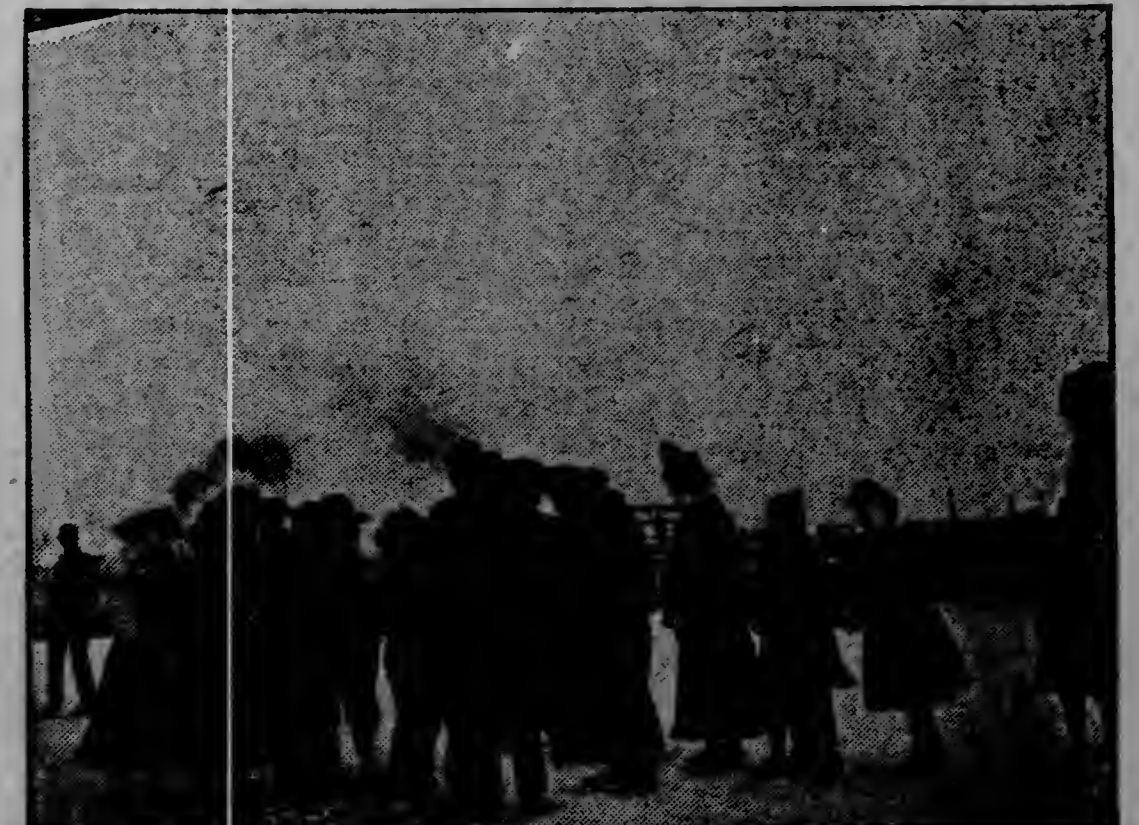
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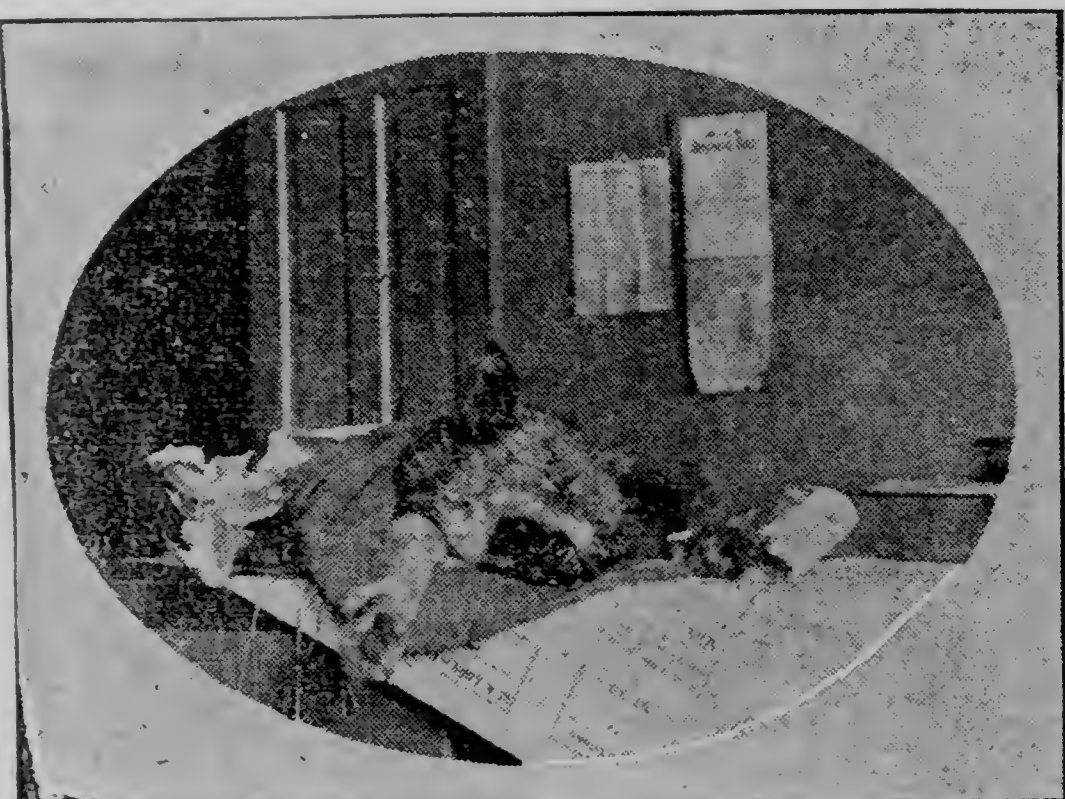
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I saw the sisters yesterday. They are typical peasant women with ruddy faces, large waists, big red hands unadorned by gloves, and feet shod like a mountaineer's muscular, vigorous women, accustomed to labor, trudging the hills and valleys familiar with all the household arts. They are old maids, between 50 and 60 years of age, and their names are Maria, Rosa and Anna. They have with them a niece, Giulia Sarto, about 15 years old, a buxom young woman, who, like them, is seeing Rome for the first time. In fact, none of the brothers has ever been here, nor have any other members of the family;

nor had the pope himself before his election made more than a dozen brief visits to the capital.

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COLORED INK

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How Subscribers Are Given the Connections They Want.

To most of the patrons of the local telephone lines, the terms "switchboard," terminal room, battery room, etc., are probably rather vague terms, and as very few people ever visit a telephone exchange, the vague slight ideas of the workings of the same. The accompanying pictures show the exchange room and the terminal and trouble room of the Zenith Telephone company in the Lyceum building, at the corner of Fifth avenue west and Superior street.

In the exchange may be seen the long line of telephone girls whose "Number?" greets the telephone patron every time he takes down the receiver and shouts, "Hello, Central." To the right is seen the chief operator's desk, and in the background, to the right, is the long distance phone desk.

At the further end of the switchboard are two girls, who do nothing else but tend to the trunk lines, from Superior and West Duluth, most of the residence phones being on the board in the front of the picture.

Whenever a subscriber takes down his receiver, whether at his place of business or at his home, a tiny light flashes in front of the operator and she "plugs" a hole with the subscriber's number on, with a cord from the inside of the switchboard, at the same time throwing over a small lever in front of her. The operator is now in communication with the subscriber, and asks for the number wanted. When she gets it she pulls up another cord from the board, "plugs" the hole at the number required, and pulls the lever back. This rings the bell of the phone of the person called for, and as soon as he takes down his receiver, another little light flashes to show the operator that connections are made. When the parties talking have finished and hang up their receivers the lights go out.

The board apparatus in front of the



THE ZENITH TELEPHONE EXCHANGE ROOM.

operator is designated by the name of "jacks," and there is one "jack" to every three sections, or three operators. The "jacks" carry the numbers of the phones from one up to the limit, and these are so arranged that every second girl sits so she can reach every number, while on other side of her the other operators can reach probably half the numbers on this "jack," and the rest

can be reached on the adjoining "jack." This method permits every operator connecting subscribers from extremes on the "jacks" without changing her position on the board.

At the chief operator's desk a light also flashes with every call, and this employee has connections with every operator, so that she knows how promptly the calling is answered, or whether there is any "jolly" going on. All "trouble" and complaints are reported to the chief operator.

The picture of the terminal room and trouble department shows a detail of electrical equipment, mass of wires and cables that are almost bewildering to the uninitiated.

THE TERMINAL AND TROUBLE ROOM.

switchboard. From the cables the wires, something like 2000 of them, pass to what is termed the terminal strips, the little light flashing in front of the operator on the board.

From the relays the wires pass to the distributing rack, at the further end of the room. This rack contains a mass of wires crossing and recrossing in seemingly confusion, yet all are so numbered and located that the employees can go to the wire giving trouble with a few seconds notice.

The terminal room also has its chief, who has all the needed electrical appliances at his desk with which to locate the trouble reported. By means of an instrument, called the volt ammeter, he can usually tell whether the current is grounded or whether there is a short circuit. The desk also has a button that the chief presses to make that terrible buzzing heard in the receiver of a phone whenever the subscriber forgets to hang it up.

MAKES WARM AIR FROM SEAM RADIATORS.

This is "Rowdy."

"Rowdy" enjoys the distinction of being one of the fire horses in the local department and at the present time, is attached to the No. 3 truck, at First avenue East and Third street.

He was not bred in old Kentucky, nor has he the "sunshine of old Bourbon" in his eye and stomach, too, but he has one of the oddest habits that an engine has ever been known to have, and fire horses have some very peculiar traits.

"Rowdy" is a physical culturist to the extent that he believes in drinking hot water, in fact he will not drink anything else, and would stand for a day before a pall of cold water, no matter how thirsty he might be, without touching it.

Not only has he a penchant for hot water, but whenever the opportunity offers he goes to the nearest steam radiator in the fire hall and stands with his



"ROWDY," WITH STRANGE HABITS.

nose over it inhaling the warm air until he has enough on the inside to send up an averaged size balloon.

Occasions have been known where he would stand over a radiator until the steel bit rings and bit in his mouth became so hot that a person could not bear to hold them in his hand, yet this did not bother "Rowdy." He rather seemed to enjoy it.

On the records of the local fire department "Rowdy" is known as No. 16. He is a big dark brown gelding, weighing 1600 pounds and is fifteen years of age. His connection with the fire department began in 1894, so that he may be considered as one of the veterans of the department.

History does not state where he was foaled or from whom he was purchased, but it is known that "Rowdy" had no hot water fad in his noddle when he became a fire horse.

Whether he read a physical culture magazine or whether some of his more learned horse friends told him about the hot water wrinkle, is not definitely known by the firemen. A few years ago it was noticed that he had a habit of going for hot water and the habit grew on him to such an extent that the men

cleaning the harness, with pails of hot water, found it impracticable to leave the stall anywhere near the big horse or it was sure to disappear. Finally he came out flat-footed and refused to drink anything but hot water, and his whistle has been wet with it ever since.

"Rowdy" is not too particular as to the degree of warmth of the water offered him, but the hotter he can drink it, the better he seems satisfied. He can drink water about as hot as a person can stand to put his hand in.

When "Rowdy" first took the hot water notion, it was thought he had the toothache and chose the hot water application direct instead of asking for a hot water bag, but the veterinary surgeon who examined him said the horse was sound in every respect.

Formerly "Rowdy" hauled the big steamer from Central hall, but his running mate died last winter and

since that time he has been before the truck.

"Rowdy's" running mate will have nothing to do with hot water, but he has a fondness for chewing tobacco and for the ladies. If a woman goes into the fire hall and the big horse is not tied he will lose no time in getting over to her and making friends. He also likes candy, but has no use for children, showing his teeth and threatening them whenever they come near him. It is supposed that some children gave him some peanut candy on April Fools' day some time ago and he has never forgotten it.

Something over a year ago the department had a little gray horse that not only chewed tobacco, but drank beer. He also had a habit of getting around in his stall so that there was a lively scramble to get back whenever the alarm came in.

Popular Resort of the Residents of the East End.

Few cities in the United States can boast of a free skating rink maintained by public subscription, and the one that has been recently opened in the East End speaks well for the popularity of skating as a winter sport in Duluth.

The new rink is the largest in the city, having a skating surface of nearly 75,000 square feet. It is 450 feet in length by 175 feet in width, and under a good sheet of ice is secured it can accommodate almost the entire juvenile population of the city.

J. H. Davis has had charge of the arrangements for the new rink and it is largely owing to his supervision that it has been secured. He has given a large share of his spare time during the past month to a personal supervision of the work and in addition to contributing quite a little sum of money himself, has raised a number of subscriptions and secured contributions of lumber and other materials.

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A comfortable warming-shed has been erected on the grounds, and the rink is lighted with a number of electric lights.

Tuesday and Friday evenings have been set aside as "ladies' nights" by the management of the rink, and the small boys are requested to remain at home on those evenings.

A very strict set of rules has been drawn up, and they will be rigidly enforced, in order to prevent any boisterous conduct on the part of the small boys and young men who frequent the rink.

The rink is proving to be a very popular resort among the residents of the East End. Not only the small boys and girls are taking advantage of the privileges of free skating, but the mothers and fathers of the children may frequently be seen in some obscure corner of the rink, diligently practicing the lost art of their younger days.

On fine afternoons crowds of 200 to 300 people are frequent, although the rink has been in operation only a week, and the ice is as yet in rather poor condition.

More hose is needed to properly flood the ice, and Mr. Davis is making every effort to secure some.

The rink is situated just east of Twelfth avenue on the south side of London road, on the grounds occupied by the summer carnival and is open morning, afternoon and evening to all citizens who own skates or can borrow or steal a pair.

die class. But it is evident that they are too sensible to be spoiled, and that Pius X. will not follow the example of the famous Cardinal Antonelli, who brought his father and mother from their peasant home in the country, set them up in a Roman palace, and made them ridiculous.

Ordinary Rules Defied.

Baltimore American: The fact that the whipping post has no reformatory influence on criminals in Delaware is no crime for the rest of the country. Delaware criminals, like Delaware politicians, are a law unto themselves. For instance, any man in any other state in the Union would have given up a race for the United States senatorship after seventeen trials. But look at Addicks.



VIEW OF THE RINK.



THE WARMING SHED.



SOME OF THE SKATERS.



WOLF SHOT BY HENRY KANGAS.

The accompanying picture shows the head of the big grey timber wolf attached to the pelt that Henry Kangas sent to the county auditor's office from the town of Haskin, this week to collect the state and county bounty amounting to \$15.

The head and pelt came in a sack wrapped in paper and Deputy County Auditor Helm merely pulled the head out to punch the holes through the ears as required by law. The sack and

its contents were then placed on a desk where a kodak picture was taken. The photograph shows the head of a very vicious looking wolf, which in its death struggle during which it was clashed over the head, died with its upper lip drawn showing the big fangs that have probably been fastened in some farmer's sheep.

After the holes have been punched in the ears the pelt is expressed back to the owner, who has to pay the express charges each way.

SISTERS OF POPE.

Maria Rosa and Anna Plain Type of Women.

Pope Pius, says W. E. Curtis in a letter from Rome to the Record-Herald, is one of eight children, three sons and five daughters. One of his brothers is a letter-carrier, and his wife keeps a little tobacco and stationery store in a village called Le Grazie, near the city of Mantua, his name is Angelo and his salary is \$80 a year. Another brother is a member of the carabinieri, a splendid corps of civil guards to which the political police of Italy is intrusted. One of his sisters is married to the keeper of a winery, who also sells cheese, eggs and other farm products at the town of Riese, where the pope was born. It is a village of about five inhabitants, two hours from Padua. You take the railroad as far as the station of Carlet-Franco and then ride six miles in a carriage. Another sister is married to the sacristan of the church at Riese, and the three unmarried ones have for many years kept house for their brother. Their mother, now dead, refused to live with her son, the Cardinal, in Venice, although during her widowhood she was frequently urged to do so. She preferred to remain in Riese because, as she often explained to her father, she was more accustomed to a cottage than to a palace.

They saw the sisters yesterday. They are typical peasant women with ruddy faces, large waists, big red hands unused to labor, and feet shoe like a mountain goat, but with all the household arts. They are old maids, between 50 and 60 years of age, and their names are Maria Rosa and Anna. They have with them a niece, Maria, who is 25 years old, a buxom young woman, who, like them, is seeing Rome for the first time. Indeed, none of the brothers has ever been here, nor have any other members of the family.

nor had the pope himself before his election made more than a dozen brief visits to the capital.

They wanted to live with their brother in the Vatican, and take care of him, and do his cooking, as they had done for 25 years, and he would have been glad if such an arrangement could have been made, but the officials would not let it.

So he had his secretary secure them a comfortable but modest flat in the third story of a new apartment house on the Corso Victor Emmanuel, one of the busiest streets of new Rome, where they can live as quietly as they like, can go and come without attracting observation, and can see what is going on around them.

This street leads to the Tiber and the old Castle of St. Angelo, which was originally built by the Emperor Hadrian for his tomb, but has been a fortress for sixteen centuries and is one of the first sights of the city. It is only four blocks from the Vatican, with which it was formerly connected by an underground passage.

Thus the sisters are within 10 minutes' walk of the Papal palace, but they find it very difficult to see their brother as often as they would like, and complain of the formalities by which he is surrounded.

In order that his sisters may be well looked after, the pope has provided them a capable chaperon in the person of an experienced Roman woman of the middle class who is wise in the ways of the world and can look out for their happiness and protect them from the advances of the swarms in Rome as in the other European capitals. His holiness has purchased two new carriages for them—a brougham and a landau—so that they need not be riding in the streets and exposing themselves to the notoriety that their relationship will attract.

The Roman lady who has taken the pope's sisters in charge has already persuaded them to make some modifications in their costumes which will render them less conspicuous, and before many weeks I suppose they will be dressing and looking like the ordinary Romans of the middle

COLORED INK

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

FASHIONABLE NEW YEAR HATS

A Sharp Line Is Drawn This Year Between the Little Hat and the Big Hat--The Small One the Hat For Calling.

New York, Jan. 2.--"Which will you have, madam, beauty or elegance?" asked the milliner, pointing a hat upon her hand. "The small hat is distinctly elegant while the large one is directly becoming. You can take your choice."

The customer hesitated, looking first at the little cloth toque with its winking cockade at the side, then, at the large hat, finally her wandering eyes rested upon the big velvet hat with its Gainsborough plume. "I will take the big hat," said she. Then she added with a laugh, "I like to be elegant and to wear an elegant little toque, but I prefer to be pretty and wear a picture hat."

There is this year a sharp line drawn between the little hat and the big hat. There is no middle ground. Either you take the very large hat with its abundance of velvet and its waving plumes. The betwixt-and-between hat is nowhere to be seen in the show cases of Dame Fashion.

The small hat is the hat for calling and its material is cloth, and some of velvet. The braided felt hat is very elegant and the little hat which is made of scollage or disks of felt, one overlapping the other like a thatch, is sure to have a dressy look.

There is something distinctly elegant about these little "made" hats of cloth or felt, and they are the most popular of the season. In others the brim is short in the back and rolling in the front.

This question of the poke bonnet is one that continually agitates the world. "Will she or will she not wear the poke?" is the question which Paris milliners put to each other every year, and the answer comes back that she will not.

Still, the poke comes in again and again, in this form or that. Just now you see traces of it in the very wide-brimmed hat which is bent down on each side just enough to make it scoop-shaped. This hat sets off a very young face very well, but is death to the stately party who attempts to wear it.

While a great many of the new hats are built for young faces, a great many are constructed so as to be becoming to the more mature types. Of course, the hat which sets back from the face never has been, and never will be becoming to the woman of advanced years. A hat that sets back from the face is one that forces a woman to admit every year of her age. And, if it be of the wrong type, it forces a woman to admit every year of her age. And, if it be of the wrong type, it forces a woman to admit every year of her age.

It is a sad season for the woman with a trunk full of flat hats in her wardrobe. For the flat hat is going out, and in certain shapes, it is completely. The hat that is shaped like a pancake and

course, be of the best quality of silk fringes and should be of rather full, precisely as though one were draping the edge of a hat with lace to fall in a little curtain over the hair and face.

Very many are the trimmings that are used upon hats. The streamer question is one that still worries the milliners and, while it is still unsettled, the courageous ones are taking the opportunity to experiment a little.

One very pretty hat, all of chiffon and lace, an evening hat, was trimmed at one side with a scarf of panne silk. The scarf was tied into a big, fat chou with two wide ends that trailed over the side of the head.

Another hat, a hat of the season, and heralded as an advance style, was trimmed with two bands of peau de soie, which were carried around the hat and tied in a great flat knot at the back. The ends hung down to the waistband. Again, a hat which was shaggy felt was trimmed with a veil of floating ends, the veil being embroidered in holly and holly leaves.

It will be seen from these accounts of the latest hats that streamers have not entirely gone out and that the woman who wants to wear them and finds them becoming will have the approval of those who are in fashion's realm.

A great many hats are remarkable for the arrangement of the brim. And among these are the "short-back" hats. The brim in the back is so narrow as to amount to nothing at all, while in the front it is very wide and is bent in scoop shape. In others the brim is short in the back and rolling in the front.

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BLACK VELVET AND ERMINE.



This handsome black velvet coat is of the Russian blouse style, tailor-made, with very moderate sleeves having wide turned-back cuffs. The collar and revers are faced with ermine, and a rich girde of white silk cord outlines the waist. The coat is lined with white satin. The hat is of ermine, with white and black wings.

A WREATH OF BIRDS.



This is one of the "smart" new French sailor hats, in white felt, edged with a shirred band of white taffeta. The crown is of medium height and edged with a wreath of little white birds, set in a nest of tulle.

which sets on the top of the head by means of ingenuity and many hat pins is out entirely, and the woman who owns such a hat can do nothing except reconstruct it with velvet and feathers.

And the flat hat can certainly be reconstructed if one goes at it properly. One of the prettiest hats of the season is an all-lace hat, which last season was a white lace flat hat. This year the clever owner has built a little round crown of pasteboard and has covered it with white silk. Over this she has draped two very large blue feathers. The hat is bound very delicately with black velvet, which is put on to make a ridge of velvet around the edge about the size of your finger.

The hats worn by Miss Alice Roosevelt are miracles of beauty. She wore to a reception the other day a gown of bell-trope cloth, with a hat all bell-trope. The next day she went out calling in a gown of mole-colored velvet, with a hat of black, with plumes of black. Miss Roosevelt wears always a very large hat, and its plumes are always waving. Her hats, while not conspicuous, are certainly becoming, and even dashing.

Miss Whitney, the daughter of William C. Whitney, a young woman not yet in society but soon to make her debut, dresses in white a great deal, and always white of the most effective kind. There is a white that resembles ivory which is particularly fetching with a very large black hat to cast its shadows over it. The woman who wants to be effective will not neglect even so small a thing as a tone of shadow, for it is often these little things that make or mar beauty.

It was the duchess of Marlborough who started the fad of trimming the inside of a hat brim. The old fad was discarded by her and in their place she embroidered and appliqued and otherwise decorated the under part of the hat.

Her grace was speedily followed by others who saw an opportunity to trim a part of the hat which had hitherto been neglected, and for the past few seasons the under side of the brim has been one of the most decorated parts of the hat.

But this season all previous efforts have been outstripped. The under side of the hat is as gorgeous as the upper side, and in some cases a thousand trimmings of any kind on top, but with tips galore and velvet knots beneath.

One of the most fetching hats is one with English proclivities. It is made of felt and is turned up at each side, one side higher than the other. At the under side is trimmed with old little feathery trimmings, which are really little wheels of chenille in the center of each of which there is fastened a little gold ornament. On another hat the under side of the brim is trimmed with little loops of chenille put on to look a great deal like fringe.

Another lovely hat is faced with a soft fold of chiffon, with the chiffon a trick of the leaders of fashion, and five or six thicknesses deep. Upon the

outer side is appliqued a medallion of white lace, and in the middle of each medallion there is a little raised head in cameo.

Just by what process this bit of an ivory head--this cameo--is secured to the lace and how long it will stay when it comes to wearing it are two points about which the spectator must not be too critical or too inquisitive. All hats are faced in some elaborate way. It is not only the little hat, but the big one as well which has its under side profusely trimmed. The big hats are noted for this kind of treatment. And even the little hats have their share.

Tiny cloth toques, little English walking shapes and the neat turbans are all turned up all the way around and the sides covered with braided cloth or latticed strips of velvet and cloth put together in an artistic way and ornamented with a button.

The present fashion of using feathers in under the hat is one that meets with much favor, for how else will feathers show off as well?

Feathers quite long are arranged upon the bandeau and are allowed to droop upon the ear, and, again, you see feathers caught boldly and conspicuously in under the brim, there to trail until lost in the mazes of more feathers at the back of the hat.

Midwinter millinery, instead of growing more and more beautiful and more interesting, and the milliners now give midwinter openings, and so they set the ball rolling for some handsome hats to appear between the first of the year and the close of Lent.

A neck arrangement which deserves a place in fashion's highest nook was made of blue panne velvet. It was about twelve inches wide and was cut to be round the neck and hang down in two very long stoles almost to the very floor. Over this blue velvet there was arranged a series of fur heads and tails, which almost covered it. There they were, the heads and tails, cunningly intertwined and decorating the blue velveteen in the prettiest possible fashion. The affair was called a stole colarette. Certainly it was pretty enough to give the touch of elegance to any and every gown with which it could have been worn.

The fashions in neck arrangements afford the woman with taste and time and a little left-over material plenty of opportunity for handwork. One woman who dresses a great deal cut out a collar of black satin. It was shoulder deep with two long ends in front. Upon this she set a narrow band of mink. And she arranged a few hanging tails and an ornament or two in front in the shape of cunning little fur heads. The whole made a very dressy little affair and cost very little.

But, of course, one can spend a great deal if one is inclined to do so. One can take a deep lace collar, and this is a trick of the leaders of fashion, and can set little ermine eyes right into the

LACE AND FUR HAT.



This beautiful turban is of Irish lace over white tulle on the brim, the flat crown being of sable, and the two white plumes are held on the crown by a handsome pearl and rhinestone ornament. From H. Bendel.

OF BLUE PEAU DE CREPE.



This graceful dinner gown has the tucks running in irregular depths down to the knees, the shirred fans being set in. The yoke is tucked across and the blouse waist shirred on. It shows a much rounder waist effect. The trimming is of embroidery and lace. The sleeves show one of the latest ideas.

NEW RECEPTION GOWN.



This beautiful gown is distinctive for its plain cut. The material is cream-white Lansdowne, trimmed with deep cream lace, applied on the material. The curved lines are small tucks taken in the material, finished with medallions of lace. The sleeves show one of the newest designs. From Ehrich Bros.

Portland, Ore., San Francisco and Return.

January 6, 7, 8 and 9th the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Portland and return for \$20. To San Francisco and return, \$37.50; tickets good returning until January 31st, 1904. Two through trains daily, including Famous North Coast Limited. Leave Duluth, 8:40 a. m., arrive Portland 7 a. m. third day. For tickets, sleeping car accommodation and full information, call at City Office, 332 West Superior street.

Portland, Ore., and Return \$50

On sale January 6, 7, 8 and 9, via "The North-Western Line," excursion tickets to Portland and return for \$50. Tickets good for return up to January 31st, 1904. City Ticket Office, 406 West Superior street.

Matinee

THE COMING WEEK AT THE THEATERS

"The Devil's Auction," "The Chaperons," "Slave of the Mines," and Marie Cahill in "Nancy Brown" at the Lyceum---"Tom, Dick and Harry" and "The Galley Slave" at the Metropolitan.

When Miss Marie Cahill, who is starring in "Nancy Brown," opens her engagement of two nights and a matinee performance at the Lyceum theater next Friday evening the theater-goers of Duluth will have an opportunity of seeing an actress who has established a new school of comedy.

As a comedienne, Miss Cahill's work is absolutely unique and typical of herself alone. Her first entrance in the opening act of "Nancy Brown" is characteristically expressive of everything she does. There is no blare of trumpets to announce Miss Cahill's entrance; no crowd of chorus men and maidens forming an aisle down the center of the stage and pointing expectantly at the point where she is to appear.

In fact, Miss Cahill does not rely upon a big stage picture to make her appearance effective. For all she cares, the man in charge of the calcium light can go to sleep. Without a typhoon of trumpets, she walks simply upon the stage, unheralded. She goes straight down to the footlights and smiles, and after that her audience belongs to her. She seems to say to everyone of the myriad faces before her: "Hello! Let us be friends. I like you and I'm going to try and make you like me. Want to hear me sing? All right." Then she sings, and that's all there is to it.

There have been thousands upon thousands of columns written about Miss Cahill by public men and women, but in the end all the praise lavished upon her and her art narrows itself down to a single term—individuality. As one critic said: "There is but a single actress like Marie Cahill in the world, and that is Marie Cahill."

Aside from the star's individual work one of the most potent reasons for the wonderful success scored by "Nancy Brown" in New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Washington and Boston, lies in the exceptionally excellent supporting company with which Miss Cahill's manager, Daniel V. Arthur, has surrounded his star.

Julius Steger, who sings the leading tenor role in the piece, is considered the most finished male artist in the light musical field. W. H. Trenchard, who is known in every city in the United States by reason of the many leading comedy roles he has played.

Alf Grant, who has the role of Noah Little, was a vaudeville star before he was tempted into musical comedy by the large salary Mr. Arthur offered him to create one of the comedy roles in "Nancy Brown."

Harry Brown, who plays another leading comedy role, has a number of years, and alternated with Henry Clay Barnhart as the Sheriff of Nottingham, in "Robin Hood."

George Behan, the exaggerated Frenchman, who appears in the role of the Count Fronton de Eric, established himself on Broadway in a single night, and has signed an extended contract with Mr. Arthur, his present manager, who expects great things of Mr. Behan before he is much older.

Henry Vogel, who is also a member

of the company, was a leading baritone with the Royal Canadian Opera company before he was engaged to play his present role.

Roy Atwell, who enacts a chaplain role, was for three years an understudy of Stuart Dobson, and has imperceptibly acquired many of the characteristic vocal tones and mannerisms of the great comedian, who became famous throughout America as Bertie, the Lamb, in "The Henrietta."

George J. Damerel, Edwin W. Lewis and Mary Burgess are all players of proven ability and are maintaining their standards in "Nancy Brown."

Miss Clara Palmer, granddaughter of the famous Indian fighter, Col. Palmer, is a pretty girl with a pretty voice. One of the hits of the piece is the duet, "A Little Birdie Told Me So," which Miss Palmer sings with Mr. Atwell.

Donah Hendrix, who plays the part of the Princess Barboe, sprung into prominence in a single season. This is her second year on the stage and she has already proved to be an emotional player of rare ability.

Helen Sherwood is the fairest woman on the American stage, and, according to Prince Henry, who saw her during his American visit, she is the most beautiful girl in the world.

She posed for the younger daughter of "Mr. Polyp," in Charles J. Van Dusen's series of drawings, "The Education of Mr. Pipp," Augustus Thomas, the playwright, has written a comedy around her pictures, and Daniel V. Arthur, who will produce the play, has signed Miss Sherwood to enact the part for which she originally posed.

"THE CHAPERONS"
Famous Musical Comedy to Play Return Engagement.

"The Chaperons," a comic opera, which has made an enviable reputation in the East and Middle West, and which was the big musical hit of Broadway at the New York theater, will be offered again to local theater-goers at the Lyceum Tuesday evening, Jan. 3. This season practically all the favorites have been retained in the cast, which is headed by the comedian John G. Sparks, whose impersonation of the subway contractor O'Shaunnessy is regarded as one of his greatest comedy efforts; Thomas Whiffen, who this season plays the Cincinnati pork-packer, while the big buffo-basso, W. V. Strunk, impersonates the egotistical operatic impresario. The prominent lady members of the company include emotional Mabel Hite, with her grotesque girl detective role and "My Sambo" ballad; graceful and artistic Max Boley and her popular songs; the brilliant vocalist Genevieve Day, as the little girl who couldn't say no; the Oriental step dancer, pretty Mae Stebbins, and the prize beauty chorus that made such an impression last year on admirers of female patchitude throughout the country visited by "The Chaperons" organization.

The story of "The Chaperons" is really one of no importance, but if you

don't know, it relates to the adventures of one Adam Hogg, an American pork-packer, who has gone to Paris in search of his beautiful young ward and likewise a seal to a will, both being lost.

Hogg is a busy old soul, and as a member of the Anti-Vice society, he is doing Paris in his official capacity. In his search for the lost ward and seal he falls into the clutches of a professional chaperon, an opera impresario and several more grafters, who proceeded to do his at the rate of every so often.

The long-lost ward is found wandering around Paris, being one of the spear-carriers in the chaperon emporium, and as soon as she finds her long-lost lover and they clinch the packer butts in between them and orders the girl back home and the fellow off with the opera troupe he has signed with.

We next have them all in Egypt, the troupe having been stranded there, and the girl there pursuing the baritone, also the girl detective, who has sleuthed all the way from Paris. The girl detective is also looking for a seal, but hers is of the menagerie species. All the difficulties are adjusted, the two seals are restored, the girl gets the baritone, the packer gets the chaperone, and they all go back to the Bois de Boulogne.

The company only plays two nights at the head of the lake at this time, appearing at Superior next Monday night and Duluth Tuesday night. Thence it goes to Chicago via the copper country.

THE FERRIS COMPANY
Bills For Next Week at the Metropolitan.

Tonight will be the last performance of "My Jim" at the Metropolitan, with Dick Ferris in "My Jim," supported by his excellent stock company. Clever specialties will be offered between every act.

Opening Monday evening, the Ferris company will be seen in force comedy, "Tom, Dick and Harry" is not of the "slap and bang" order of farces, but is cleverly constructed, and well written. The plot of the piece is concentrated on the resemblance of two brothers, who have not seen each other for years, and a friend, who disguises himself as his friend, in order to win over his father's cousin. With such a plot there is no limit to the exceedingly funny and ridiculous complications that can arise from the presence of the three characters, who are supposed to be two.

All of the members of the Ferris Stock company, who opened last Tuesday night before a strange audience and immediately won the hearts of Metropolitan patrons by their clever work in "My Jim," will be seen in "Tom, Dick and Harry," as well as Miss Mabel Gilbert, the leading woman and Miss Emily Batio, the soubrette, both of whom have been seen with Mr. Ferris' company last season. In addition to the regular cast, A. Byron Bensley,

leading man of the Ferris company at Minneapolis, will appear in the leading role of this comedy. James Drew, another new member of the company, will make his first appearance in this play, which he will direct.

The specialty features will be entirely changed, and made a feature at every performance of "Tom, Dick and Harry," between every act. This play will run three nights with the regular Wednesday matinee. Seats on sale at the box office Monday morning at 9 o'clock.

Starting Thursday evening, at the Metropolitan, the Ferris Stock company will be seen in a great production of "The Galley Slave." The play is the best of that great playwright, Bartley Campbell. It will be given a very complete and detailed equipment, as to scenery, properties and costumes. This piece will require the full acting strength of the Ferris organization, vaudeville artists will be seen between acts with new and clever specialties. Seats on sale Monday morning at the Metropolitan box office for this play as well as "Tom, Dick and Harry."

"SLAVES OF THE MINE"
A play with a heart story, true to nature, romantic and yet consistent, is to be the attraction at the Lyceum Wednesday and Thursday nights. This is a comedy drama which is the joint authorship of Daniel L. Hart, whose "Farish Priest," "Melbourne" and "The Juckling" have placed him in the first rank of dramatists, and of C. E. Callahan, whose "Coon Hollow," "Poggy's" and "The Duke of York's" are familiar upon a law peculiar to most mineral states, and certainly so to Pennsylvania, which makes the conveyance of ore unless specified in a deed of land. Beautiful special scenery by James Fox, of New York, including an actual elevator in operation, a select metropolitan cast, and the famous Eagle quartet, are among the features of "Slaves of the Mine."

"THE DEVIL'S AUCTION"
For over a fifth of a century Charles H. Yale has continuously kept the famous "Devil's Auction" before the public, the coming season recording the "twenty-second" edition of this really marvelous attraction. Every season for the past twenty-one years it has been revised and brought up to date by the introduction of new and timely matter, clever novelties, original and old ideas

in scenery and costumes, imported and native artists in all branches of the profession, sumptuous ballets and special features that were exclusive to this attraction.

"The Devil's Auction" will be seen at the Lyceum Monday evening.

ELABORATE SCENERY.
Does It Hamper and Handicap the Actor?

Jerome K. Jerome, the humorist, and sometime dramatist, lately addressed the "P. Club" of London and gave expression to some rather startling opinions. He said among other things: "Excessive decoration is like an old woman trying to get about with seventeen parcels and a portmanteau."

This from the author of "Miss Hobbs" comes in the nature of a bewildering surprise. Jerome's comedy was produced three seasons or more ago in London. One of the principal scenes of the play was laid aboard the yacht and it will be recalled by those who keep abreast of things theatrical that the author demanded as his right that every little nautical detail should be faithfully carried out by the scenic painter and scene painter. Is it, then, that the merry humorist would strenuously demand excessive decoration in his own play and deny it to others? One might also hazard the suggestion that, having seen the error of his way, if error it be, in his own comedy, Jerome would save others from falling into a like mischief. Humorists are sometimes fallacious reformers.

The question, however, seems to be: What is "overelaboration," and to what production does the author of "Three Men in a Boat" refer? He could not have had in mind the spectacles produced at the Empire and Hippodrome Music Halls or even the pantomimes annually presented at Drury Lane, for he distinctly mentions "plays." To say that the productions made at Sir Charles Wyndham's, at Charles Frohmant's Duke of York's, at the Holm Trees, Her Majesty's or at Harrison & Maude's Haymarket are in bad taste—for "overelaboration," is truly that seems too utterly absurd to be worthy of sober comment. Any one who would find fault with the artistic scenic investments to be seen at these several playhouses would be most difficult to please.

To whom, then, does the genial humorist refer? It may be that he has lately witnessed a performance by the Elizabethans, an English society which gives occasional performances of the classics on a bare stage or exactly as the plays are supposed to have been presented during Elizabeth's time. But it is recalled that these classic enthusiasts were awhile ago called to book by the scholarly John Corbin and other literati on the stage, who pointed out that their ideas regarding stage scenery—or the absence of it—during Shakespeare's time were all wrong, and based upon an insecure foundation of fact and reality. In short, late in the afternoon of this great evening, the old notion of the bare stage and the signboard bearing the legend, "This castle," was false in fact and theory, and more than likely little else than a whimsicality of Hogarth's. Furthermore, if anybody cares to satisfy himself that scenery was employed during Shakespeare's time, let him turn to the life of Inigo Jones or Ben Jonson and be completely satisfied to the contrary.

That Shakespeare knew of scenery is hardly open to argument. All his plays call for scenery, properties and correct costumes. Even in his youth he witnessed a performance of a miracle play with an elaborate setting; he surely knew of the use of scenery by the Italians, and it is beyond reason to imagine that he did not witness or know of the performance of Jonson's "Mask" with the elaborate setting prepared for it by Inigo Jones, the famous architect. This scenic production, which was minutely described by Jonson, was made six years before Shakespeare died.

It may be that Mr. Jerome is hitting Mr. Tree's Shakespearean revivals. If so, he can be said adversely that the bad taste lies entirely in Mr. Jerome's mind, or, rather, on his mental tongue—for if Mr. Tree is to be decried for presenting Shakespeare in a beautiful and artistic manner, what hope may any manager of culture have that he will receive a fair and honest recognition from the public? In this country Shakespeare has been reverently given by Edwin Booth, Augustin Daly, E. H. Sothern, Julia Marlowe, and Richard Mansfield. Viola Allen is the latest to succeed in one of the most difficult of Avon's plays and it is hardly saying too much that her production of "Twelfth Night" is the most magnificent and artistic revival of this greatest of comedies that has ever been seen on the stage.

In the olden times a few simple settings sufficed, since stage carpentry and scene painting had not yet arrived at

the perfection that they have at this time. Nowadays Shakespeare is lavishly and fervently treated, since when he calls for an Italian garden for the fair Olivia's use, as in the case of Miss Allen's production of "Twelfth Night," he is given one with a splendid fountain, hedges and arbors and other formalities, which would as surely delight the eyes of the poet as they do those of the modern spectator. It is hard to imagine that Mr. Jerome is so entirely lost to the eternal fitness of things as to consider that such a production as this one, and those by Mr. Tree, Mr. Sothern and Mr. Mansfield, is really not worth while!

Mr. Jerome seems to think that the actor is hindered, harpered and handicapped when surrounded by the elaborate scenery known to the stage of our time; that it is too much to expect of the comedian and his co-conspirators when placed amidst one of our modern stage settings to hold an audience and produce a continuous ripple of merit. The Jeronian idea seems to be that the auditor is unable to forget for the nonce the peculiar environment in which the performers are placed and give to the play the attention which the lines have a right to have; that it is beyond the power of the actor to hold the attention of an audience when surrounded by "correct

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LYCEUM ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF.
LAST TIME TONIGHT
TIM MURPHY in "The Man From Missouri"
FLAATEN'S CONCERTS EVERY SUNDAY.
Monday Night, Jan. 4, CHAS. H. YALE'S EVERLASTING "DEVIL'S AUCTION." Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Next Tuesday Night, Jan. 5.
Seats Now Selling.
Isidore Witmark's Sparkling Operatic Comedy
THE SAME GREAT COMPANY THAT APPEARED HERE LAST AUGUST.

THE CHAPERONS
Book and Lyrics by FREDERIC RANKEN.
Music by ISIDORE WITMARK.
Produced Under the Stage Direction of George W. Lederer.

Spectacle, Opera, Farce, Ballet and Vaudeville in
One Great Entertainment
Prices—50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.
Wednesday and Thursday Evenings, Jan. 6 and 7.
The Comedy Drama.

"SLAVES OF THE MINE"
A heart story of the Wyoming valley. Prices—25c, 50c and 75c.
Friday, Saturday and Saturday Matinee, January 8 and 9.

WHERE THE LAUGHS COME FROM
MARIE CAHILL
IN DANIEL V. ARTHUR'S PRODUCTION OF THE MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS
NANCY BROWN

"AS FULL OF MELODY AS THE LAUGHTER OF A CHILD"
Hear Miss Cahill sing the "CONGO LOVE SONG" of which she is the originator.
SEAT SALE OPENS JAN. 7.
Prices—Night, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Matinee—50c, 75c and \$1.00.

METROPOLITAN
JOHN GORDON, Lessee.
LAST TIME TONIGHT, "MY JIM."
THE FERRIS STOCK CO.
PRESENTING
The Farical Triangle
Tom, Dick and Harry
Three Nights—Matinee
Beginning Monday, Jan. 4.

Bartley Campbell's Great Drama
The Galley Slave
Three Nights—Matinee
Beginning Thursday, Jan. 7.

ALL NEW VAUDEVILLE BETWEEN ACTS
10c-25c-Matinees Wednesday and Saturday 10c-25c
NIGHT PRICES, 10c, 25c, 35c, 50c.
Seats on Sale Monday Both Phones—949.

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THE BIJOU FAMILY THEATER
Entire New Company All This Week.
La Victoria, Baby Rhea, Carilly & Willis
Edmund Thompson, "Glover" Conkey,
James H. Dunn, Frank Whittier.
The Marvelous Kinetoscope
Matinee Daily at 2.
Evenings at 7.
Admission 10c—No More.

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THE BEAUTY SHOW GIRLS WITH THE MERRY MUSICAL COMEDY, "THE CHAPERON"

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT SENDS MESSAGE TO CONGRESS IN WHICH HE MAKES A STATEMENT OF HIS ACTIONS, THUS FAR, REGARDING ISTHMIAN CANAL

LATEST DEVELOPMENTS IN THE FAR EAST ARE MORE REASSURING THE TENSION BETWEEN RUSSIA AND JAPAN HAVING DECREASED

Japanese Minister Convinced of the Sincerity of Russia.

Prospects Better Than Ever For a Complete Understanding.

However, the Preparations For War Will Not Be Interrupted.

Cologne, Germany, Jan. 4.—The tension between Russia and Japan has appreciably decreased and the situation is regarded in authoritative quarters as quite reassuring, according to a dispatch to the Cologne Gazette from St. Petersburg.

"Although the preparations and strategic deployment of both armies will not be immediately interrupted," adds the correspondent, "pending a negotiations taking a turn affording the best prospects of Russia coming to a complete understanding with Japan."

The dispatch also says that the Russian reply is expected shortly and that Viceroy Alexieff will start in February for St. Petersburg.

Berlin, Jan. 4.—Several Japanese officers who have been attending the cavalry school at Hannover, have received cable messages from their government instructing them to return to Japan immediately.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 4.—An official note published today announces that instructions have been sent to Viceroy Alexieff as to the reply to be given to the last Japanese note.

Tokio, Jan. 4.—War preparations continue, but the government seems determined to avoid the initiation of any conflict and for this purpose the Japanese powers were intended to show that the responsibility rested upon Russia, should the negotiations now in progress fail. The government is proceeding very cautiously and unless Russia gives undue provocation, it is possible that peace may continue for some time. The popular clamor has somewhat subsided, although many support the proposition to seize and declare a protectorate over Korea.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 4.—The Japanese minister here, M. Kurino, has authorized the Associated Press to say that he had a cordial conference with Foreign Minister Lansdowne on Friday last, and that he is convinced by the latter's sincere conciliatory attitude that the

Russian government is disposed to seek a peaceful settlement.

The Associated Press has the authority of the foreign office for the statement that the Russian reply will be transmitted to Japan in a day or two. The reply will not be merely "yes" or "no," but will be made up of reasoned propositions. The general basis of this communication is already complete, but the details are being elaborated.

London, Jan. 4.—Cabling under date of January 2, the Times Tokyo correspondent says:

"The situation is extremely critical. Russia maintains a profound silence. Failing some conciliatory action on the part of Russia of which there is now no appearance whatever, Japan will certainly adopt within a few days active measures to secure her vital interests. After this war, will become very difficult to avert."

The Daily Telegraph's Tokyo correspondent announces that the British cruiser Sirius has been ordered to Chemulpo, as a precaution against disturbances in Seoul, but that the warships will not land forces unless requested to do so by the British consul for the purpose of protecting the legation.

The Times Shanghai correspondent says that both the Russians and the Japanese are buying silver, principally in dollars, in Shanghai and Hong Kong, for shipment to the north.

The same correspondent says that a native journal is publishing the full text of telegrams which passed between Li Hung Chang and the Tsung Li Yamen (Chinese foreign office) in April, 1906, when Li Hung Chang was at St. Petersburg arranging for a Manchurian railway convention. These dispatches show that Russia threatened to ally herself with Japan unless she was granted facilities to construct the railway which she represented as intended to facilitate the dispatch of troops for the protection of Russian and Chinese territory against the aggression of other powers, principally Japan. The local Japanese officials are profoundly impressed with these documents, which, says the correspondent, are undoubtedly genuine.

He adds that the publication of the documents cannot fail to intensify Japanese irritation.

STATISTICS OF THE MILITARY AND NAVAL FORCES OF RUSSIA AND JAPAN, WITH FIGURES AS TO POPULATION AND AREA.

The subjoined statistics give approximately the forces of Russia and Japan, upon both of which countries the eyes of the world are turned, because of the strained conditions over Korea and Manchuria. While the naval advantage is decidedly in favor of Japan, whose entire fleet practically is in home waters, there is considerable conjecture as to the number of troops that Russia has in the far East. Military critics are of the opinion that the czar has for a long time been massing his forces along the Yalu river, practically from Vladivostok to Port Arthur, but this is mere surmise. The belief is entertained, however, that Russia has at the least 150,000 men within striking distance should Japan decide to draw the sword. Another matter worthy of attention, in case hostilities should result, is that in every class of vessel, except that of protected cruiser, the warships of Japan are more modern than those of Russia, besides being faster, and, furthermore, are provided with heavier guns.

Russian army (war footing)	5,617,703	Japanese guns (war total)	1,550
Russian guns (war total)	4,948	Japanese force ready for action	175,000
Russian forces in the East, about	150,000	Japanese war craft (tons)	210,500
Russian war craft (tons)	170,400	Number of Japanese naval craft (all classes)	200
Number of Russian naval craft in the East (all classes)	65	Area of Japan (square miles)	147,655
Area of Russia (square miles)	8,600,235	Population of Japan	43,300,000
Population of Russia	141,000,000	Area of Korea (square miles)	82,000
Area of Manchuria (square miles)	3,000,000		
Japanese army (war footing)	474,770		

THE SENATE COMMITTEE TO REPORT FAVORABLY ON NOMINATION OF WOOD

Assures His Elevation as Major General of Army.

Vote Stood Seven to Two With Two Members Absent.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The senate committee on military affairs this morning decided to report favorably the nomination of Gen. Leonard Wood to be major general. The vote stood 7 to 2.

The affirmative senators being Proctor, Warren, Foraker, Quarles, Alger, McKelvey and Pettus, the negative Scott and Blackburn. Senator Proctor was not present, but authorized his vote to be recorded. Hawley and Bate were absent.

MRS. PALMER COMING HOME. London, Jan. 4.—Mrs. Potter Palmer, of Chicago, will be a passenger on the White Star liner Teutonic, which sails from Liverpool Jan. 6 for New York.

THEATER FIRE VICTIM. Miss Susan Biegler Is Buried at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Jan. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The funeral of Miss Susan Marshall Biegler was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. W. McClung, 460 Eighth street. The interment took place in Oakland cemetery. Miss Biegler perished in the fire at the Iroquois theater, Chicago, which remains were brought to St. Paul to be buried in the family lot at Oakland. She was born in 1877, was 27 years of age, and had of late years lived in Chicago with her father. She was a granddaughter of Mrs. McClung.

WIRELESS WORKS WELL. Messages Are Sent With the Greatest Accuracy.

San Francisco, Jan. 4.—The call says that apparatus for wireless telegraphy has been installed at Fort Reyes, forty miles north of San Francisco, on the coast line, and on the southeast Farallon island, which works perfectly. Messages have, it is said, been sent to and from the water with the greatest accuracy. The whole matter, it is said, has been kept a profound secret by those in charge, although the plant has been working successfully since Dec. 8. Professor Alexander G. McAlle, in charge of the local branch of the United States weather bureau, assisted by Alfred H. Thiesen, the government wireless telegraph expert, installed the plant and the latter pronounced the plant the most successful ever installed under the supervision of the department. He is quoted as stating that the stations are now practically more efficient than those at Mantec and Hatteras.

RATS DIE OF PLAGUE. Suspicions as to Cause of Mortality Confirmed.

Hamburg, Jan. 4.—The German steamer Cordoba, from Santos, Brazil, Nov. 25, via Bahia, Dec. 2, has been released from quarantine.

An inquiry into the mortality among the rats on the steamer Cordoba confirmed the report that they had died of bubonic plague. The vessel was thereupon towed to St. Handhaf and quarantined. There was no sickness among the crew, and it was officially announced that the precautions taken precluded the possibility of public danger.

FIRE AT OVERBROOK, KAS. Overbrook, Kas., Jan. 4.—Fire today in the business portion of this town of 1000, destroyed five stores. Loss \$50,000.



GEN. LEONARD WOOD, Who Will Become Major General.

SENATOR DIETRICH ON TRIAL CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY

Defense Files Demurrer In Which Sufficiency of the Indictment Charging Conspiracy Is Attacked—Court Room Crowded With Prominent People.

Omaha, Jan. 4.—The trial of United States Senator Charles H. Dietrich charged with conspiracy to violate the law by an alleged agreement with Postmaster Jacob, Fisher, of Hastings, whereby the latter presented a sum of money for his appointment, began today in the federal court, with Judges Vandeventer and Munger presiding. The court room was crowded to its capacity, and within the hall were seated half a hundred lawyers, many of them prominent in the practice of Nebraska and adjoining states.

Sensor Dietrich, with his counsel, Gen. John C. Cowan of Omaha, and J. R. Baty, of Hastings, sat at a table opposite District Attorney Summers, and his assistant, John R. Rush. Immediately court was called there began a legal battle over the sufficiency of the indictment and the charges made therein. The first matter brought to the attention of the court was a demurrer filed against the indictment.

PROPOSED ENFORCEMENT OF LAWS AROUSES CHICAGOANS

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Notice served by Mayor Harrison of a possible wholesale closing of theaters but of churches, stores, office buildings, factories, hotels and private residences, has aroused the city.

Before the mayor proceeds to extremes, the city council will be given a chance to revise the laws and strike out provisions which are held to be unjust to property owners and not essential to safety.

The council having acted, or having decided not to act, then the laws are to be enforced.

As ordinances stand at present, strict enforcement of them would paralyze the business, professional and industrial interests of the city. For that reason, Mr. Harrison will give the council the opportunity of acting.

The immediate effect of the mayor's declaration will be a revision of the laws. That regarding the closing of theaters, which if it were enforced now, would close nearly every office building, store and hotel in the city, is in the hands of the city council judiciary commission, has been partly amended and new is practically before the council for final adoption by the aldermen.

He Definitely Explains the Position of the United States.

Question of Recognition of Panama Is Not the Main One.

Cannot Turn to Nicaragua Even If the Pending Treaty Fails.

EXTRACTS FROM PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The United States has taken the position that no other government is to build the canal.

The Hay-Herran treaty, if it erred at all, erred in the direction of an over-generosity towards the Colombian government.

If the pending treaty with Panama should not be ratified by the senate this would not alter the fact that we could not go to Nicaragua. The congress has decided the route, and there is no alternative under existing legislation.

It is earnestly to be hoped that there will be no unwise conduct on our part which may encourage Colombia to embark on a war which cannot result in her gaining control of the isthmus, but which may cause bloodshed and suffering.

The question actually before this government is not that of the recognition of Panama as an independent republic. That is already an accomplished fact. The question, and the only question, is whether or not we shall build an isthmian canal.

Washington, Jan. 4.—President Roosevelt today sent the following special message to congress, dealing with the Panama canal treaty:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: I lay before the congress for its information a statement of my action up to this time in executing the act entitled "An act to provide for the construction of a canal connecting the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans," approved June 28, 1902.

By the said act the president was authorized to secure for the United States the property of the Panama Canal company and the perpetual control of a strip six miles wide across the isthmus of Panama. It was further provided that "should the president be unable to obtain for the United States satisfactory title to the property of the new Panama Canal company and the control of the necessary territory of the republic of Colombia, he may, within a reasonable time and upon reasonable terms, then the president should endeavor to obtain for a canal by the Nicaragua route. The language quoted defines with exactness and precision what has been done, and what, as a matter of fact, has been done. The president was authorized to go to the Nicaragua route only if secure title to the same had been obtained; the provision of the act has been complied with; it is no longer possible under the existing legislation to go to the Nicaragua route as an alternative.

This act marked the climax of the effort on the part of the United States to secure, so far as legislation was concerned, an inter-oceanic canal across the isthmus. The effort to secure a treaty for this purpose with one of the Central American republics did not stand on the same footing with the effort to secure a treaty with the United States to this canal, and therefore to the governments of the isthmus, had been clearly set forth by Secretary Cass in 1858. In my annual message I have already quoted what Secretary Cass said; but I repeat the quotation here, because the principle it states is fundamental:

"While the rights of sovereignty of the states occupying this region (Central America) should always be respected, we shall expect that these rights be exercised in a spirit befitting the occasion and the wants and circumstances that have arisen. Sovereignty has its duties as well as its rights, and none of these local governments, even if administered with more regard to the just demands of other nations than they have been, would be permitted, in a spirit of Eastern isolation, to close the gates of intercourse on the great highways of the world, and justify the act by the pretension that these avenues of trade and travel belong to them and that they choose to shut them. The principle thus enunciated by Secretary Cass was sound then and it is sound now.

The United States has taken the position that no other government is to build the canal.

In 1858, when France proposed to come to the aid of the French Panama company by guaranteeing their bonds, the senate of the United States in executive session, with only three votes dissenting, passed a resolution as follows:

"That the government of the United States will look with serious concern and disapproval upon any connection of any European government with the construction or control of any ship canal across the isthmus of Darien or across Central America, and must regard any such connection as an act as injurious to the just rights and interests of the United States and as a menace to their welfare."

Under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty it was explicitly provided that the United States should control, police and protect the canal which was to be built, keeping it open for the vessels of all nations on equal terms.

States this assumed the position of guarantor of the canal and of its peaceful use by all the world, with the inclusion, as a matter of course, the building of the canal. The enterprise was recognized as responding to an international need; and it would be the veriest travesty on right and justice to treat the governments in possession of the isthmus as having the right, in the language of Mr. Cass, "to close the gates of intercourse on the great highways of the world, and justify the act by the pretension that these avenues of trade and travel belong to them and that they choose to shut them."

When this government submitted to Colombia the Hay-Herran treaty, three

(Continued on page 16)

RESPONSIBILITY FOR FIRE IS TO BE FIXED Investigation Has Passed the Stage of Cause Seeking.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—The investigation into the Iroquois fire horror has passed beyond the stage of cause seeking to that of fixing responsibility for cause. This work was taken up today by Fire Inspector Monroe Fulkerson, who has the assistance and co-operation of the chief of police and of Coroner Tracer. Every employee of the theater both on the stage and in the auditorium, are on the list summoned for investigation. Witnesses to the number of 65 will be examined.

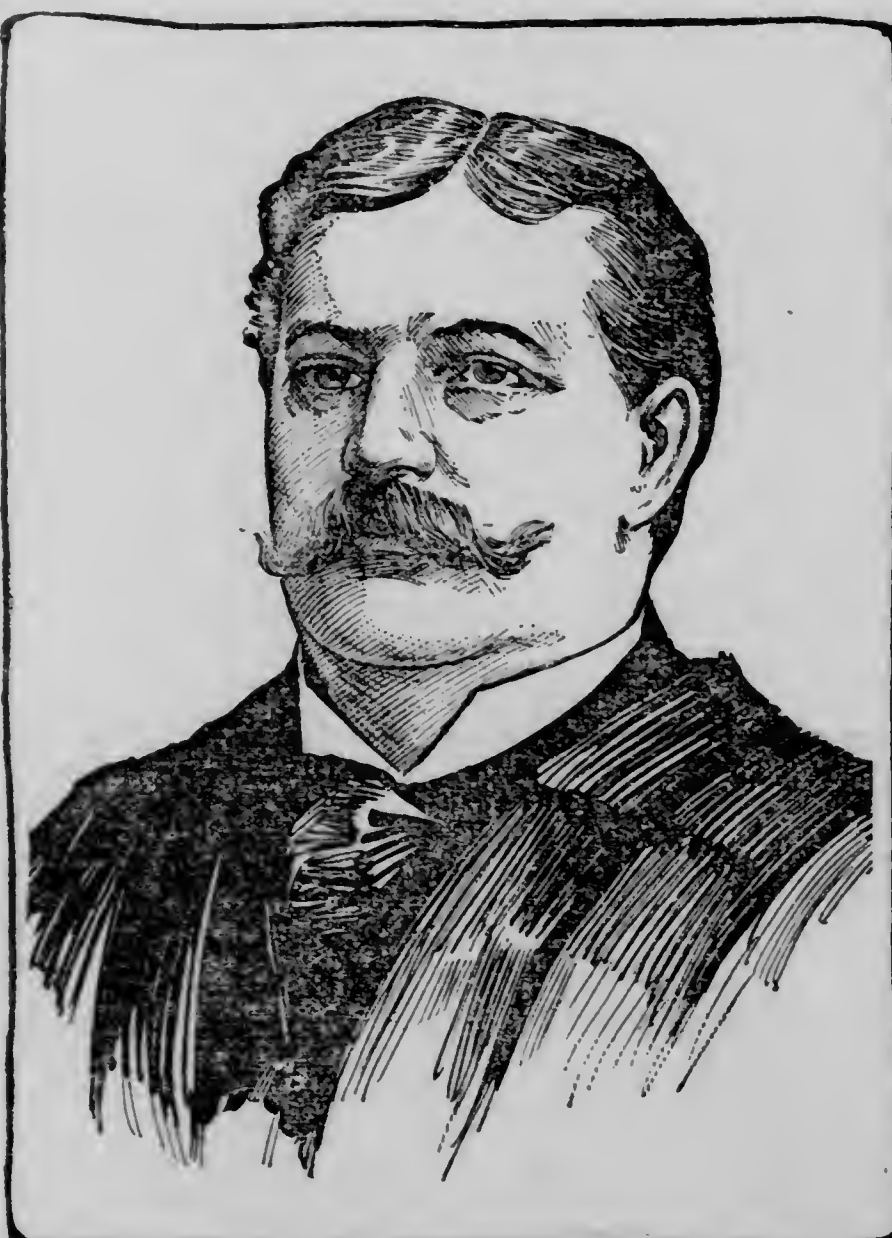
Upon Treasurer J. Noonan of the Iroquois theater, Chief O'Neill has levied for the pay rolls of the house, giving the names of the employees. From union officials other data concerning these employees has been sought. Although the police interposed no objection when the members of the "Mr. Bluebeard" company left for the east, some of the actors may be brought back to add their testimony to that of the sixteen members who have been arrested.

Inspector Fulkerson said: "I have determined that the fire originated from the contact of a linen curtain with an intensely hot and inadequately protected flood light. I have determined that the curtain stuck because a piece of stage mechanism, in normal operation, was directly in the path of the descent of the fire shield. I know that the fire was driven under the suspended curtain by the rush of cold air into the stage when some one opened the stage door."

"I have evidence that the automatic skylights over the stage did not open as they should have done and create a fire through which the flames, smoke and heated air on the burning stage could have found a vent. It is apparent that the exits were not adequate. The next step is fixing the responsibility."

COLD IN INDIANA. Lafayette, Ind., Dec. 4.—Sixteen below zero was registered on the official thermometer at Purdue university today. The natural gas supply is practically out and all trains are running late.

KITTING FEAR FEVER. Kitting, Pa., Jan. 4.—Grave fears exist here that a typhoid fever epidemic of typhoid will rival Butler. A month ago there were but four cases reported. Now there are 100 cases and the disease is increasing rapidly. So far the death rate has been small.



GOVERNOR TAFT, Who is to be Secretary of War.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The president today sent to the senate the nomination of William H. Taft, of Ohio, to be secretary of war.

The president also nominated Luke E. Wright, of Tennessee, to be civil governor of the Philippine islands, and Henry C. Ide, of Vermont, to be vice

civil governor of the Philippine islands. Civil service commissioner—John C. Black, of Illinois, a Consul general—Henry R. Saylor, Pennsylvania, at Coburg, Germany. Assistant secretary of commerce and labor—Lawrence O. Murray, Illinois.

Postmasters: Minnesota—Larmon J. Townsend, Blackduck; William E. Strom, Hector; Haken E. Glasco, Lanesboro; Barker H. Grover, Zumbrota.



M. S. BURROWS.

Send us your mail
orders with con-
fidence. We'll fill
them with care.

He who hesitates
in this case is apt
to miss just the
chance of his life.
Come early.

Stein-Bloch Suits
that bear fashions
seal are in this
sale. In every size.



M. S. BURROWS.

Here Is What You Have All Waited For—Our

MIDWINTER CLEARANCE SALE.

The Great Event Commences Tomorrow Morning!

Thousands will welcome the advent of this sale with joy. It starts earlier than usual this season because the stocks on hand are unusually large, and the time limit set for closing them out is short. **We are going to remodel our store and must make room for builders.** The contractors will take charge in a few days and agree to finish the work within a stated time if we give them room in which to work. We agreed to do this and now comes the way of how to do it.

Suits You All Know=Stein-Bloch=In This Sale

The Free Choice of 3,000

Men's \$18, \$16.50 and \$15

Suits and Overcoats For

\$8.88

Every garment is a masterpiece of the tailors art—
Every style in the vast variety is a distinct creation
—up-to-the-hour in every detail of conception, de-
sign and workmanship.

UNION MADE FOR UNION MEN.

Trousers Your choice of any pair
in the store that form-
erly sold for \$7, \$8 and
\$10 including Paragons

\$5.00

\$2.50 and
\$3.00
values in
every size

\$1.98

\$1.50 and
\$2.00
values in
every size

98c

The Free Choice of 4,000

Men's \$30, \$25 and \$20

Suits and Overcoats For

\$14.50

The offering embraces **STEIN-BLOCH SUITS**—chaste
and beautiful—imported and native weaves—splen-
didly trimmed, superbly tailored—perfect in fit—
faultless in finish.

STEIN-BLOCH OVERCOATS 20 PER CENT DISCOUNT.



Clearance Sale Men's Shoes.

Men's Shoes—Hanan's \$7.00 and \$8.00 Shoes—in en- amel, cordovan and box calf, leather lined—per pair.....	\$4.98
300 pairs Hanan's and Burrows' Bench-made \$5 and \$6 shoes—the season's best sellers—during this sale.....	\$3.79
375 pairs of Men's \$4 and \$4.50 shoes in box calf— victrola of vici kid, wax calf, enamel and patent calf— during this sale for—per pair.....	\$2.79
200 pairs of Men's \$3.00 and \$3.50 Shoes—in kangaroo calf, box calf, vici kid and enamel leather—during this sale—per pair.....	\$1.98
250 pairs of men's all-solid wax calf Shoes—\$2.00 values—reduced to per pair.....	\$1.48
Men's \$1.50 light weight working shoes—reduced to —per pair.....	98c

Clearance Sale Hats and Caps.

All our winter caps in Brighton, Golf, Golf-Yacht and Golf-Tie caps—half price—.....	\$1.00
FUR CAPS—\$3.50 fur caps, \$2.50, \$2.50 and \$3 fur caps, \$2.00, \$1.80 Seal skin in high-band driver and Detroit styles, \$12.00. 30 dozen Men's soft hats—this fall's latest styles— broken lots in black, seal brown, tan shades with black bands, and pearl colors, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50 qualities at.....	\$1.00

FINE UNDERWEAR AT HALF PRICE

\$4.50 Fine Underwear.....	\$2.25
\$3.00 and \$2.50 qualities.....	\$2.00
\$2.00 qualities.....	\$1.50
\$1.00 qualities.....	75c

MUFFLERS MUST GO.

\$4.00 and \$3.50 qualities.....	\$2.75
\$3.00 and \$2.50 qualities.....	\$2.00
\$2.00 qualities.....	\$1.50
\$1.00 qualities.....	75c

HOLIDAY SUSPENDERS MUST GO.

All \$1.00 and 75c qualities.....	50c
All \$2.00 \$1.50 qualities.....	\$1.00
All \$3.00 and \$2.50 qualities.....	\$1.75

WINTER GLOVES MUST GO.

\$4.50 and \$4.00 goods to close.....	\$3.50
\$3.50 and \$3.00 goods to close.....	\$2.50
\$2.50 and \$2.00 goods to close.....	\$1.50
\$1.50 goods to close.....	\$1.15
\$1.00 and 75c goods to close.....	50c

M. S. BURROWS, DULUTH, MINN.

Boys' Clothing Half Price

Norfolk Suits—Half Price—

All broken lines Norfolk Suits at half price.

Novelty Suits—Half Price—

All our novelty suits, including sailors, sailor
Norfolk and Vestee Suits at half price.

Mackinaw Suits—Half Price—

Children's Mackinaw Suits for tobogganing or
coasting, in red, blue and grey mixtures, ½ price.

Boys' Underwear—Half Price—

Boys' Underwear—a line of camels' hair, in sizes
from 24 to 34, at half price.

Fancy Reefers—Half Price—

Children's Fancy Reefers with storm collars—in
sizes from 3 to 8, at half price.

Sweaters—Half Price—

Children's Sweaters in sizes from 20 to 28, at ex-
actly half price.

Fancy Blouses—Half Price—

All our Children's fancy Flannel Blouses, ½ price.

Flannel Shirts—Half Price—

Boys' Flannel Shirts in grey, black and fancy
mixtures, at half price.

Three-Piece Suits—Half Price—

Boys' and Children's three-piece suits—coat, vest
and pants—broken lines at half price.

Two-Piece Suits—Half Price—

Boys' and Children's 2-piece suits—broken lines
—half price.

100 Boys' and Children's

Uster Coats—

Some have sold as high as **\$1.50**

\$9. To close at.....



50 dozen Boys' and Children's 50c

and 75c Winter Caps at choice.....

25c

25 dozen Boys' all wool Stocking

caps, all colors for.....

15c

Smoking Jackets and House Coats

At the Following Prices:

\$10.00 garments at.....

\$6.50

\$9.00 garments at.....

\$5.00

\$8.50 garments at.....

\$5.00

\$7.00 garments at.....

\$4.00

\$6.00 garments at.....

\$4.00

\$6.00 garments at.....

\$3.50

Full line boys' overcoats in
fancy and plain colors, at
one-fourth off.

Full line children's fancy
overcoats from 3 to 8— one-
fourth off.

Full lines of two-piece and
Norfolk suits, one-fourth off.

Full lines boys' reefers from
8 to 16, at one-fourth off.

All boys' winter caps at
one-quarter off.

All boys' gloves and mit-
tens at one-quarter off.

Clearance Sale Women's Shoes.

Broken lines of Women's Hanan and Burrows' Bench-
made \$6.00 and \$7.00 shoes reduced to—per pair.....

\$4.98

200 pairs of Women's patent kid, vici kid, welt and turn
lace and button shoes—this season's best sellers—
regular \$5.00 shoes—reduced to—per pair.....

\$3.79

150 pairs of Women's lace and button shoes—regular
\$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes—reduced to—per pair.....

\$2.48

Women's fine dress slippers—\$5 values—in patent kid
—dongola kid, and plain—reduced to—per pair.....

\$3.48

Women's all-solid shoes, in kid and calfskin—\$2.00
and \$2.50 values—reduced to—per pair.....

\$1.79

Three lines of Misses' Dongola kid button Shoes, latest
styles—\$1.75 and \$2.00 values—reduced to—per pair.....

\$1.35

50 pairs of Children's lace and button Shoes—\$1.00 value—
reduced to—per pair.....

59c

Clearance Sale Boys' Shoes.

100 pairs of boys' Dugan & Hudson Shoes in wax and
pat. calf, vici kid and enamel leather, reg. \$3.50 shoes, at.....

\$2.48

75 pairs of boys Dugan & Hudson Shoes, in wax calf,
vici kid and pat. calf, regular \$3 values—reduced to.....

\$1.98

Broken lines in Burrows' Great-Wear School Shoes—
\$2.00 and \$2.50 values— reduced to—per pair.....

\$1.48

Boys' all-solid school shoes—worth \$1.75—re-
duced to—per pair.....

\$1.23

Little Gents' all-solid calf shoes—\$1.25 values—sized 8½
to 13—reduced to—per pair.....

98c

25 per cent discount on all Men's and Women's Holiday Slippers.

Men's \$1.25 Storm Alaskas reduced to 98c.

Women's \$1.00 Storm Alaskas reduced to 88c.

Bath Robes—Half Price.

All our bath and lounging robes at half price. A few slightly
soiled bath robes at less than actual cost of the cloth.

Ladies' Walking Hats.

Ladies' walking hats, including some Knox
styles that have sold for \$5.00—at, choice.....

\$1.00

M. S. BURROWS, DULUTH, MINN.

M. S. BURROWS.

M. S. BURROWS.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.**SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.**

Our Entire Stock of Women's Cloaks, Suits, Costumes and Evening Coats, Together With Our Entire Stock of Misses' and Children's Coats and Suits at Exactly One-half the Original Prices!

Walking and Fancy Dress Skirts.

300 Walking and Dress Skirts go into the sale at exactly HALF PRICE—Made in all the newest styles and materials.

\$ 5.00 Walking Skirts now	\$2.50
\$ 7.50 Walking Skirts now	\$3.75
\$10.00 Walking Skirts now	\$5.00
\$12.50 Walking Skirts now	\$6.25
\$15.00 Walking Skirts now	\$7.50
\$ 5.00 Dress Skirts now	\$2.50
\$ 7.50 Dress Skirts now	\$3.75
\$10.00 Dress Skirts now	\$5.00
\$12.50 Dress Skirts now	\$6.25
\$15.00 Dress Skirts now	\$7.50
\$20.00 Handsome Voiles and Silk now	\$10.00

A large line to select from, ranging in price from \$25.00 to \$95.00—now **Just Half**

350 Pretty Wash Waists at Half.

This lot contains some of the newest and handsomest waists shown this fall, a variety you will not find in any store at the head of the lakes—Plain or Fancy Vestings, Prunella Cloths, Granite Cloths, also including the celebrated John Forsyth Waists, considered the best fitting waist in the market, made in Handsome Imported Piques, Unshrinkable Flannels, Fancy Mercerized Cheviots and Heavy Vestings, all at HALF PRICE

A few items below show you how they run:

\$2.50 Waists now	\$1.25	\$5.00 Waists now	\$2.50
\$3.00 Waists now	\$1.50	\$6.75 Waists now	\$3.38
\$4.00 Waists now	\$2.00	\$7.50 Waists now	\$3.75
\$4.50 Waists now	\$2.25	\$8.50 Waists now	\$4.25

and on up to \$15.00.

We list below a few of the many remarkable bargains, to show you the great reductions during this sale—no lay-bys—no approvals—alterations charged for—positively no garment will be reserved for any one—the sale is absolute.

LADIES' COATS AT HALF.

\$10.00 Kersey and Mounten Coats now	\$ 5.00
\$15.00 Zibeline Cloth Coats now	\$ 7.50
\$20.00 Handsome Cloth Coats now	\$10.00
\$30.00 Handsome Three-Quarters or Full Length Coats	\$15.00
\$35.00 Handsome Cloth Coats now	\$17.50
\$45.00 Handsome Cloth Coats now	\$22.50

TAILOR-MADE SUITS AT HALF.

\$15.00 Suits now	\$ 7.50	\$35.00 Suits now	\$17.50
\$20.00 Suits now	\$10.00	\$45.00 Suits now	\$22.50
\$25.00 Suits now	\$12.50	And up as high as \$85.00, now	\$42.50

COSTUMES AND EVENING COATS AT HALF.

WE ONLY HAVE ABOUT 25 LEFT—BUT THEY ARE ALL ELEGANT, EXCLUSIVE MODELS FOR AFTERNOON RECEPTION OR EVENING WEAR.

\$135.00 Handsome Imported Voile, Elegantly Trimmed, now	\$67.50
\$120.00 Handsome Imported Zibeline Evening Coat now	\$60.00
\$ 85.00 Handsome Crepe de Chine Costumes, now	\$42.50
\$ 75.00 Handsome Broadcloth Dress, Richly Trimmed, now	\$37.50
\$ 45.00 Handsome White Voile Party Dress, now	\$22.50
\$ 90.00 White Broadcloth Evening Coat, Richly Trimmed, now	\$45.00

Our Annual White Sale Begins Next Monday.

Children's Coats at Half.

\$ 4.50 Fine Heavy Melton Coats now	\$2.25
\$ 5.00 Fine Heavy Cheviot and Zibeline Coats now	\$2.50
\$ 6.50 Fine Heavy Cheviot and Zibeline Coats now	\$3.25
\$10.00 Nobby Cloth Coats now	\$5.00
\$12.50 Fancy Zibelines now	\$6.25
\$19.50 Fancy Zibelines, Richly trimmed, now	\$9.75

Children's Suits at Half.

Sizes 11-13-15 and 17, made of very fine Zibelines, Cheviots, Novelty Mixtures.

\$ 9.75 Suits now	\$4.88	\$15.00 Suits now	\$7.50
\$12.50 Suits now	\$6.25	\$29.50 Suits now	\$14.75

SILK WAISTS AT ONE-THIRD OFF—Color and Black.

ANY SILK WAIST IN THE HOUSE 1-3 OFF—All new, up-to-date styles—No old ones—Some have not been in the stock a month—Made in Crepe de Chene, Pan de Chene, Pen de Pygne, Pan de Crepe, Pan de Soie and Taffeta. All beautifully made and trimmed richly. \$7.50 Waists, now \$5.00; \$10.00 Waists, now \$6.50; \$12.00 Waists, now \$8.00; \$15.00 Waists, now \$10.00, etc.

**Otter Jackets.**

\$150.00 OTTER JACKET NOW \$120.00—Only one coat left—If you want a bargain and can use it you save money. Extra fine quality skins and thoroughly guaranteed.

A CLEAN SWEEP OF FINE FURS!

The Prestige of This Fur Department has been a factor in the great growth of this whole establishment. The fur business has come to us. The bargains come to you after a big season's business, and reductions are made to bring the stock to as low a point as possible before INVENTORY.

\$50.00 NEUTRE (or Southern Beaver) JACKETS NOW \$20—Only two left—34 and 36 sizes—made from fine skins, best satin lining.

\$95.00 PERSIAN LAMB JACKETS NOW \$65.00—Only two left, 36 and 40 sizes, made from fine quality Leipzig dyed skins, best guaranteed fancy linings and thoroughly guaranteed.

\$65.00 NEAR SEAL JACKETS NOW \$50.00—Never have we given you an opportunity to buy a coat like this at such prices before—Made from extra fine quality skins, best satin lining. We only have fifteen coats, sizes run from 32 to 42—you will have to come early and get your size.

\$25.00 AND \$29.50 GENUINE MARTEN, ISABELLE AND SABLE FOX AND MINK SCARFS NOW \$19.50—About 90 scarfs in all. Made from the best quality skins in all the new effects, and guaranteed to you in quality, style and workmanship.

\$75.00 NEAR SEAL COATS, TRIMMED WITH BEAVER, MARTEN AND SQUIRREL, NOW \$60.00—About 15 in all. These beautiful garments made from fine quality skins, collar, revers and cuffs, trimmed, best satin lining, sizes 34 to 40.

\$85.00 EXTRA FINE NEAR SEAL JACKETS, MINK, MARTEN, BLENDED STONE MARTEN, TRIMMED, NOW \$67.50—Only four left. Made from extra choice skins, best satin lining.

75 FLAT PELERINES IN SABLE AND ISABELLE FOX, BLACK LYNX, MARTEN, SQUIRREL—Some squirrel lined, others satin lined. The newest style worn, original prices running from \$25.00 to \$85.00. We quote you prices that will astonish you if you give us a look.

MUFFS—MUFFS

85 odd Muffs go in one list. A few ideas of how they run:

\$29.50 Sable and Isabelle Fox Flat Muffs, now	\$20.00
\$12.50 Marten Muffs, now	\$ 8.50
\$29.50 Sable and Isabelle Fox Flat Muffs, now	\$20.00
\$ 7.50 Sable and Isabelle Oppossum Muffs, now	\$ 5.00

Muffs in Squirrel, Mink, Mole, Near Seal, Sable, Raccoon and Lynx. Prices quoted accordingly.

\$60.00 AND \$65.00 FINE ASTRAKHAN COATS NOW \$45. Only ten left. All made from finest quality skins. Hand stayed and guaranteed not to rip. Guaranteed lining. Sizes 36 to 42.

\$225 SEALSKIN JACKET AT \$110—At a reduction to clean it out; only one left, but it must go. Made from good quality skins, guaranteed lining, size 36. Come early if you want a snap.

\$250 SEAL JACKET NOW \$195—An extra fine coat. Size 36. Made from fine quality skins, and guaranteed to be perfect in style, quality and workmanship.

January Clearing Dress Goods

begins tomorrow—This means that thousands of yards of high-class dress fabrics will be sold regardless of cost or value—The stock is entirely too heavy and must be reduced.

ZIBELINES, MELTONS, TWEEDS, TWINE-CLOTHS, FANCY WEAVES, TAILOR, KERSEYS, ETAMINES, CREPES, CANVAS CLOTHS, WAITINGS, HEAVY CHEVIOTS, GRANITES, and many other desirable weaves will be included in the lots to be slaughtered. An enumeration is impossible, but a few prices are quoted below as a sample of what is being done.

Heavy Tailor Suitings reduced from \$2.50 to	\$1.30
Heavy mixed Zibelines reduced from \$1.50 to	\$1.00
Heavy fancy Zibelines reduced from \$1.50 to	\$1.00
Black Nub Twine Cloths reduced from \$1.75 to	\$1.00
54-inch Zibelines reduced from \$1.25 to	75c
Imported Tweeds reduced from \$1.75 to	\$1.00
54-inch Canvas Cloths reduced from \$1.25 to	\$1.00
Fancy Twine Etamines reduced from \$1.75 to	\$1.25
Colored Crepes reduced from \$2.00 to	\$1.35
Imported Zibelines reduced from \$2.00 to	\$1.25
White Bearskin reduced from \$5.00 to	\$3.75
Fur Pannet Zibeline reduced from \$5.00 to	\$3.50
45-inch Tweeds reduced from \$5c to	50c
56-inch Tweeds reduced from \$10c to	75c
48-inch Tweeds reduced from 5c to	55c
Fancy Mixtures reduced from 25c to	15c

SHORTAGE OF MEN

Class Drawing Medium Salaries Said to Be Scarce.

Mercantile Agency Man Discusses Existence of This Condition.

Notwithstanding the fact that there are thousands upon thousands of men in this country who would be not only willing but anxious to obtain employment at a salary of \$1000 a year, there is, according to the statements of men who are in a position to know, a shortage of men for positions which pay from \$1000 to \$2000 a year.

Why this state of affairs should exist is a problem which the general public will not attempt to explain, but those who are conversant with the general conditions assert that it is because those who are worth \$3000 a year and who are attending strictly to business are receiving the same, while those who are worth that amount of money to employers but who are not attending to the knitting cannot obtain employment at any figure.

The primary reason for the shortage as given by men in mercantile lines is that during the last few years the majority of young Americans have been "unable to stand prosperity" and have not only been burning the candle at both ends, but have cut it up into small pieces and lighted each end of each

separate part. A. Ludlow Meigs, manager of Bright's Mercantile company, has received during the last few months a number of letters from responsible concerns throughout the country asking for the names and addresses of responsible men whose services could be secured for salaries ranging from \$1000 to \$2000. In one or two instances only has Mr. Meigs been able to furnish the desired information. While he could have obtained a number of men, most of them receiving a salary between the figures given above are perfectly satisfied with their positions, and would need quite an inducement in the form of an increase in salaries to let go of their present positions.

"During the last few months," said Mr. Meigs this morning, "I have had occasion to ascertain the reason for a dearth of men in positions which pay what might be called large salaries. The average man does not receive \$2000 a year and yet there are hundreds of positions paying more than that waiting for the right men."

"I have had many letters from mercantile houses asking me to assist them in securing responsible men, concerns that would not let \$100 or \$200 in salary stand in the way of employing such a person as they desire. But try as I might there are but few whom I could lay my hands on. Those who are responsible and will attend to business are getting the money now and this is the only class which other employers are looking for."

The fact of the matter is that those who are now idle and who might be worth the money have been unable to stand prosperity. This class comprises a great many of men who are not capable of withstanding the temptations which ordinarily stand in the path of the men of good salary and they have fallen by the wayside.

A few years ago, during the hard times, it would not have been possible to secure men for a few hundred dollars for the same positions which pay thousands now. The good thing is that conditions under which the country's commercial institutions have been prospering during the last five years have had a demoralizing effect upon a large class of able and capable men.

"The country is full of men who might be able to hold positions paying from \$50 to \$100 a month, but the better positions go begging. That is, the state of affairs will last I will not attempt to predict. It is a pity however that the conditions should warrant my

making a statement such as I have just given you."

SHROUDED IN MYSTERY.
Prominent Glassport, Pa., People Found Poisoned.

Pittsburg, Kan., Jan. 4.—Neighbors of Frank Cummins, a hardware dealer at Glassport, a suburb of McKeesport, broke into the house today and found Mrs. Cummins dead and Mr. Cummins, his business partner, V. E. Weaver, unconscious. The three were fully dressed and had their winter wraps on, just as they returned from church last night. The house was full of gas fumes. The doctors say there is very little hope of saving the two men. The case as yet is shrouded in mystery. Dr. R. D. Nichols, one of the physicians in attendance said this afternoon, the indications pointed to poisoning. Beyond that statement, he could say nothing, either as to how the poison was administered or by whom.

The doctors are still working on the case.

WANTED!
Four Lumber Pilers; must be experienced men. Wages \$2.00 per day. Red Cliff Lumber Company.

MRS. SHEEHAN MAKES SCENE

Intimates That She Cannot Get Justice In Municipal Court.

"You're all cliqued together down here," said Mrs. Sheehan in the municipal court this morning to Judge Gagarhart. "If it had been in the other court we would have won, but down here, nobody has any show against you."

Daniel Sheehan was arrested on the

charge of assaulting Humane Officer Withrow. Mr. Withrow went to the Sheehan residence Saturday to ask Mrs. Sheehan to swear out a warrant against a saloonkeeper in Proctorknott street who was selling him hard liquor. The boy is under age and was under parole to the municipal court at the time.

Mr. Withrow was not looked upon by Sheehan as a friend of the family, as all of Sheehan's sons except the youngest have at different times been before the municipal court on different charges. When he saw the humane officer in his house he claims to have ordered him out, and on Mr. Withrow's refusal to go, threw him out.

Mr. Withrow's story is somewhat different. He claims that Sheehan struck him with his fist and kicked him on the shins. The evidence supported the testimony of the humane officer, and Sheehan was sentenced to a fine of \$30 and costs or thirty days in the county jail.

"I'll make the city pay for this when I get out," said Sheehan when he was taken away by the officer. "I'll get a lawyer and if there is any law in the city I'll find it."

Mrs. Sheehan then delivered her opinion of the manner in which the law is administered in the municipal court, and told her to leave the room. The woman is troubled with heart failure, and at a recent trial in which she was concerned was stricken with a fainting spell.

The trial of Anna Cohen, the young girl who was arrested last week on the charge of incestuous relations, was postponed for one week. She has been bailed out of the county jail by her uncle.

CONGRATULATIONS.
Mr. John H. Culom, editor of the Garland, Texas, News, has written a letter of congratulations to the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, as follows: "Sixteen years ago when our first child, a baby, he was subject to coughs and colds, we were very uneasy about him. We have given it to all of our children with good results. One good feature of this remedy is that it is not disagreeable to take and our babies really like it. Another is that it is not dangerous, and there is no risk from giving it over and over. I congratulate you upon the success of your remedy." For sale by all druggists.

COMPANY WINS HANSON SUIT

Case Was Brought Against Chicago Railway Company For \$50,000.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—After being out for eighteen hours, a jury in the \$50,000 damage suit begun by Miss Inga Hanson against the Chicago City Railway company returned a verdict today in favor of the company. The case has been on trial for two months. Miss Hanson alleged that while attempting to board a car her spine was injured with the result that the pressure of the vertebrae upon the spinal cord affected the various nerve centers. At one time she alleged she was deaf, dumb, blind and paralyzed. She recovered the use of her faculties of speech and hearing, she said, but remained blind and paralyzed in both legs and her right arm. It was in this condition that she was taken on a cot into the court room and told her story to the jury. On the other hand, the company charged that the accident described by Miss Hanson never occurred, that she was feigning her alleged afflictions. Two women detectives were employed to watch Miss Hanson's room, in the Sherman house,

and take notes of what was said and done. According to their evidence she appeared to recover the use of her faculties upon her return to her room from the trial court room. She would comb her hair, it was asserted, walk about the room, and talk about persons and things she apparently saw.

Immediate upon the announcement of the verdict, a motion for a new trial was entered on behalf of Miss Hanson.

THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Statistics Shown By the Reports of the Inspectors.

The report of the inspectors of the health department shows that one case of glanders in the city during the past month. Thirty-two horses were examined for the disease and but one shot. Two hundred and seventy-one cattle were examined and but one condemned, against them of returning amounts less than they received for grain consigned to them, and of not following the law strictly with reference to the reporting of sales.

IDENTIFIED AT LAST.
Man Finds Wife's Body After Three Day's Search.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—After A. Z. Dixon had searched morgues and hospitals in vain for three days, often looking upon the body of his wife, but failing to recognize it, the family dentist who had worked on Mrs. Dixon's teeth five years ago, identified the body among the Iroquois dead at the county morgue today. Mr. Dixon himself then recognized the body as that of his wife. Mrs. Dixon went to the theater with her daughters, Eda, 3 years old, and Leah, 15 years. The dead bodies of both little girls were identified at the outset.

EARTHQUAKES IN EQUADOR.
Guayaquil, Ecuador, Jan. 3 (Sunday).—A heavy earthquake shock was felt here at 8 o'clock this evening.

Caught Just In Time.
A. W. Holbrook, who roomed over the Criterion restaurant, had a narrow escape from death last evening through a mistake in selecting a medicine bottle.

Mr. Holbrook was taking medicine for a cough. Last evening he entered his room and reached for the bottle of medicine in the dark. He secured a bottle of harshness liniment instead of the glycerine mixture he desired and, pouring out a small dose of the poison, he discovered his mistake before he swallowed all the harshness, and summoned Dr. Boyer. A very small quantity of the ammonia was swallowed, and no serious results are expected.

Hearing Comes Up.
C. F. Staples, of St. Paul, member of the state board of grain and warehouse commissioners, is in the city in connection with matters connected with the grain inspection bureau. Mr. Staples will probably remain here until tomorrow and be present at the hearing of Edwards, Wood & Co., in the municipal court, on the charges brought against them of returning amounts less than they received for grain consigned to them, and of not following the law strictly with reference to the reporting of sales.

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ECONOMY Commander Flour

in breadmaking means the use of

Commander Flour

Which contains an unusual amount of gluten and absorbs an extra quantity of water.

Use a smaller measure when baking with Commander Flour and obtain extra large nutritious loaf of bread.

ALL GROCERS.

Manufactured by Gregory, Cook & Co., Duluth, Minn.

Outlook For the Year
Just Opened Is Equally
Bright.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
which strengthens the whole digestive system

lators, bicycles, gasoline engines, in engines, wagons, carriages and a variety of manufactured articles requiring iron and steel—and there are

Canada were largely of that profitable class—industrial goods—and our imports were chiefly of the raw material kind.

local effect, but it cannot influence market price of our staple exports. This is the weakness of extreme protection; that is the ethical weakness of

Nor do we profit by it. You, my publican friends, are prone to talk a

50 per cent.

(Continued on Page 12, Seventh Column.)

United States exports of wheat flour			
during ten months ending Oct. 31, 1908:			
United Kingdom	Barrels		
Germany	7,949	\$32,942	
France	2,421	2,619,844	
Canada	2,421		
Country	Pounds		Value
United Kingdom	148,276	\$36,536	
Germany	1,439	17,761	
France	516	10,705	
United States exports of pork			
during ten months ending Oct. 31, 1908:			
United Kingdom	Pounds		\$111,710
Germany	2,553,163	28,277	
France	1,000,000	10,000	

France, how tariff war affects our exports to the continent.

It is a well-known fact that in tariff which the "graft" schedules in our tariff act, the tariff on the export of wheat, which you stand pat, our farmers have virtually been cut out of the markets of Europe. The tariff on the export of pork, which the Democratic party has proposed policy should be adopted and the tariff on the export of wheat, which the principal commercial union, our farmers will be cut out of the markets of Europe, well, and it will be a sorry day for us if they are.

It is true that even in national affairs, instead of pursuing a narrow, selfish and narrow policy, the Democratic party has the principle of "live and let live" is applied to the Canadian tariff is reasonable as compared to pure. It averages less than

Girls' \$4.00 coats on bargain counter—89c

About 200 warm and pretty jackets for girls from 2 to 14 years old. Reds, blues, browns, grays, blacks. All prettily trimmed with braids and velvets. Some velvet collars, some sailor collars, some cape collars. All well made and all stylish. Bring in your girls and let us fit them to a \$4 jacket. All it costs is—

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Duluth's great annual white goods sale

Will begin next Thursday morning at the Big Glass Block store with the finest display of muslin undergarments, mercerized white materials, linens, embroideries, laces and wash materials ever gathered for the benefit of lovely women in the Northwest. Wait for it.

The new year opens with a week's odds and ends clearance sale

All the holiday lines—all the broken lots of standard and staple merchandise—all winter goods—all novelties—are gathered for an odds and ends clearance the first week of the new year. You get chances to save money in these items. Read carefully. There's an item somewhere that must interest you. Prices

Remnants of everything.

Tomorrow we start a clearance of remnants such as you've rarely seen. Every remnant of yard goods will be exposed for sale and priced to cause you to take it.

DRESS GOODS REMNANTS—Very short length, 1 to 7 yards, of all sorts of woolen dress goods—every weave and every color (including black) will go at—

half price
\$2.00 dress goods for \$1.00
\$1.75 dress goods for .88c
\$1.50 dress goods for .75c
\$1.25 dress goods for .63c

SILK REMNANTS—Everything goes regardless of cost, all remnants of black taffeta, peau de soie, louisine, peau de cygne, mousseline, barthelemy, crepes, poplins, satins, colored taffetas, foulards, peau de cygne, peau de soie and fancy silks of every weave, pattern and color—to—

third off
WASH GOODS REMNANTS—The whole collection of wash materials in waist, skirt and dress lengths will be offered in two lots—ginghams, piques, oxfords, flannels, percales, prints, silklines, satins, every style and every color, heavy medium and sheer goods.

9c yard for wash goods worth from 15c to 25c a yard.

5c yard for wash goods worth from 8c to 10c a yard.

Jewelry and leather goods.

Many more odds and ends, broken lines and discontinued patterns than we can give space to in this "ad." Read what we offer here—dozens of other equally good bargains await you:

BROOCHES—All those sold for 39c and 50c now marked down to only—

25c
BROOCHES—All those sold for 59c, 69c and 75c now marked down in one lot to sell at—

49c
STICK PINS—All the stick pins sold up to today for 39c and 50c now on sale for—

25c
STICK PINS—A lot of good ones that have sold for 39c, 49c and 75c—get them now for—

49c
HAT PINS—All the regular 10c, 15c and 20c hat pins you can have this week for—

5c

Bargains in 300 boys' suits.

We have ready to offer tomorrow morning the finest and best bargains in boys' suits you've ever had in Duluth.

The suits are blue and black chevrons—ALL WOOL, DOUBLE BREASTED two-piece, non-ripable, patch pockets in trousers, all sizes from 8 to 15, regular value of every suit, \$2.50. Our lowest price has been \$2.50, and we will take your choice tomorrow and during this clearance sale for—

\$1.75

A dozen snaps for ladies and misses in the suit department. Come quick!

With the New Year we spring into a new rush of business with clearance prices on dozens of good and serviceable lots for women and girls. Come quick for first chance on values on second floor.

All misses' long coats must go—8 one-half price lots:

\$1.49 for \$1.98 long coats—ages 2 to 6.
\$2.48 for \$4.00 long coats—ages 6 to 14.
\$2.98 for \$5.00 long coats—ages 6 to 14.
\$3.98 for \$6.50 long coats—ages 6 to 14.

\$4.98 for \$9.00 long coats—ages 2 to 6.
\$5.98 for \$11.50 long coats—ages 6 to 14.
\$7.50 for \$15.00 long coats—ages 6 to 14.
\$9.98 for \$20.00 long coats—ages 6 to 14.

Ladies' stylish coats—two lots.

\$7.50 for one lot of ladies' coats—all sizes, all styles, all colors and worth up to \$16.50—Bargains you cannot afford to miss in this lot. The time to buy is now.

\$9.98 for choice from a lot of ladies' long and medium length coats worth up to \$22.50. The time to cease delays has come. Now is the time to buy.

A few novelty coats in velvet and silk, high class artistic wraps will go quickly now. Some at half price and some at less than half.

SKIRTS, DRESS AND WALKING—into one big lot we gather all the black and colored dress skirts and walking skirts, worth up to \$5.50, and we'll sell them all at—each—

\$1.98

Higher priced walking skirts, worth from \$5.50 to \$8, black and colors. We will now put on sale to close out, at each—

\$3.98

SILK PETTICOATS—the entire line of black and colored silk petticoats, regular 65c values, to close, each—

\$3.98

FLANNEL PETTICOATS—to wear for shopping or other outings during the cold snaps, warm and serviceable, lace trimmed and have lace insertion—petticoats we have sold many of at 85c—now—

49c

CASHMERE SHAWLS—one lot of white and cream all-wool cashmere shawls. A head and shoulder wrap for evening outings, an indoor safeguard against colds or zero days and nights—reg. price \$2.50. Reduced for quick sale to—

\$1.25

**Book clearance**

Every soiled or dog-eared book of every kind, including gift books, fiction, poetry and new novels. Every book in the lot at—

Half price

Webster Encyclopedic Dictionary bound in half leather and published at \$8—

\$3.25

Webster International Dictionaries bound in full leather, indexed, published at \$11.00. Clearance—

\$5.95

FUNK & WAGNALL'S standard Dictionary, full leather bound. Published at \$12.00. Clearance—

\$7.50

STODDARD'S LECTURE S—bound in cloth, 12 volumes, published at \$35.00. Clearance—

\$25.00

CHAMBER'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, 9 volumes and published at \$25.00—

\$13.50

SHEET MUSIC—songs, two-steps, marches, folios, published at 40c, 50c and 60c. Clearance—

5c

ANOTHER LOT of splendid instrumental and vocal hits, a few of each about 100 titles. Published as high as \$1.00—

10c

Ribbons reduced

Odds and ends left from our holiday rush, also some that are slightly soiled. Taffetas, satin taffetas, fancies, satin and gros grains. All colors—

Ribbons worth up to \$1.00, this week—

23c

Ribbons worth up to 50c, this week—

15c

Ribbons worth up to 25c, this week—

10c

Ribbons worth up to 12½c, this week—

5c

1904 calendars

A few fine ones left, beautiful art calendars that sold from 10c up to \$3.75. Take your choice of any calendar in the lot for—

Half price

Toilet articles.

A sale that tells you to be wise and buy now when you can get these fine goods for so much less than regular prices.

SANITARY BATH MITTS—a practical article for the bath tub, 15c regular price. Clearance—

5c

HAIR BRUSHES—for children—worth 15c each. Clearance—

5c

ROUND COMBS—the regular price 15c each. Clearance—

5c

TOOTH PASTE AND WASHES—odds and ends and soiled packages—worth 25c each—

10c

HAIR BRUSHES—a 50c hair brush, pure bristles—

19c

CLOTH BRUSH—that sells regularly at 75c. Clearance—

49c

HAND MIRRORS—5x7 inches, beveled plate glass, adjustable handle. Regular price 35c at—

19c

WITCH HAZEL SALVE, 25c boxes. Clearance—

15c

Dress trimmings

GIMPS—Come and take these away while this chance to save money is offered you. In black and colors, worth 5c a yard. Clearance—

3c

AT 5c YARD—braids and gimps in plain and fancy black and colors, worth up to 15c, at—

5c

AT 10c YARD—braids and gimps plain and fancy weaves, colors and black; worth up to 25c a yd. Clearance—

10c

AT 15c—we place in the lot many 25c and 35c trimmings in all shades. Clearance—

15c

AT 25c—this lot includes fine ornaments and trimmings that sold at 50c, 75c and \$1—at—

25c

AT 50c—beautiful silk and suit ornaments that have been \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00 each, at—

50c

BUTTONS—Ivory, pearl and handsome imported metal buttons that are now selling at from 35c up to 75c a dozen. Clearance—

15c

Fine box paper

A half price clearance enables you to get the best and daintiest correspondence stationery at just half the regular low Glass Block prices. About 100 boxes of fancy, pretty, high-class stationery. Regular prices from 75c up to \$3.50 a box. Take all that's left this week, as—

Half price

Laces—important sacrifice sale.

\$2.19 for Ladies' lace collars, worth up to \$6.50 each.
35c for Ladies' lace collars, worth up to \$1.25 each.
35c a yard for colored laces, in navy and gray, worth 75c a yard.
25c a yd for shirred chiffon, not many colors. worth up to \$1 a yd.
45-inch chiffons, pink, mauve and blue, 25c a yard, worth 50c a yard.
50 pieces wash laces, serpentine, bands and motifs, cream and Arab shades—10c a yard for values up to 25c a yard.
50 pieces black silk laces, serpentine bands and motifs, 15c, 20c and 25c values, for 10c a yard.
35 pieces pointe de Paris, odd patterns, 8c, 10c and 12½c values for 5c a yard.

All odd portieres at half.

The Upholstery and Curtain Dept. has an interesting bargain for tomorrow which concerns every housekeeper.

All single pairs of portieres in the department will go at half price—Oriental stripes, plain repps, figured armures, velours, etc. No matter how valuable, or how beautiful, you may come and take your pick of every odd pair in the house—

tomorrow and during the clearance sale, for—

½ price

Snap in the handkerchiefs.

The odds and ends clearance is full of good values. You can come and get all sorts of good handkerchiefs for about half the regular prices, just slightly soiled in displays and handling:

5c each for soiled and mused handkerchiefs, worth up to 15c.

10c each for soiled and mused handkerchiefs, worth up to 25c.

15c for soiled and mused handkerchiefs, worth up to 35c.

25c each for soiled and mused handkerchiefs, worth up to 75c.

\$1.95 a box for ladies' fancy handkerchiefs, box ½ doz, worth up to \$1.39 a box.

\$1.95 a box for ladies' embroidered handkerchiefs, ½ doz, worth up to \$2.25 a box.

10c each for men's pure linen initial handkerchiefs, worth up to 20c each.

5c each for ladies' pure linen initial handkerchiefs, worth up to 10c.

15c each for ladies' lace-trimmed handkerchiefs, worth up to 25c and 35c.

Clearance picture sale—3rd floor

Pictures for dens, halls, libraries, boudoirs, smoking rooms, billiard rooms, diningrooms, parlors. Gems of art in a hundred forms, to be closed out below cost:

4c for 10c matted pictures.

7c for 25c matted pictures.

10c for 15c gold framed pictures.

8c for 15c matted pictures.

8c for 15c matted pictures.

8c for 15c matted pictures.

Snap in the shoe stock.

Ladies', Misses' and Boys' winter footwear, all the odds and ends, all the broken lines, all the lines we discontinue. Hundreds of grand bargain "snaps" go on sale tomorrow and for one week. Prices are wonderfully strong inducements. Qualities are double the value of the prices. Read the items. Come to the sale.

Ladies' \$1.50 felt shoes, all felt or leather faced, all sizes in the lot—

98c

Ladies' \$2.00 3-buckle artics, first quality fine Jer—

\$1.39

Ladies' 2-buckle artics—

98c

Ladies' 1-buckle artics—

75c

Ladies' Jersey top Alaskas—

2½ to 6, same goods, others ask \$1 for—at—

59c

are reduced to cost,

some below cost and

some to half price.

There's money to be

saved at this sale. Come

and see for yourself.

Toys.

REMEMBER—the big table of all the popular games at—

Half price

REMEMBER—the big table of fur animals and stuffed animals will all be sold at exactly—

Half price

REMEMBER—We sell the most popular game of the decade—"Pit"—a shipment by express every week—"Pit" is at—

39c

Crockery, lamps.

THE ODDS AND ENDS sale, consisting of all odd pieces, all our open stock dinnerware that we have decided to discontinue, lot consists of both white and decorated semi-porcelain and Austrian china. The whole lot is on sale at—

Half price

SILK SHADES—balance of our silk shades and styles, nickel plated, every color and blends. We offer you the choice of the—

Half price

LAMPS—the popular cerise or red parlor lamps—center draft burner with lot out found several prices and designs to choose from—

Half price

CUPS AND SAUCERS—white semi-porcelain teacups and saucers, low shapo—each—

7c

Housefurnish'gs

Damaged enamelware and tinware sale, lot includes wash boilers, pails, etc., etc., priced at 1-6 to 1-3 of real value, on sale Monday till gone.

SAD IRONS—slightly damaged—a trifle rusty, sold up to \$1.19 per set. Choice of the lot—

59c

IRON HANDLES—best hardwood top with iron stretcher—sale price, each—

5c

SKATES—odds and ends in U. S. skate skates—

Half price

SHEARS AND SCISSORS—assorted sizes and styles, nickel plated, every pair guaranteed solid steel, at—

19c

MALACCA plated knives and forks, just the thing for kitchen use, set with tin plate—price, set—

75c

Flannels, 4½c yd.

Our dark colored outing flannels for bath robes, night gowns, underwear, children's dresses and other winter uses. The regular 7c quality. Take 'em all this week for, per yard—

4½c

Blankets 53c pr.

Special offer for tomorrow and until sold, 50 gray cotton blankets, extra heavy, fine quality, regular price 60c here and 75c at the other stores. Tomorrow's price and until sold, per pair—

53c

Ladies' stock'gs

Ladies' heavy weight ribbed sweater hose, fast black, all sizes, every pair worth 50c. Clearance sale price, 3 pairs for \$1.00 or, per pair—

35c

Ladies' fast black fleeced cotton hose. The kind that is worth 20c a pair. Clearance sale—

10c

Blankets, robes

A regular \$3.75 wool sired horse blanket, yellow, size 84x90. In the clearance sale our price—

\$2.98

A grand good \$1.25 cow or horse blanket. Don't let the cow freeze. These on sale tomorrow for—

89c

FUR ROBES—regular \$7.50 value in black, for sleigh or carriage, good robe with wool lining. Clearance sale price—

\$5.95

Neckwear, ½ off.

All odd pieces and slightly soiled turnovers, scarfs of silk, scar

Our Fourth Annual Sale of White

Gray-Tallant Co

The prices we make during this sale cannot be duplicated for another year at least. Buy and save.

After reading these offerings look through your linen closet. There are things you need. Buy and save.



"The Why" of Our Low Prices on Cottons.

NEVER have we been in a position to sell you "white cotton materials" at a price so much under the market as we are at present. When it became evident to us that there would be a shortage in the 1903 cotton crop, we began preparations for this White Sale, by filling our stockrooms while the old prices were available. Since then cotton has advanced 34 per cent. This means an advance of one-third upon the cheapest cottons. Heavy sheetings, bedspreads and other cotton products advanced in proportion, and what's more, these high prices will hold until the 1904 crop is gathered. The Fourth Annual White Sale began today, and as long as our supply lasts you will benefit by our foresight. Note our exceptional offerings on Table Linens:

Sheeting Below Mill Prices.

HAD we purchased these upon today's market such prices would have been quite impossible. You will make no mistake in liberally supplying yourself with them. To this list of sheetings we add two very excellent toweling bargains—

FINE BLEACHED SHEETING—two yards wide—a standard quality selling everywhere at 25c the yard. The price during the Fourth Annual White Sale—**17½c**
Limit 20 yards to one customer.

9-4 LOCKWOOD BLEACHED SHEETING—one of the best makes—cannot be purchased today in the regular way for less than 27c the yard. Fourth Annual White Sale price—**19½c**
Limit 15 yards to one customer.

TWILED TOWELING—bleached or brown—sells at 6c regularly—one bolt (25 yards) limit. Fourth Annual White Sale price—**4c**

12½ BLEACHED MUSLIN—a very fine quality—but one bolt to a customer at our White Sale price—**8½c**

10-4 BLEACHED SHEETING (2½ yards wide)—our standard make—not sold under present cotton market for less than 27c the yard—our Fourth Annual White Sale price—**20½c**
Limit 20 yards to one customer.

BLEACHED CAMBRIC MUSLINS—36 inches wide—a heavy quality with a smooth finish—a 10c quality. One case of 110 sold during the Fourth Annual White Sale at—**53½c**
Limit one bolt to one customer.

36-INCH BROWN MUSLIN—is a splendid value at 7c—at our price we can sell you but one bolt. Fourth Annual White Sale price—**5c**

TURKISH TOWELS—size 21x41 inches—a good 15c quality—cream only. Fourth Annual White Sale, each—**9½c**

9-4 PEQUOT SHEETING—a brand known to everybody. Our Fourth Annual White Sale price is less than the present mill price—full bleached—the **20½c**
Limit 15 yards to one customer.

FRUIT OF THE LOOM—Lonsdale or Blackstone bleached muslin—36 inches wide—the wholesale price today is 3½c the yard. During our Fourth Annual White Sale the yard—**7¼c**
Limit 20 yards to one customer.

CRASH TOWELING—pure linen—18 inches wide—an excellent 14c value—one bolt (50 yards) limit. Fourth Annual White Sale price—**8¾c**

PILLOW CASES—45x36 inches—a good 14c quality made in a satisfactory way. Fourth Annual White Sale, each—**9c**

Lingerie—White Sale Prices.

SUCH is the refined character and excellence of the muslin underwear in this White Sale that none can be too discriminating to be suited. No matter how low the price only dependable qualities are obtained in this store.

LADIES' CAMBRIC GOWNS—with hemstitched yoke and sleeves—a splendid value at the regular price of 65c—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**50c**

SLIP-OVER GOWNS of very fine cambric—large variety of styles—hemstitched or lace and embroidery trimmed—\$1.25 garments—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**98c**

PLAIN CAMBRIC SKIRT—with hemstitched tucked ruffles—a very neat and serviceable garment at a very low price—during the Fourth Annual White Sale at—**50c**

FINE CAMBRIC SKIRT—with four rows of tucks and deep embroidery flounce—extra full width—a regular \$2.00 value—special \$2.00 value—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**\$1.50**

EMPIRE CAMBRIC GOWN—with torchon lace yoke, hemstitched reverses and cuffs—75c is the regular price—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**59c**

DAINTY CAMBRIC GOWNS—insertion or lace trimmed or hemstitched—some with round yokes; others of various styles, \$1.25 values—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**98c**

PLAIN CAMBRIC SKIRT—made with two tucks and embroidery ruffle—regularly such a garment would sell at 98c—Our price during our Fourth Annual White Sale at—**75c**

HEAVY CAMBRIC SKIRT—very wide—deep ruffle—four rows of wide insertion edged with torchon lace—good \$2.50 value—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**\$2.00**

FINE CAMBRIC GOWNS—V or round shaped yoke of all over embroidery; lace trimmed yoke collar and cuffs—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**75c**

EXTRA FINE GOWN of select cambric—cut in Empire or V shape styles—plaid Valenciennes lace or embroidery trimmed—\$2.00 value—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**\$1.50**

GOOD CAMBRIC SKIRT—with deep flounce—one row of insertion—edged with torchon lace, full width—is a regular \$1.50 value—Our Fourth Annual White Sale price—**98c**

LARGE VARIETY SKIRTS—in all lace flounce insertion with tucking—are exceptional values at \$5.00—another Fourth Annual White Sale special—**\$3.50**

Bed Spreads, Long Cloth, Towels.

CROCHETED BEDSPREADS—Good weight, extra large size, free from any staining—a splendid quality at \$1.25. Another White Sale extra special—**93c**

REAL MARSEILLES BEDSPREADS—Best designs, made and finished—are \$2.75 values—brought to make a leader for the White Sale—there is a case of 100 of them—will you own one at—**\$1.89**

HUCK TOWELS—24 x 15 inches—all linen hemstitched huck towels—a very fine quality—very pretty designed borders in pure white—are exceptionally good values at 45c each. We limit to each customer one dozen and make the price during this annual White Sale—each—**25c**

BEDSPREADS—Marseilles patterns—extra large size. This spread is very stylish and will prove durable. Our \$1.75 quality. White Sale price—**\$1.29**

LONG CLOTH—36-inch chambray finish—put up in twelve yard pieces expressly for the Gray-Tallant Co. Ask for No. 2390 at 12½c the yard, or \$1.39 the piece, or No. 2400 at 15c the yard, or—the piece—**\$1.65**

READY-MADE SHEETS—72 x 90 inches, good quality snow white ready-made sheets, with three-inch hem. You will consider them a most excellent value at 65c. Secure a supply during our Fourth Annual White Sale, for we shall ask for them but—**47½c**

Table Linen Economy.

JUDGES of good linen have learned long since that our regular prices on table linens are more to their liking than the "special sale prices" of others. With a reduction on these low prices you can easily determine the economy possible during our Fourth Annual White Sale.

SATIN TABLE DAMASK—finest quality—72-inch, gray bleached, double satin table damask of our own "Erin" brand, made from carefully selected Irish flax—most exquisite designs—Fourth Annual White Sale price—yard—**\$2.50**
\$8.00 ¼ Napkins to match, \$6.75

"ERIN" TABLE DAMASK—72-inch snow white satin table damask of the best Irish flax, beautiful smooth weave—this line is a good representative of \$1.75 qualities. See the pretty designs during Fourth Annual White Sale—price the yard—**\$1.39**
¼ Napkins to match, \$3.95

GERMAN LINEN TABLE DAMASK—half bleached, soft and heavy—64 inches wide—six neat designs—regular 75c value—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**59c**

IRISH TABLE DAMASK—72 inches wide—six very attractive designs—its real value is 90c the yard—as an extraordinary Fourth Annual White Sale bargain—**62½c**

"ERIN" TABLE DAMASK—an excellent \$2.50 quality extra heavy double satin table damask of best Irish make—full bleached—is full two wide—best designs shown this year—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**\$1.89**
\$6.24 ¼ Napkins to match \$4.95

HALF BLEACHED TABLE LINEN, 72-inch, half bleached heavy twilled Ramsley table linen, has almost no end to wear, very pretty damask designs with heavy brocade effects—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**95c**
¼ Napkins to match \$2.75

CREAM IRISH LINEN TABLE DAMASK—new and exclusive designs—warranted to give satisfactory wear—\$1.00 quality—price the yard—**67½c**

CREAM IRISH LINEN TABLE DAMASK—Full two yards wide and strictly new goods—\$1.50 and \$1.75 qualities. Fourth Annual White Sale. **\$1.23**

Two Extra Specials For the White Sale.

BLEACHED TABLE DAMASK—25 pieces consisting of our best \$1.25 and \$1.35 qualities from our regular stock—the newest designs—warranted long smooth threads which insures a nice satin finish—a most excellent quality at a very popular price—during our Fourth Annual White Sale—**92½c**

Other "White" Material on Sale.

The new lines of white dimities, nainsooks, India linens, fancy white waistics and imported sheer materials are now ready for their initial showing. Those visiting our White Sale get the best glimpse of them and likewise our Fourth Annual White Sale prices. They are, by far, the daintiest and most serviceable materials shown.

Pattern Table Cloths Reduced.

The varied styles, qualities and patterns makes it almost impossible to give you an intelligent idea of our splendid values in this space. We offer you the selection of the best line at the head of the lakes, during the Fourth Annual White Sale, at a reduction from the regular price of—**25%**
We court the pleasure of showing you this superb assortment.



Four Napkin Specials.

ONLY four lots but the styles and qualities are so varied that you will readily select a pleasing pattern and quality. Note the price reduction:

Lot 1—27-inch bleached double satin damask table napkins, worth from \$5.50 to \$6.00 the dozen—a saving worth considering when our White Sale price makes them—**\$4.75**

Lot 2—24-inch fine bleached satin damask table napkins—have never sold regularly for less than \$3.50—as long as they last during the White Sale the price is—**\$2.48**

Lot 3—18x18 cream and bleached damask napkins—a heavy quality, cheap at \$1.50 the dozen—our White Sale price makes this durable napkin quite inexpensive—**\$1.29**

Lot 4—17x17-inch dice pattern napkins—a splendid weight for hard wear—no dressing—our regular price 85c the dozen—those buying them during the White Sale secure them for—**59c**

Corset Covers and Drawers.

CAMBRIC CORSET COVERS—Square or round yokes, lace or embroidery trimmed, full front—we bought them to sell during the Fourth Annual White Sale at only—**25c**

CORSET COVERS—Extra values—three rows lace insertion about the neck—front and back lace trimmed—our special Fourth Annual White Sale price—**50c**

CAMBRIC DRAWERS—Plain hemstitched and tucked, or with embroidered ruffles—is a regular 35c value—Fourth Annual White Sale special—**25c**

LARGE VARIETY CAMBRIC DRAWERS—Trimmed with embroidery tucking, lace insertion and edging—others trimmed with tucking and hemstitching—Fourth Annual White Sale special price—**50c**

Other excellent qualities and styles 98c to \$2.50.

NEAT CORSET COVERS—Of fine cambric in various styles, round or square yokes—liberally trimmed with lace insertion and laces—Fourth Annual White Sale special—**35c**

VERY FINE CAMBRIC COVERS—Many styles to select from—some elaborately trimmed, others more daintily—\$1.00 is true value—Fourth Annual White Sale price—**75c**

FINE CAMBRIC DRAWERS—Three rows hemstitched tucking, deep flounces—an excellent 50c quality—another bargain for the Fourth Annual White Sale—**35c**

CAMBRIC DRAWERS—\$1.00 would be the regular price for this line purchased for our Fourth Annual White Sale—trimmings are most sensible and serviceable—special price will be—**75c** only.

Better qualities at corresponding low prices.

The New Embroideries.

TWO foremost Eastern importers have hurried on to us their portion of our new lines of spring Embroideries. We lack the words to properly describe them. An improvement upon the line seems impossible. There is the daintiest of Swiss, nainsook and cambric matched sets with blind or open effects, edges, insertions, beadings, flouncings, all-overs and corset cover embroideries. 'Mid all the daintiness you will recognize that they are made for service. The prices? Buy them now and you secure our economical White Sale prices.

CORSET COVER EMBROIDERIES—a new line of the newest 1904 styles—a large line to select from at these prices: 45c, 50c, 55c, 65c, 75c, 85c and 95c and—**\$1.00**

MATCHED SETS AND SEPARATE EDGES in Swiss and nainsook—this is a lot that the importer lost money on—you are the one to profit if you buy during the Fourth Annual White Sale. We offer them at a reduction below the actual value—**33½%**

NEW CAMBRIC EMBROIDERIES with average width of about 2½ inches—none worth less than 6c, while many would sell at 8c and 10c—this is but another Fourth Annual White Sale opportunity to save—the yard—**5c**

CLUNY EDGES—All linen torchon and hand made cluny lace edges and bands from ½ to 5 inches wide—priced from 12c to \$1.50. During the Fourth Annual White Sale—**Half Price**

ALL-OVERS—Exquisite new patterns—they have made their appearance just in time to get in the Fourth Annual White Sale at—**\$2.39**

VALENCIENNES LACES—A large line, selling regularly at from 5c to 25c the yard, to which we have added odd parts of matched sets of edges and insertions of about the same price—during our Fourth Annual White Sale at—**Half Price**

ODD PIECES INSERTION, EDGES, BEADINGS of Swiss nainsook and cambric—hundreds of pieces of them—a large assortment—you will find what you want and the cost is only—**Half Price**

EMBROIDERED SWISS WAIST FRONTS—Nothing prettier for the fancy waist than these imported fronts—sold regularly at \$1.25 to \$1.75—all offered during this Fourth Annual White Sale at—**Half Price**

White Waistics Underpriced.

CREAM ALBATROSS—38 inches wide—the best quality obtainable at 50c the yard. The price for the White Sale is but—**42½c**

PLAIN CREAM MOHAIR—44 inches wide. You have noted the prominence given it by the fashion journals—has a beautiful silk-like lustre—98c sells at \$1.25 a yard. White Sale price—**77½c**

STRIPED MOHAIR WAISTICS—Splendid quality with neat cluster stripes—at other times we get \$1.10 for it—now—**85c**

SILK AND WOOL CREPE DE CHINE—36 inches wide—our patrons consider it a good value at \$1.00 the yard. Fourth Annual White Sale price—**77½c**

Clearance of Blankets and Comforts.

To make this a page of the best bargains ever advertised by this store, we remind you of our reductions in both wool and cotton blankets and comforts. Many anticipate their needs of another winter and buy them this far ahead. You will see the wisdom of this when you get our prices.

MAYORMAY VETO

Purchase of West End Site May Receive His Disapproval.

City Engineer's Investigation Will Determine His Action.

It is not improbable that Mayor Hugo will veto the action of the council in purchasing a site for the West End police station.

"I am waiting for the report of the city engineer on the matter," said Mayor Hugo today when asked if he would veto the measure. "What action I will take depends largely on the nature of that report. I will know before the meeting of the council this evening, as Mr. Patton will give me his report this afternoon."

The lot could not possibly be secured with a sewer connection to the Michigan street sewer, said Mr. Patton, the city engineer, this morning. "It lies too low. The only means there is of giving sewer connections on the lot is with a culvert of the northern Pacific railroad, and this would be a precedent to establish."

At the last meeting of the city treasurer was asked to determine whether the general fund would stand the necessary outlay of \$5,000. According to the report compiled by Mr. Voss which was published in The Herald Saturday, there is a balance of over \$25,000 in the general fund, and he will report accordingly tonight.

Although the general fund will be almost depleted by the purchase of the site, the council is expected to vote in favor of purchasing the bridge material at this evening's meeting, taking favorable action this evening.

At a joint meeting of the water and light and finance committees Saturday afternoon, it was decided to go on with the issuance of the \$10,000 bonds which were authorized last year and also recommend the issuance of \$5,000 further bonds to take care of the extension in the department for the coming year.

The report will be submitted to the council this evening and if acted on favorably the bond issue will be submitted to the voters at the coming municipal elections.

One of two bids have been submitted for the construction of a new covered walkway along the Michigan street, and the council this evening together with certain information for the street of lowering the present wagon so that a cover on it would not prevent it from entering the lane. A law which will go into effect Feb. 1, requires all wagons in the city to have a population of over 50,000 to be covered.

NIGHT SCHOOL GROWING WELL

Y. M. C. A. Educational Department Make Grati-fying Progress.

The night school of the Young Men's Christian association of the city has shown a gratifying growth both in attendance and efficiency during the past term. About 150 students have been enrolled, and the number is still growing.

The school term of the classes will begin this evening at 7:30 and the greater part of the old students will return for future study. B. N. Wheeler's class in reading for foreigners has a registration of nearly 50, and is one of the most interesting and largest in the curriculum, and the class in mechanical and architectural drawing under Professor C. A. Hutchinson is the next largest, having a registration of 25 or more.

Professor C. G. Robson, who has charge of the commercial branches, is one of Duluth's best known instructors, and it is a splendid opportunity for young men to improve their condition in business by taking the various courses offered in his department. Classes in physics, with special reference to electricity, English and mathematics, are taught by Professor Towne of the high school, T. A. Gull and A. J. McLennan. The classes will continue until April 1.

It isn't how much cold cream a woman puts on her face but how much Rocky Mountain Tea she takes inside that brings out her beauty. Rocky Mountain Tea complexion stay, 25c.

HORRORS OF FIRE KILLS TEACHER

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Solilo from witnessing the horror in the Iroquois theater, Miss Edna Wild, 22 years old, a teacher at the Federal public school, is dead. The report of her death brought the total number of corpses today to 53.

Miss Wild was burned slightly in the fire. She made her way unassisted

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW

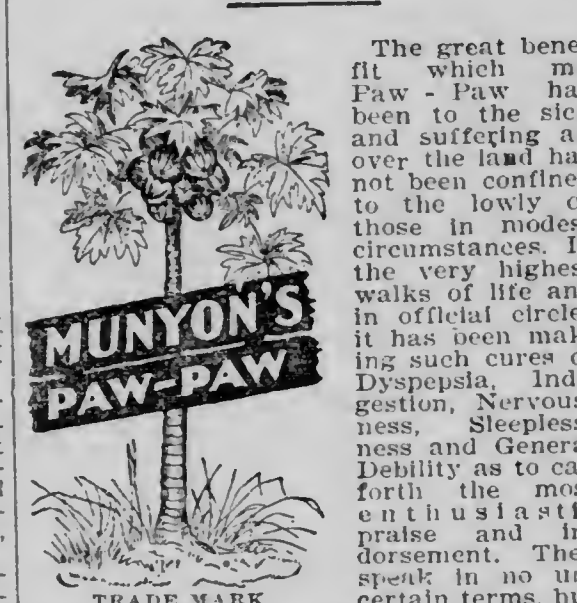
It is Endorsed by People of National Reputation

SENATORS

Congressmen, Government Officials, Mayors, G. A. R. Veterans

CURED

By Paw-Paw Are Glad to Testify So That Others Will Benefit.



Read What Some of Them Say:

Hon. Kitt Gould, Chicago, Representative of the 3rd Senatorial District, and for four years the attorney for the State Board of Pharmacy of Illinois, says: "I have been a great sufferer from catarrh of the stomach, dyspepsia and indigestion, which completely upset my nervous system. Munyon's Paw-Paw has restored all my old-time energy and vim. It is a marvelous remedy."

The Honorable Samuel W. Lane, of Augusta, Me., is a national figure of such prominence that he needs no introduction at our hands. He says: "I am pleased to state that I have been up and about for forty years from my sufferings with the greatest benefit. I have been a sufferer for many years from dyspepsia, and for the cure of the latter I consider Paw-Paw absolutely unequalled."

Captain Chas. A. De Arnaud, Washington, D. C., the man of whom President Roosevelt has heard so much, and who was Captain De Arnaud a debt of gratitude for his services to General Grant, and whose daughter, Miss De Arnaud, is now General Grant's daughter-in-law, says: "I have been a sufferer from dyspepsia and indigestion for many years. Munyon's Paw-Paw has cured me, and I can now eat and sleep as well as I ever did. I am a great admirer of Paw-Paw, and I can recommend it to all who are suffering from dyspepsia and indigestion."

Major De Batz, of Washington, D. C., official translator of all foreign letters and documents, says: "Paw-Paw cured my dyspepsia and indigestion, and I can now eat and sleep as well as I ever did. I am a great admirer of Paw-Paw, and I can recommend it to all who are suffering from dyspepsia and indigestion."

And this is not a fair start on our list of people of national reputation. If the patients of these strong words, however, will cause other sufferers to let Paw-Paw restore their health, we shall be well repaid.

If you have dyspepsia, try it. If you are nervous, try it. If you are despondent, try it. If you are weak and run down, try it. Cast away all tonics and medicines and all stimulants, and let Munyon's Paw-Paw work well. It will lift you into the high altitudes of hope and hold you there. It will give exhilaration without intoxication.

It is the plan of the aldermen to begin filling in at the sides of the ravines and then to construct culverts when they become necessary. In this way it is believed that a permanent roadway could be completed by the time the present bridges are worn out.

The plan is a popular one in West Duluth and is also favored by the aldermen. An appropriation to complete the Jewnsd street subway is desired this year, however, and the only question appears to be whether the city should spare the money for both improvements.

A VEST-POCKET DOCTOR. Never in the way, no trouble to carry. It is the plan of the aldermen to begin filling in at the sides of the ravines and then to construct culverts when they become necessary. In this way it is believed that a permanent roadway could be completed by the time the present bridges are worn out.

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REVIVALS PLANNED

Methodist Churches Join In a Federated Evangelistic Movement.

Meetings In All Churches, Concluding With a Great Rally.

A Methodist federated evangelistic movement has been started among all the Methodist churches in the city, with the purpose in view of having a revival season which shall be wider in scope of work accomplished than ever before.

This is the first time that an undertaking of the kind has been attempted by any denomination in this city, and other city in Minnesota, but it has already been tried successfully by churches in Chicago and some other Eastern cities.

The plan is to concentrate the efforts of the various ministers and laymen of the different Methodist churches on the work in localities of the city where evangelistic work may be best progressed, and to this end several important preliminary meetings have been and are being held.

The revival work will really begin following this week of prayer, which will be observed by all the Methodist churches. Services will be held at Lester Park Methodist church, conducted by Rev. S. P. Long, Rev. John Fowell, Rev. Mr. Archer and Rev. John Callahan.

Wherever the local Methodist ministers are not engaged in revival services of their own they will be assigned to other churches where such work is in progress.

The First Swedish Methodist church and the Norwegian Danish Methodist church will hold union services. At this week, three nights in one and three nights at the other church building.

The Ashbury M. E. church, at West Duluth, will begin its revival meetings Jan. 17, Grace M. E. church about the middle of February, the Edinboro M. E. church Feb. 28.

The entire effort will conclude with a big revival rally of all the churches in services at the First M. E. church, beginning March 13.

Not only will the revival movement be participated in by the Methodist ministers of the city, but the laity will also have an important part in the meetings. Looking toward this end, the laymen have been organized into a working body, with Watson S. Moore as the president, the preliminary meeting being held in the study of the First M. E. church yesterday afternoon.

The organization has been effected for the more systematic work in evangelistic movement. The first meeting of the laymen will be held at the First M. E. church Wednesday evening of this week.

The Onondaga Methodist church will begin its evangelistic services this evening and continue for two weeks. The January issue of "The Methodist" is issued the revival number, and symposiums on revival work are to be found in it from nearly every minister in the city.

AT WEST DULUTH

The board of public works will report to the council this evening on the advisability of filling in the ravines under the West Duluth bridges, and also as to the amount of filling that could be done before culverts would have to be constructed.

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FREE READING ROOM. Through the efforts of the young people of the Norwegian Lutheran church a reading room has been opened at Fifty-seventh avenue west and Wadena street. The reading room is free to the public, and current issues of many papers and magazines are placed at the disposal of the patrons. With the formal opening of the room exercises were held. "The Influence of Home" was spoken of by Miss Clara Laing and Rev. Liebig gave an address on "Whom Shall We Follow Through Life." The room will be a welcome addition to that end of the city.

RESCUED IN TIME. One of the warnings of the drowning accidents that are too often a feature of Duluth winters was the narrow escape of Robert Black and Norman Wilson, boys of 14 and 10 years. They were skating on the frozen harbor on the pond near the Black home, four miles from West Duluth. While skating in the middle of the harbor the boys fell into the water. The older boy upheld his companion and attracted the attention of a farmer, who came to their assistance. Both were rescued and suffered little from their cold plunge.

ONE MILL STARTS. The St. Louis mill started up this morning for the winter's run. No sawing has been done yet, but he work will be commenced this afternoon. The mill will run night and day with two shifts, during the winter months. The company has a contract that will keep it busy until late in the spring, and it will probably run steadily until that time at least.

Several mill machinery has been thoroughly overhauled and repaired, and is in good shape for the winter's work. The mill will be in operation at work for the past six weeks on the repairs. With the two shifts of men, the mill will keep the city supplied with lumber. All of the other mills in West Duluth will remain boarded up until spring. The Alger & Smith Co. is bringing in a large number of logs by rail, and unloading them at the West Duluth mill in order to reduce to a minimum operations early in the spring.

MEAT MARKET BURNS. Fire broke out late Saturday evening in the building on Central avenue, occupied by A. F. Rasmussen, meat market. The fire started from a stove in the office of the store, and the flames spread rapidly.

The Ashbury M. E. church, at West Duluth, will begin its revival meetings Jan. 17, Grace M. E. church about the middle of February, the Edinboro M. E. church Feb. 28.

The entire effort will conclude with a big revival rally of all the churches in services at the First M. E. church, beginning March 13.

Not only will the revival movement be participated in by the Methodist ministers of the city, but the laity will also have an important part in the meetings. Looking toward this end, the laymen have been organized into a working body, with Watson S. Moore as the president, the preliminary meeting being held in the study of the First M. E. church yesterday afternoon.

The organization has been effected for the more systematic work in evangelistic movement. The first meeting of the laymen will be held at the First M. E. church Wednesday evening of this week.

The Onondaga Methodist church will begin its evangelistic services this evening and continue for two weeks. The January issue of "The Methodist" is issued the revival number, and symposiums on revival work are to be found in it from nearly every minister in the city.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS. John Davidson, died this morning at 3 o'clock at Red Cross hospital. Death was the result of a fall from a building. The services will be held Tuesday afternoon from Filtration meetings. The interment will be in the cemetery.

George Edmondson, formerly a resident of West Duluth and is now a resident of the West Duluth mills in the West Duluth, died this morning at 3 o'clock at Red Cross hospital. Death was the result of a fall from a building. The services will be held Tuesday afternoon from Filtration meetings. The interment will be in the cemetery.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Davidson, died this morning at 3 o'clock at Red Cross hospital. Death was the result of a fall from a building. The services will be held Tuesday afternoon from Filtration meetings. The interment will be in the cemetery.

The funeral was held this morning at 10 o'clock at the funeral home of J. W. Davidson, and was attended by a large number of friends. The interment was in the cemetery.

John W. Davidson, wife of the late John W. Davidson, died this morning at 3 o'clock at Red Cross hospital. Death was the result of a fall from a building. The services will be held Tuesday afternoon from Filtration meetings. The interment will be in the cemetery.

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ANNUAL MID-WINTER CLEARING SALE!

In our Boys' Clothing Department. Each and every Young Man's, Boy's or Child's Suit, Overcoat or Reefer has been marked down—some more—some less—

ALL ODDS AND ENDS AND BROKEN LINES OF SUITS, OVERCOATS AND REEFERS AT EXACTLY HALF PRICE

We don't mean half price of foolish ticket markings, as is the too common custom, we have no patience with store keeping that treats buyers as if they were geese to be caught with lead pencil or red ink juggling.

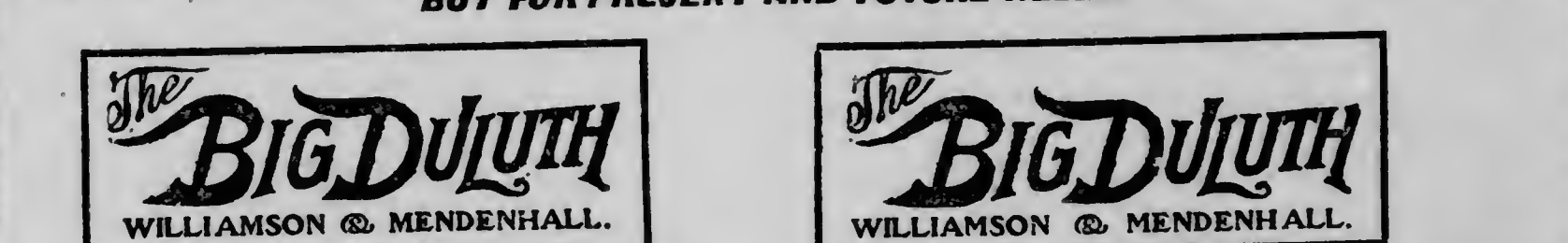
\$16.00 Odd Suits and Overcoats—\$8.00 \$8.50 Odd Suits and Overcoats—\$4.25 \$15.00 Odd Suits and Overcoats—\$7.50 \$7.50 Odd Suits and Overcoats—\$3.75 \$12.00 Odd Suits and Overcoats—\$6.00 \$5.00 Odd Suits and Overcoats—\$2.50 \$10.00 Odd Suits and Overcoats—\$5.00 \$4.00 Odd Suits and Overcoats—\$2.00

Our prices remain as before in plain figures on the ticket of each garment. You pay exactly half the old prices.

All our Regular Lines of Young Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing (Staples, Blacks, Blues excepted) at Greatly Reduced Prices.

\$20.00 Regular Suits and Overcoats—\$16.50 \$10.00 Regular Suits and Overcoats—\$7.95 \$18.00 Regular Suits and Overcoats—\$15.00 \$7.50 Regular Suits and Overcoats—\$5.95 \$15.00 Regular Suits and Overcoats—\$12.00 \$5.00 Regular Suits and Overcoats—\$3.95 \$12.00 Regular Suits and Overcoats—\$10.00 \$4.00 Regular Suits and Overcoats—\$2.95 \$2.50 Regular Suits and Overcoats—\$1.95

DON'T DELAY—WHATEVER YOUR CLOTHING NEEDS MAY BE, NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY FOR PRESENT AND FUTURE NEEDS.



THE STAGE. TONIGHT'S ATTRACTION.

Lyceum—"The Devil's Auction." Metropolitan—Farris Stock company in "Tom, Dick and Harry."

COMING ATTRACTIONS. Lyceum—Tuesday evening, "The Chaparones." Wednesday and Thursday evenings, "Slave of the Mines."

Lyceum—Friday and Saturday evenings, and Saturday afternoon, Marie Cahill in "Nancy Brown."

"THE DEVIL'S AUCTION." Once more will "The Devil's Auction" be offered to Duluth theatergoers this evening at the Lyceum. The Yale show bids fair to go on forever.

THE METROPOLITAN. The Farris Stock company will present a farce comedy, "Tom, Dick and Harry," at the Metropolitan this evening to run the first three days of the week, with a matinee Wednesday.

MARIE CAHILL. "Nancy Brown," with Marie Cahill, is one of the most talked about things of the year, and Duluth people are to see it Friday and Saturday evenings and Sunday afternoon at the Lyceum. The press criticisms that follow it every where are most flattering.

Overcoat Sale. We are now sacrificing all our overcoats. Come and get our prices. C. W. ERICSON. The Clothier.

##

AND ALL HORSE GOODS
At Lowest Prices Always at

Believed That Japan Has Already Received Rus- sia's Reply.

Paris, Jan. 4.—A dispatch to the Associated Press from Bizerta, Tunis, says the Russian naval division there, or recently in the vicinity of Bizerta, comprised the armored cruiser Dmitri Donskoi, launched in 1883; the armored cruiser Asiatyevka, launched in 1887; the protected cruiser Aurora, launched in 1893, and the torpedo boat destined for Vice-roy Alexieff and eleven torpedo boat destroyers of the latest model, having a speed of 26 knots.

MIES
Duluth's Leading Tailor,
**110-112-114 Third
Avenue West.**
WOLVIN BLDG.
ENTER PHONE 151.

by the fact that the whole immense establishment of the Great Eastern is to be remodeled as soon as sufficient clearing of the stocks make it possible. The assortments this season, in variety

otes Exchanged With
Gen. Reyes Also
Made Public.

**Your Savings
Deposited**
on or before JANUARY 10th
in the

ners' Band at the West End
Twenty-first avenue west, T
Thursday evenings? Admi
ces 15c, Gentlemen 25c.

DRESS SUITS AND TUXEDOS.
J. Frank Burrows
24 Third Ave W. Up-to-date Tailor.

Helema, Mont., Jan. 4.—Isaac Gravelle, convicted of sending threatening letters to the Northern Pacific Railroad company, was sentenced today to ten years in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$5000. This is the maximum penalty for the crime.

Savings.

Skating

DRESS SUITS AND TUXEDOS.
Frank Burrows

\$500 REWARD

ne of \$5000. This is the maximum penalty for the crime.
Gravelle will be tried for burglary

YOU WON'T WAIT LONG, MR. EMPLOYER!

Capable people in any line will quickly respond to your brief request in The Herald's Classified Columns. THOSE LITTLE "WANT ADS." GET A BIG HEARING. ONE CENT A WORD. TRY THEM.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

European Owner Wishes to Sell Property Cheap.

\$7250 Thoroughly modern house with bath and trees, near Second avenue east. Actual value, \$10,000. Cash, \$2500; balance, \$4750. Terms, \$100 per month.

\$3200 Nine-room house, water and sewer, in one of the best locations on West Third street, in West End. Actual value, \$4000; land, \$2000; cash, \$500. Terms, \$100 per month.

\$1100 Lot 50 by 140 feet on upper side of Second street, near 14th avenue east, worth \$1200.

\$3050 Lot 60 by 140 feet on upper side of First street, near Third avenue east. Actual value, \$4000.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

Sample Bargains.
Phone 349.

\$250 will buy a 16-acre tract north of the Woodland car line, \$50 cash and \$50 per year.

\$1200 will buy a good home in a good location, upper side of street.

\$200 to \$500 for the best lots in Oneota. Terms easy to bona fide purchasers who will build.

\$1900 for good home in Lakeside, on large lot. Others at less price.

\$800 for fine 5-acre tract on Lester River.

REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND INSURANCE.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
208 First National Bank Building.

Many cases, worth \$10 to \$25 per acre, can still be secured out of 250,000 acres of vacant government lands still open to entry in Minnesota. Secured without residence with railroad reserve.

H. W. COFFIN,
Manhattan Building.

WANTED TO BUY PULPWOOD AND TIES.

Highest market prices paid. Kindly call at our office, telephone or write. Duluth Log Co., 201-4 Palatine Bldg. Both Phones.

\$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street, \$200 cash, balance \$1000 per year.

\$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very good condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges, everything goes.

\$1500 Ten-room house, very good condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges, everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

\$900 takes a fine lot, upper side of Second street, near Twelfth avenue east.

\$6000 takes finest 150-foot corner in East End.

A. G. VOLK & CO., 222-224 Palatine Bldg.

ENDION LOTS

Lot 10, block 37—price \$1600

Lot 5, block 37—price \$1400

Also Lot on Park Point—\$2000

And Lot on the Hill—\$1000

Geo. R. Laybourn 14 Phenix Block.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 26th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of John L. Buehler, Deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of John L. Buehler, deceased, state of Iowa, being granted to A. C. Buehler.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 26th day of December, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF, Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec. 28-31-11.

FOR SALE OR LEASE Three story and basement brick building, known as 16 and 18 East Michigan street, 50 feet front by 100 feet deep to railroad tracks. Elevator, water, sewer, electric lights and gas. Each floor has carrying capacity of 400 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession. Will sell at a bargain.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO., Real Estate, Loans, Insurance, 211 West Superior Street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN

On improved city property—6 per cent interest—3 or 5 years' time. On or before privilege.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 West Superior St.

\$600 50-foot corner on East Superior street. A snap.

\$750 24-ft. lot upper side of E. Fifth St. Water, sewer, Avenue graded.

\$6000 20-foot lot, three houses; fine location. Fourth St. Central.

ROCKSTEIN & EBY
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
200 Exchange Building, Zenith phone 338.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Caroline Simard and Joseph M. Simard, her husband, mortgagors, to Charles Anderson, mortgagee, bearing date, May twenty-second, 1903, and which is recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on May twenty-ninth, 1903, and which is a mortgage of one hundred and thirty-three (133) dollars, with interest at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum, secured by said mortgage, which became due on the first (1st) day of September, 1903, amounting to the sum of one hundred and thirty-three (133) dollars, and which said mortgage has been duly assigned to the undersigned, the undersigned, therefore, hereby declares, that the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable.

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage, debt, at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred forty-five (545) dollars, and which said mortgage has been duly assigned to the undersigned, the undersigned, therefore, hereby declares, that the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable.

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has been duly assigned to the undersigned, the undersigned, therefore, hereby declares, that he will sell the premises described in said mortgage, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in that behalf made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to wit:

The southern one-half (1/2) of the southerly seventy (70) feet, of lot number one (1) in block forty-nine (49) in Duluth Proper, Second division, recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, and which is owned by the undersigned, the undersigned, therefore, hereby declares, that he will sell the premises described in said mortgage, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof.

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has been duly assigned to the undersigned, the undersigned, therefore, hereby declares, that he will sell the premises described in said mortgage, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof.

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The southern one-half (1/2) of the southerly seventy (70) feet, of lot number one (1) in block forty-nine (49) in Duluth Proper, Second division, recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, and which is owned by the undersigned, the undersigned, therefore, hereby declares, that he will sell the premises described in said mortgage, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof, and will execute and deliver a deed of conveyance of the same to the purchaser thereof.

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No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people, without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY.
321 Manhattan Bldg.
Bell phone 79-R, Zenith phone 905.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from \$10 to \$100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, in order or publicly. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY.
265 Palatine Bldg. New phone 321.

CASH IN ANY AMOUNTS ON PIANOS, FURNITURE, ETC.

Don't let other advertisements mislead you. Get our rates before making loans elsewhere. Quick and confidential. Cosmopolitan Co. Zenith phone 751, 301 Palatine Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, AND ALL KINDS OF VALUABLES.

From \$1 up to \$1000. The old and reliable plan. No mortgage. No interest. No penalty. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—COOLEY & UNDERHILL.
200 Exchange Building.

MONEY LOANED ON SHOT GUNS, RIFLES AND REVOLVERS.

Take good care of your firearms and take them over to the Keweenaw Loan & Mercantile Co., 35 West Superior street, and get a loan on them.

MONEY TO LOAN—\$500 ON GOOD REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

Inquire 501 First National Bank building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.
7:10	7:40	10:30	3:40
8:15	8:45	11:00	4:10
9:15	9:45	11:30	4:40
10:15	10:45	12:00	5:10
11:15	11:45	12:30	5:40
12:15	12:45	1:00	6:10
1:15	1:45	1:30	6:40
2:15	2:45	2:00	7:10
3:15	3:45	2:30	7:40
4:15	4:45	3:00	8:10
5:15	5:45	3:30	8:40
6:15	6:45	4:00	9:10
7:15	7:45	4:30	9:40
8:15	8:45	5:00	10:10
9:15	9:45	5:30	10:40
10:15	10:45	6:00	11:10
11:15	11:45	6:30	11:40
12:15	12:45	7:00	12:10
1:15	1:45	7:30	12:40
2:15	2:45	8:00	1:10
3:15	3:45	8:30	1:40
4:15	4:45	9:00	2:10
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5:15	5:45	3:30	8:40
6:15	6:45	4:00	9:10
7:15	7:45	4:30	9:40
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9:15	9:45	5:30	10:40
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11:15	11:45	6:30	11:40
12:15	12:45	7:00	12:10
1:15	1:45	7:30	12:40
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3:15	3:45	8:30	1:40
4:15	4:45	9:00	2:10
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6:15	6:45	10:00	3:10
7:15	7:45	10:30	3:40
8:15	8:45	11:00	4:10
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6:15	6:45	4:00	9:10
7:15	7:45	4:30	9:40
8:15	8:45	5:00	10:10
9:15	9:45	5:30	10:40
10:15	10:45	6:00	11:10
11:15	11:45	6:30	11:40
12:15	12:45	7:00	12:10
1:15	1:45	7:30	12:40
2:15	2:45	8:00	1:10
3:15	3:45		

EASTERN STATES GRASP OF MOST SEVERE COLD WAVE; GREAT SUFFERING RESULTS

The Coldest January Day In the City of New York Since 1875.

All Traffic on Land and Water Seriously Inconvenienced.

New York, Jan. 5.—When the government thermometer reached 4 below zero at 5 o'clock this morning, all local January cold records since 1875, when 6 below was registered, were beaten. The thermometers in various outlying parts of the city went several degrees lower, and in the suburbs from 8 to 15 below zero was reported. At 9 o'clock the official thermometer had gone up to 2 below, and the absence of wind was some relief.

The intense cold interfered considerably with all outdoor occupations and delayed all regular and suburban trains from a few minutes to several hours. The effects of the heavy snow had been overcome, but it was difficult to keep steam, and many local trains had to be abandoned on account of disabled engines.

Traffic on land and water was in serious trouble. Trans-Atlantic liners arrived looking like specter ships. Both the East and North rivers were barely navigable, while the Harlem river, for the first time in eight years, was impassable above McComb's dam bridge at One Hundred and Fifty-fifth street. Ferryboats and tug were swept out of their courses by the drift ice, and every ounce of power in them was required to reach their slips. The boats which landed at the battery had to turn battering rams to part the ice in their slips.

Stalls from the West and East were from six to ten hours late. Snow was not to blame for this so much as the inability of the locomotives to keep steam up under the great outside cold pressure.

The severe weather, too, was the cause of an unusual number of fires. Between 2:30 and 8:30 a. m. fifteen alarms were sent in. These were for small fires, but two alarms were sounded in several instances as a precautionary measure.

PHILADELPHIA SUFFERS.
Philadelphia, Jan. 5.—Official figures show this to be the coldest January day this city has experienced since 1875. At 7 o'clock this morning the weather bureau thermometer registered 2 degrees below zero, while in the suburbs the mercury ranged from 4 to 10 degrees below. At 10 o'clock the mercury had risen to zero.

Through trains on the railroads are from one to three hours late, and the freezing of the automatic switches. The hospitals report many cases of frostbite, but no fatalities.

The Delaware river below this city is frozen from shore to shore for the first time in its history. The ice is forming rapidly in Delaware bay.

In the mountain districts and coal regions the thermometer ranged from 6 to 25 degrees below zero, and coal mining has been seriously interfered with.

At Locust Summit, Northumberland county, the mercury dropped to 25 degrees below zero, and nearly all the coal mines in that locality were unable to operate. At Reading it was 14 below, at Pottsville 10, at Pottsville 10, at Pottsville 10.

COLDEST IN FIVE YEARS.
New Haven, Jan. 5.—This was the coldest morning in the last five years in Connecticut, according to the meas-

urements of the weather bureau station. From midnight until 8 this morning, the official thermometer reading in this city was 8 below zero. Inland points reported such lower temperatures, the lowest among them being Danbury, 26 below.

Traffic on all divisions of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad was again delayed today on account of the difficulty of "making steam."

TEMPERATURE SEVERE.
Wilkesbarre, Pa., Jan. 5.—The temperature today is the severest in many years in this section of the state. At Glen Summit, the mercury was 23 below zero, at Hillside, 25 degrees below; at Mountain Top, 29, while in this city it recorded as low as 14 below. A heavy damp fog accompanied the cold. Coal mining is seriously hampered and while the demand for coal is good and many companies have been unable for a week to make deliveries, the mines cannot produce the fuel fast enough with pipes frozen and breakers too cold for men to work in them.

COLD AT YOUNGSTOWN.
Youngstown, O., Jan. 5.—The mercury registered 16 degrees below zero at 7 o'clock this morning, the coldest weather here since February 10, 1899, when the thermometer dropped to 24 degrees below.

ELECTRIC SYSTEM TIED UP.
Amsterdam, N. Y., Jan. 5.—The average temperature in this city this morning was 26 and 29 degrees below zero. The electric system between this city and Gloversville and Schenectady is tied up. Trains on the New York Central railroad are from 3 to 5 hours late.

MERCURY LOW AT FISHKILL.
Fishkill Landing, N. Y., Jan. 5.—At Fishkill at 5 o'clock the thermometer registered 36 below zero. Along the Newburgh bay section of the Hudson river, it registered variously from 20 to 36 degrees below.

TROY, N. Y., JAN. 5.—The cold this morning reached the lowest point in the history of Troy and vicinity. The thermometer registered 22 degrees below, while at other places the mercury fell to 43 below.

ALBANY, N. Y., JAN. 5.—Twenty-five degrees below zero, the lowest temperature in 25 years, was recorded today.

ROSTON, JAN. 5.—Reports from all over New England indicate more intense cold than yesterday. At Salem, Mass., the harbor was frozen over for the first time in fifteen years. From New Hampshire, Keene reported 22 degrees below, the lowest in fifteen years, while at other places the mercury fell to 43 below.

PITTSBURGH, JAN. 5.—The weather bureau thermometer recorded 1 below zero as the coldest today, but thermometers all over the city showed from 5 to 15 degrees lower. At Elwood it was 27 below. All reports were broken at Corry, when the mercury dropped to 38 degrees below zero.

CLEVELAND, JAN. 5.—From many points in Ohio reports received today indicated a temperature ranging from 5 to 20 below zero.

KNAPP GRANTED A NEW TRIAL

Is In Death House at Columbus Penitentiary Awaiting Execution.

Court Was In Error In Admitting Murderer's Written Confession.

Hamilton, Ohio, Jan. 5.—Alfred A. Knapp, self-confessed murderer of five persons, now in the penitentiary at Columbus awaiting execution for the murder of his wife, was granted a new trial today by Judge Swing. Knapp will be taken from the death house and brought back for a new trial.

The principal ground on which the new trial was granted by the court was alleged error in allowing Knapp's written confession to five murders to be admitted in evidence. The court held that while that part relating to the murder of his wife Hannah was admissible, it was not admissible in connection with the recital of other crimes.

The court said: "The confession of so many cold-blooded crimes could be the work of only a fiend or a maniac, and could not fall to prejudice any juror."

The court held that the state had failed to prove the allegation in the indictment that Knapp had killed his wife by choking and strangling, and that it had not been shown how she came by her death.

THE SQUADRON ENTERTAINED

Officers and Tars Had a Jolly Time at Honolulu.

Honolulu, Dec. 28, via San Francisco, Jan. 5.—The officers of the United States naval squadron were entertained at a jolly entertainment held during the holidays in Honolulu and engaged in many athletic contests with the champions on shore.

On the evening of the 26th Admiral Evans and other officers of the fleet gave a reception on board the battleship Kentucky to the visiting officers of the Honolulu, which is generally described as the most brilliant affair of the kind ever seen here.

The shore contests included a number of events in which the sailors either beat or fought draws with the Honolulu champions. Bill Hulihui, the Hawaiian champion, fought ten rounds to a draw with James Sherlock of the Wisconsin.

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RUSSIA'S REPLY IS MOST CONCILIATORY.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 5.—In her reply to Japan, Russia made great concessions and hopes her proposals will prove acceptable to Japan.

The foreign office informed the Associated Press today that instructions had been sent to Vice-roy Alexieff on which the reply was based. The latter was drawn up in the most conciliatory spirit. Some of the Japanese proposals were accepted, while others were made the subject of extended observations, and were met by counter propositions. There are strong hopes in many circles that on Thursday next, the Russian Christmas, the czar may be able to announce that peace is assured.

The flurry on the bourse yesterday is explained by bankers as being due to the annual settlement operations, and they add that it was wholly uninfluenced by the far Eastern situation.

READY FOR INQUEST

One Hundred Forty Witnesses Subpoenaed By Chicago Coroner.

Secret Search Brings Out Important Evidence on Iroquois Fire.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Arrangements for the inquest over the bodies of victims of the Iroquois theater fire were completed by Coroner Tracy today. Everything is now in readiness for the examination of witnesses when the inquiry begins Thursday. Since the day after the fire the sheriff's office has been busy serving subpoenas on persons named as witnesses. One hundred and forty of these have been summoned, among them being Will J. Davis and Harry Powers, resident managers of the Iroquois theater.

Chief of Police William J. Harrison, O'Neill and his assistant, Schuetler, and Fire Chief Musham.

The coroner's inquest several hours today in a secret search for new evidence. He examined several witnesses at the Iroquois theater and the public result of his interviews.

Attorney Dineen announced that the government should have sufficient time to carefully prepare for trial, and he, being a United States attorney, to be heard as a postoffice at Hastings, while Dietrich was a member of congress. Dietrich, the Attorney General Knox, stating that an important witness had left Washington and would be in Omaha Thursday. The district attorney said that counsel for Senator Dietrich would not agree to proceed on certain conditions without the presence of the witnesses and he therefore requested a continuance.

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The court, however, sustained the district attorney and continued the case until Thursday, January 7. In announcing the continuance of the case, the court said it was the opinion of the court that the government should have sufficient time to carefully prepare for trial, and he, being a United States attorney, to be heard as a postoffice at Hastings, while Dietrich was a member of congress. Dietrich, the Attorney General Knox, stating that an important witness had left Washington and would be in Omaha Thursday. The district attorney said that counsel for Senator Dietrich would not agree to proceed on certain conditions without the presence of the witnesses and he therefore requested a continuance.

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MOVEMENTS OF RUSSIAN FLEET ARE DISQUIETING; OUTLOOK LESS HOPEFUL

DiETRICH CASE IS CONTINUED

Absence of Witness From Washington Causes Postponement.

Postmaster Fisher of Hastings Is Arraigned Under Indictment.

Omaha, Jan. 5.—Today's session of the United States circuit court before which is being tried the case of United States Senator Charles H. Dietrich, indicted for alleged violation of the law in connection with a building leased to the government, lasted but an hour. Court adjourned in order to permit the government to present a witness called by the defense.

The first business transacted was the arraignment by the court of Postmaster Fisher of Hastings, Neb., who is indicted on charges similar to those against Senator Dietrich, and in the same connection that of alleged bribery in securing his appointment as postmaster at Hastings. Fisher pleaded not guilty and waived a preliminary examination, his trial being set to follow immediately that of Senator Dietrich.

Judge Vandeventer then called the case of Senator Dietrich, in which he is charged with profiting by the lease of a building to the United States government, to be heard as a postoffice at Hastings, while Dietrich was a member of congress. Dietrich, the Attorney General Knox, stating that an important witness had left Washington and would be in Omaha Thursday. The district attorney said that counsel for Senator Dietrich would not agree to proceed on certain conditions without the presence of the witnesses and he therefore requested a continuance.

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LABOR INTERESTED.
Unions Will Show Theater Employed Incompetent Help.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—President W. G. Schaubert of the Chicago Federation of Labor, will tomorrow name a commission of union labor representatives to report on the Iroquois theater fire. The unions seek to prove that incompetent non-union stage employees caused the blaze—trip up, men paid \$1 per performance while organization members get \$4.50. Particular stress is put by Schaubert on the fact that the management of the Iroquois refused to employ high skilled men to handle the stage lights. It is claimed that the men who worked the light that struck the plank on the day of the disaster, just as it did a few days before, the Fuller company has agreed to aid the fire department in every way possible by supplying witnesses.

After the interview with Dougherty, Attorney Faulkerson said the rumors of a previous fire at the theater had been investigated several days ago, but as it had been denied by most of the authorities, including Will J. Davis, he had been compelled to believe that the report had no proper basis.

Dougherty's statement was made under oath. Speaking of the skylight on the day of the first fire, Dougherty declared that the skylights above the stage was closed, as were the ventilators between the skylights. The latter were designed to create an upward draught in case of fire. Dougherty could give no explanation as to why the vents were not opened when the fire broke out.

EDITOR SENTENCED.
Berlin, Jan. 5.—Herr Zietzsch, editor of a Berlin paper, has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment for insulting Emperor William by saying his own full name of state was to receive \$10,000 for each time he signed a law.

PROBABLY SOLD TO JAPAN.
New York, Jan. 5.—The warship Captain Pratt has been ordered to proceed to dry dock and to embark full war equipment, says a Herald dispatch from Valparaiso, Chili. It is presumed the vessel has been already sold to Japan.

Vladivostock Reports Say Warships Are Preparing For Action.

Publication of Movements of Japanese Troops Is Forbidden.

Tokio, Jan. 5.—It is reported from Vladivostock that the Russian fleet there is preparing for action. According to another report a Russian cruiser has left Port Arthur with a small infantry force on board. Its destination is unknown, but is probably Chempulpo, Korea.

3:05 p. m.—An extra edition of the official gazette has been issued containing many orders prohibiting the publication of any reports of the movements of troops or war vessels from this time on. Otherwise the Japanese authorities are not interfering with press messages.

Cologne, Jan. 5.—According to advices received by the Cologne Gazette from St. Petersburg, the terms of the Russian reply to Japan were decided upon at a council on Sunday, presided over by the czar, and attended by the Grand Dukes Vladimir and Alexei, the foreign war and marine ministers, and L. Witte, president of the council of ministers. This correspondent, like others, understands that the reply renders a peaceful issue probable.

Paris, Jan. 5.—An official dispatch sent from Tokio last evening says the minister of foreign affairs had not received the Russian reply up to that time. The officials here conclude from this that Vice-roy Alexieff is awaiting an opportune moment to present it. No direct word has been received from St. Petersburg that the reply has been forwarded, but the official reports to the effect that an answer has been made is incorrect. Owing to the absence of details regarding the Russian reply, the officials here are careful not to express an opinion as to the outcome, but the general tone of the comment in official circles is slightly less hopeful. The most significant feature of the dispatch from Tokio is the statement that Japan is making final preparations for a far more extensive dispatch of troops to Korea than at first contemplated. The government has a secret plan to send an army of 35,000 men, organized as two divisions, to Korea. This is more than double the strength of the expedition first contemplated, and requires a large fleet of transports and extensive arrangements, which are proceeding rapidly toward completion. The destination of this army is expected to be Southern Korea, particularly Fusan and Masampho. The officials here at first understood that Russia would not object to the dispatch of the expedition, but the magnitude of the plans began to raise some doubt as to whether Russia will acquiesce. Although no positive advice have been given of the preparations for the dispatch of this large army, the reports excite some apprehension, as it is said it may develop into the first outward act of the impending conflict.

Rumors are in circulation at Manchuia that a French naval division, composed of the armored cruisers Kieper, Desaix and Amiral Aube, and the turret ship Suffren, is about to receive orders to sail for the far East. The report, however, has not been confirmed here, but there is reason to believe that the naval authorities are considering the dispatch of the warships to Korea, but the magnitude of the plans began to raise some doubt as to whether Russia will acquiesce. Although no positive advice have been given of the preparations for the dispatch of this large army, the reports excite some apprehension, as it is said it may develop into the first outward act of the impending conflict.

London, Jan. 5.—The Korean charge d'affaires, in an interview, says he has good reason to believe that the negotiations between Korea, the United States, Great Britain, Japan and Russia, regarding Wiju and Yonampoh will result in the opening of those ports at an early date.

Russia, he added, is still opposing the apprehension that if affairs were permitted to proceed uninterruptedly in their present course a large part of the shores of the Korean peninsula would be closed to the commerce of the civilized world. It is this should not happen and it is plain that the final issue depends solely upon Russia's willingness to recognize this fact.

GOV. PECKHAM DESIRES LAWS TO REACH "YELLOW" JOURNALS

In Annual Message to the Legislature He Says Kentucky Has Been Made the Sport and Prey of Reckless Romancers.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 5.—The message of Governor J. C. Beckham was read to the legislature today. After praising the conduct of the state military at Jackson the past year, the governor admitted that conditions in Breathitt county were at one time unfortunate, takes occasion to pay his respects to certain newspapers. He says:

"The conditions in Breathitt county were grossly exaggerated by sensational journalism, among whom it has been quite a fashion to print lurid romances out of any tragedy in Kentucky. Our state has been made the sport and prey of these reckless representatives of the 'yellow journals' in the North and East. With morbid greed they seize upon every crime committed in the state and display it in the most extravagant manner, while a similar crime committed elsewhere receives only passing notice. It is done to create the impression that our people are barely civilized. It would be well for you to pass laws holding to penal accountability these irresponsible romancers who send out such misrepresentations and falsehoods. The people of the state are as law-abiding as any on earth; life, liberty and property are as safe and as well protected here as in any other state in the Union. It is not an exaggeration to say that there was not a day during the past year that human life was not safer in Kentucky, even in Breathitt, than in any other night upon the streets of Chicago or New York."

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M. S. BURROWS.

BATH ROBES— HALF PRICE.

All our Bath and Lounging Robes at Half Price. A few slightly soiled Bath Robes at less than actual cost of the cloth.

UNDERWEAR HALF PRICE.

\$4.50 Fine Underwear\$2.25
\$4.00 Fine Underwear\$2.00
\$3.00 Fine Underwear\$1.50
\$2.00 Fine Underwear\$1.00

WINTER CAPS HALF PRICE.

\$2.00 Caps for\$1.00
\$1.50 Caps for75c
\$1.00 Caps for50c
50c Caps for25c



M. S. BURROWS.

MIGHTIEST PRESSURE EVER BROUGHT TO CLEAR STOCKS IS OUR

MIDWINTER CLEARANCE SALE.



We stand a loss of thousands of dollars and the thousands of dollars lost to us are saved and gained by the people. We'll astound you with the most miraculous bargains ever brought to your notice. Prices on every item hold good until lots are sold.

Stein-Bloch Suits—the World's Best—in This Sale

The Free Choice of 3000

Men's \$18, \$16.50 and \$15

Suits and Overcoats

FOR \$9.88

Every garment is a masterpiece of the tailors art—Every style in the vast variety is a distinct creation—up-to-the-hour in every detail of conception, design and workmanship.

UNION MADE FOR UNION MEN.

Boys' Clothing at Half Price.

Novelty Suits—Half Price—

All our novelty suits, including sailors, sail- or Norfolk and Vestee Suits at half price.

Flannel Shirts—Half Price

Boys' Flannel Shirts in grey, black and fancy mixtures, at half price.

Mackinaw Suits—Half Price

Children's Mackinaw Suits for tobogganing or coasting, in red, blue and grey mixtures, at half price.

Boys' Underwear—Half Price

Boys' Underwear—a line of camels' hair, in sizes from 24 to 34, at half price.

100 Boys' and Children's
Ulster Coats—

Some have sold as high as

\$9. To close at\$1.50

The Free Choice of 4000

Men's \$30, \$25 and \$20

Suits and Overcoats

FOR \$14.50

The offering embraces STEIN-BLOCH SUITS—chaste and beautiful—imported and native weaves—splendidly trimmed, superbly tailored—perfect in fit—faultless in finish.

STEIN-BLOCH OVERCOATS 20 PER CENT DISCOUNT.



M. S. BURROWS, DULUTH, MINN.

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TRIALS ARE BEGUN

Cases Against Edwards,
Wood & Co. In Mun-
icipal Court.

Motion to Postpone First
Case Called Overruled
By Court.

Robert H. Edwards, Levin A. Wood and Forrest B. Wood are on trial today in the municipal court before Judge Windom on the charge of making false returns to their customers on sales of grain consigned to them.

The defendants are members of the firm of Edwards, Wood & Co., stock, grain and commission merchants, and the charges were brought against them by Charles F. Staples of the state railroad and warehouse commission.

There are six specific complaints filed in court. The charges contained

in all of the six are practically the same, the only difference between them being in the name of the complaining witness. The complaining witnesses are John Graham, David's Lake, N. D.; C. S. Moore, Hope, N. D.; Victor Carlson, Hallock, Minn.; Fred Shelton, Mayville, N. D.; W. E. Whidden, Anita, N. D.; C. S. Moore has two cases on separate charges.

City Attorney Oscar Mitchell has charge of the prosecution of the cases and will be assisted by Assistant Attorney General W. J. Donahower, who acts as the representative of the railroad and warehouse commission.

The Carlson case was taken up first when court opened this morning. The complaint in this case alleges that Carlson shipped a carload of flax to the firm of Edwards, Wood & Co., which was sold January 19, 1903, to the Hall Elevator company for \$1.20 per bushel. Carlson claims in the complaint that the firm reported having received only \$1.19 1/2 per bushel for the flax, which would leave a shortage of 1/4 cent per bushel on 842 bushels and 54 pounds or a total shortage of \$4.21.

At the opening of court, Mr. Lane arose and entered a motion to transpos of the cases on the calendar. He stated that one of the principal witnesses in the Carlson case was detained at home on account of the death of his child, and asked that the court order one of the other cases to be tried first.

Mr. Mitchell objected to the change, claiming that the witness in question was not necessary to the presentation of the case of the defendants, and asking that the court overrule the motion. Mr. Mitchell stated that the testimony which the absent witness would offer could be given by both Mr. Wood and

self and Mr. Lane, his attorney. Mr. Mitchell finally stipulated that if the motion were overruled, and Mr. Wood placed upon the stand to give the testimony required of the missing witness, he would not cross-question Mr. Wood on other matters that did not bear directly on this point.

With this stipulation the court overruled the motion and the case will go to trial.

At the opening of the afternoon session of the court the work of drawing a jury was commenced. The work of cross-questioning the jurors will probably consume the greater part of the afternoon.

The custom of selling grain through a commission house is in general use throughout the Northwest, and is recognized and regulated by a state law passed in 1899. The law provides that "whenever any grain commission merchant sells all or a portion of any grain consigned to him to be sold on commission, he shall, within twenty-four hours thereafter, render a true statement to the consignor, showing what portion of the grain has been sold, the price received therefor, the name and address of each purchaser, the date, hour, and minute when such sale was made, with vouchers for all charges and expenses made and incurred."

The law further provides that any shipper who has been defrauded may sue and recover upon the bond required of commission merchants for the full amount wrongfully withheld, and there is a further provision for a fine of \$100 for each offense.

It is under this law that the firm of Edwards, Wood & Co. is being prosecuted, and the case has attracted not a little attention in the city and throughout the state, as the firm has branch offices all over the Northwest.

It is a fact, noted in The Herald before, that none of the grain firms on the board of trade have followed the

law requiring the specification of the hour and minute of the making of sales.

AT WEST DULUTH

The West Duluth hockey team, under the leadership of Captain Charles O'Brien, left this morning for Tower, where they will engage in what is expected to be an exciting contest with the hockey aggregation from that town this evening.

Tower has a reputation for putting up a good, stiff game, but the local players anticipate no great difficulty in defeating the men from the north.

West Duluth ordinarily has a strong team. The members have practiced regularly three times a week for some time past in preparation for tonight's event, and although this will be the first regular game of the season for them it is thought the practice has fitted them to win a victory from Tower, following the precedent established last year.

A number of other games, part of them on the home rink, will be played by the West Duluth team in the near future. Those comprising the team are: Charles O'Brien, E. Larson, William Ehr, A. Schmalz, A. Botwin, O. Olson, E. Dunne and John Cook, with Charles Wright acting as substitute.

CHARLES D. HIBBARD DEAD.

Charles D. Hibbard, aged 67, assistant street commissioner in the Seventh

ward, died at his residence, 417 Fifty-first street, west, at 3 o'clock this morning of pneumonia. He leaves a wife and three grown children, a son and two daughters. Mr. Hibbard, who has been a respected resident of Duluth for the past nine years, was ill only three days and his death was unexpected as it was sudden. The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon. Arrangements as to the time and place have not as yet been made.

REVIVAL SERVICES.

An open meeting, at which the needs and conditions which brought about the present revival services now being held in the Methodist Episcopal churches of the city were discussed, was held in the Onondaga church last evening. The principal speakers were Rev. E. K. Copper, the pastor, and John Callahan, of the Star of Hope Mission. Short addresses were also made by several members of the congregation.

The sermon at the meeting this evening will be preached by Mr. Callahan.

Tomorrow evening the first meeting of the laymen interested in the evangelistic movement will be held. Watson S. Moore will be the chief speaker. Rev. Copper will deliver the regular sermon, with "God's Love and His Gift," as a subject.

The revival services now being held at Onondaga church will continue for two weeks. Revival services will begin in Ashburn church, West Duluth, January 17.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The eighth grade pupils of the Fairmont school will enjoy a sleighride this evening.

Fair Hives, No. 4, Lady Macabees, will hold an installation of officers at their hall on Central avenue Friday evening. The officers to be installed, as elected at the last meeting, are as follows: Mrs. L. Carpenter, lady com-

mander; Mrs. Elizabeth McDonald, record keeper; Mrs. Mary Burns, finance keeper; Mrs. Mary Deiborn, sergeant; Mrs. C. Gibson, mistress-at-arms; Mrs. Susan Yax, sentinel; Miss Annie Jackson, picket; Miss Janet Clifton, chaplain.

The Twentieth Century club held a business meeting last evening at the home of S. C. Murphy, No. 3 South Fifty-eighth avenue west. The chief topic up for discussion was the dance to be given by the club Friday evening.

West Duluth, under No. 75, of the International Association of Barbers, held its annual election and installation of officers last evening at 408 Central avenue. L. J. Brotherton was elected to succeed himself as president. Other officers elected and installed were: Louis Focault, vice-president; William Burdick, corresponding financial secretary; William Brotherton, treasurer; James Jamison, recorder; Charles O'Brien, guide, and Earnest Larson, guardian.

Arnold Johnson left yesterday for Tower, to be gone three months.

Miss Rose Murphy, who has been visiting with relatives in the city during the holidays, returned to her home at Grand Marais, Minn., yesterday.

Mrs. Rodger McDougal, of Midland, Canada, is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Andrew Miles, Fifty-eighth avenue.

H. R. Patterson has received a letter dated December 28, from Harry L. Ross, formerly a well-known and popular resident of West Duluth, who is now located at Larson, La., where, the letter states, he is foreman in a saw mill of 175,000 feet daily capacity. Mr. Ross says that the roses are still in bloom in Carson, and that Duluth summer weather prevails.

59 Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters, broken sizes, at one-half price. Bargains in Felt Shoes, Overshoes, Shoe Pads. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Mrs. Johanna Toth, of Marikato, is

a guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. K. Lower, Forty-sixth avenue west.

Arthur Foster left yesterday for Chicago, where he will take up his permanent residence.

Miss Gertrude Raynor has returned from a two weeks' visit with friends on the range.

Miss Jessie Clark is visiting with friends in St. Paul.

Proprietors of the two West Duluth hardware stores have agreed to close for the day at 7 p. m. The new rule took effect yesterday.

The funeral of Mrs. John D. Davidson, who died Sunday morning at Red Cross hospital, was held at 2 o'clock this afternoon from Filtrault's undertaking parlors, Rev. Copper officiating. Interment was made at Onondaga cemetery.

Twenty-five per cent on Men's and Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters. Our quarter-off sale makes our prices lower than half-price elsewhere. The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Patterson, Undertaker. Phone 3070.

STATE SELECTIONS.

Washington, Jan. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Secretary Hitchcock has approved selections made by the state of Minnesota of two lists of swamp lands in the Leach Lake reservation to which the state was declared to be entitled in a decision rendered by the secretary last month. One list contains 11,178 acres and the other 6266 acres.

ROXBURGH RESIGNS.

London, Jan. 5.—The Duke of Roxburgh has resigned his commission as a lieutenant in the Royal Horse Guards, known as "The Blues."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Lazative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists render the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box, etc.

Diseases of Men CURED TO STAY CURED



By our new ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT, which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele, Stricture, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Contagious Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, Small, Weak Organs, Discharges, Seminal Emissions, and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pain to kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, phallic suffering, men-diness, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a personal contract to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL. Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association, No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

MARVEL IN SPEED

Is New Telegraph System Invented By Patrick B. Delany.

The Results of Experiments Which May Expedite Business.

South Orange, N. J., Jan. 3.—Patrick B. Delany, of this city, who claims to have invented a system of telegraphy increasing in speed forty-fold that of the present method, says the cost to the public will be about one-eighth what it is under the system now in use.

Mr. Delany's system is represented by three machines, the last, and perhaps most remarkable, feature of one of them having been added but a short time ago. The initial mechanism is one by which the messages are automatically composed for rapid transmission. There is next an automatic transmitter, by which the matter is sent over a single wire at a rate of from 100 to 1000 words a minute, according to physical conditions, and last an automatic receiver, which receives the message and ceases machine which records the messages.

In a small, plain, red walled room, laboratory in this borough, filled with electrical contrivances, with dynamos and all sorts of coils of wire and other apparatus in odd corners, Mr. Delany was found today absorbed in the work of putting upon paper the outline of the latest new thing that he had thought out. He is a stout man of about 50, with a strong head and a ruddy face, and a keen, speculative eye, and a ready tongue.

Delany began his life as a telegraph operator, and, like Edison, knew in his twenties the whole alphabet of the business, and was already dreaming of inventing his own system. A sending instrument, called the synchronous, which was the fastest available for the use of Morse characters before he devised the broader system now under consideration, has been given to the public as the most important creation. The new system, which is designated by his name, has taken ten years to develop.

There has been delay in putting the Delany telegraph system in commercial operation, owing to the fact that the claims have of late been unfavorable for new industrial enterprises. But it is proposed to create in the near future a company which shall build an entirely new set of lines covering the entire country, and doing a general telegraphic business. Experiments with the Delany system have shown a considerable distance along the Pennsylvania railroad, near Altoona, are said to have demonstrated the superiority of the new system for the purpose of the claims made for it are extravagant.

Mr. Delany, in speaking of his invention, said: "The operating speed with the Morse system reached its limitation several years ago, when fifty-two words a minute were transmitted by an operator for five minutes at a tournament trial. The average speed with a simplex Morse instrument, under favorable conditions of wire and weather, is fifteen words a minute, and with a duplex thirty words a minute. Sixty words a minute is the highest average of the quadruplex, and of late years that system has been in increasing difficulties, owing to the serious interference of trolley and power currents, which leak into the lines through the ground connections.

"Granted that the present maximum of speed over the wires under the old methods is sixty words a minute, the wire is capable of carrying over the average distance forty times that number of words. The telegraph companies, having years ago accepted sixty words a minute as the maximum speed, have multiplied their wires on this basis to keep up with the growing traffic. While under their system this multiplication

must continue, ad infinitum, and never actually keeps abreast of the necessities of the situation, the adoption of the Delany system would obviate a further increase of the number of wires for a half century to come at least."

"UTILIZES STATIC CURRENT." The chief principles involved in the contrivance of Mr. Delany's transmitting machine, upon which really depends the solution of the problem of rapid telegraphy, are the use of both a positive and a negative current, and the utilization of static electric energy, hitherto regarded as an antagonistic force in the mechanical application of electricity.

"The utilization of the static current," said Mr. Delany, "I regard as my most important success in this whole field. I will explain it in this way: When you send an electrical pulse into a telegraph line a large portion of the current is lost from the wire by being absorbed into the surrounding media, such as the air and the matter employed in insulation. This is known as the electrostatic current, and the signal given through the impulse from the instrument is depleted in proportion to such absorption.

"The initial change used in making a dot is greater than would be actually needed if none of it got astray. The static current rushes into the wire and immediately upon the primary or original signal being withdrawn, and before another signal can follow it must have been obscured or would run together in hopeless confusion.

"The chief effort of electricians having to do with telegraphy has long been to get rid of the static discharge, or its effects. All the devices that have been resorted to heretofore have proved unsatisfactory. Instead of seeking to overcome the static discharge by excluding or driving it from the line, I simply turn it to account.

"In representing the Morse code by perforations, which is an essential feature of my transmitting method, I have found great difficulty in producing a satisfactory dash at the receiving end. The utilization of the static current I overcome this difficulty entirely.

"The perforated tape runs through the transmitting machine, one above and the other below. One is the positive and the other the negative. The perforations in the tape, which are made by a series of holes for each electric impulse. Thus there are two sets of perfectly round holes, one above and the other below the tape, the lower of the positive current.

"HAS COMPOSING MACHINE." The latest development of my system, I have just brought to practical completion. It is an operating or composing machine, the working of which is controlled as that of the typewriter machine. A keyboard of the universal typewriter pattern will be used. Anybody can learn to operate the machine as quickly as he or she could learn typewriting. This will eventually do away with the employment of the old Morse key, and it renders many desirable things possible.

"A business man would dictate his letters directly to the operator of the primary machine, who would be his ordinary typewriter secretary or stenographer. His correspondent would receive the transmitted message also at the hands of his ordinary typewriter secretary or stenographer.

"To the newspaper using such special telegraphic matter, and especially to those which lease special wires, as between New York and Washington, Ave. saving in time and money by the Delany system will be enormous. Matter will be so rapidly transmitted that news of the day's events will be in the hands of the public in a matter of minutes. A new telegraph company will probably be organized in a short time, to build and operate lines of its own, independent of all existing corporations."

MANAGER MISSING. Anderson, Ind., Jan. 3.—J. W. Vindog, office manager of the American Steel and Wire company, has been absent since last Thursday. F. Amour, of the general office, has been placed in charge by Treasurer W. C. Wilson. The books are being investigated. Vindog was secretary of the M. C. A. board and prominent socially.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE CLOSED. Berlin, Jan. 4.—The Royal Opera house will remain closed by Emperor's will. Orders, until certain alterations, necessary from fire and other dangers, are completed.

ROOSEVELT SCORES

Hill and Other Leading Democrats Criticize Administration.

Olney Says Cleveland Is Logical Candidate For Nomination.

New York, Jan. 3.—Democrats of prominence from the city, state and nation assembled here last night at the dinner at Sherry's, in honor of George B. Hill, the newly installed mayor of New York city, among those present being Richard Olney, of Massachusetts; ex-Governor David B. Hill of New York; Congressman David B. Hill of Missouri; Charles A. Towne, ex-senator from Minnesota; ex-Governor R. E. Patterson, of Pennsylvania; William A. Gaston, of Boston, and Charles F. Murphy, now leader of Tammany hall. Grover Cleveland was invited, but did not appear.

LETTER BY DAVID B. HILL. Former Governor David B. Hill was greeted with loud applause when in his introductory remarks he eulogized the Democratic party and its principles, and predicted that Mayor McClellan would succeed him as governor of the state and precede him in the White House.

Continuing, Mr. Hill said: "Thoughtful citizens, solicitors of the welfare of their country, view with approval the dangerous tendencies of the public policies which are either approved or ignored by the party in power in the nation. They see the best traditions of the government set aside for a course of intrigue, of dishonor in international matters, and a reckless and shameless entrance upon the sacred trust of the people."

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of the Democratic party. It could ask for no wistful mission than to be instrumental in restoring to the nation the sane and noble conditions upon which its health and stability depends.

"Mr. Chairman, the man of all men most thoroughly representative of the national policies I have indicated, the most capable and sure of making them effective—the opportunity being given—the man of the proven courage in his convictions, who never yet turned his back upon the approach of public duty and is too old to learn how, that man, unfortunately absent at this time, but a New Yorker by adoption if not by birth, and one with whom New York has always delighted to honor, that man is Grover Cleveland, whose record in the past is an all-sufficient guarantee of his actions in the future."

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A Danger Spot

In the small of the back, just above the hips, is the danger spot—a dangerous spot for pain—and most aches of the back start there. There is a reason for this, and it lies in the kidneys, which are located near the small of the back. Such pains should be called kidney pains—backache should be called kidney-ache. The secret of why Doan's Kidney Pills cure backache quickly is that they reach the cause—the kidneys. Neglect the earlier symptoms of kidney ills and serious complications follow—urinary disorders, rheumatic pains, diabetes, dropsy, bright's disease.

A TRIAL FREE

To Duluth Herald Readers.



NAME _____
P. O. _____
STATE _____
For free trial box, mail this coupon to:
Doan's Kidney Pills, Buffalo, N. Y. If above
space is insufficient, write address on separate slip.

Duluth Proof

F. J. Carr, of 621 Second street west, employed as checker at the Northern Pacific railroad freight shed, says: "I have no hesitation in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone troubled with pains through the loins or in the kidneys. I was bothered on and off for two years, especially if I caught cold or strained myself, with dull aching pains through the small of my back. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended for such troubles, I went to a drug store, procured a box and began their use. I felt better after a few doses; in a short time the trouble disappeared entirely, and I have had no return of it since."

Illness. Owing to the newly divided condition of parties, and to the sheer weight of numbers, the balance of power between them, he was enabled to turn politics completely to personal interest, but his chief mental and moral attributes were peevishness, fretful obstinacy, inconsistency, and a narrow, selfish, and unscrupulous desire to place his own interests within its own borders.

Mr. Hill declared it "the duty of Democracy to resist the consummation of this outrage." And urged the rejection of the treaty in the Senate.

"It is urged in some quarters," he said, "that the present treaty is inadvisable, because the people are so earnestly in favor of the construction of a broader canal than that which is now under consideration. This argument is inadvisable for two reasons.

In the first place, the construction of a canal in either Nicaragua or Colombia is a different thing from the construction of a canal in Panama. It is another and a different thing. It is a matter of national policy, and it is a matter of national policy.

Mr. Hill took up the question in the army, speaking of "the studied insult to the honor of the army by the present administration." He said that the army was the only branch of the government which was not corrupted by the present administration.

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Any Good Housekeeper

Will tell you that Electric light is the only clean, healthy method of illuminating. Ceilings, walls, and woodwork are not discolored by matches. The atmosphere of the house is pure and clean. The cost of operating is not greater than with the other kind of lights.

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PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Both Phones, Providence Building, 4th Avenue West and Superior Street

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK." BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE

SAPOLIO

that the empress dowager of Korea, died on the morning of Jan. 2.

BACK TO HIS TOYS

Boy Band Conductor Went After the Performance.

London, Jan. 5.—The curious spectacle of an orchestra of forty playing a waltz composed by the boy at the age of 5 has amazed Bournemouth. The youthful prodigy is Max Barowski, about whom musical England is raving. The child directed the orchestra with the calmness of a veteran conductor. As he raised his tiny baton the violins took up the haunting strains of the waltz; a wave of his baton and the whole orchestra was engaged. There were no Sousa-like manners, but just an obvious declaration of his own creative power. When the piece was over the scene was more like a Paderewski recital than a band performance. There were many enthusiastic encores, and then Max went back to play with his toys.

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Transient and Family Hotel.
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All rooms lighted by natural light.
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Until January 1st Best Set of Teeth \$8.00. We have a specialist of 14 years experience in charge of our plate work, and we guarantee to make you a set of teeth you can comfortably wear and use. No extra charge for painless extracting. Open Wednesday and Saturday evenings. Zenith phone 164.



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NOT IN THE DEAL

Canada Not in Negotiation With Denmark For Greenland.

Dominion Fears There May Be Trouble Over Hudson Bay.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 5.—The widely telegraphed reports of Canada's alleged negotiations with Denmark for the "annexation" of Greenland, have given rise to much misapprehension. Canada is not in negotiation with Denmark. The British empire, which has never been, and never will be so long as she remains a possession of the British empire, has never reached the negotiating stage, the negotiations must be carried on by Great Britain. Canada has no more power to negotiate the acquisition of a foreign country than has the state of New York or any other state of the North American Union.

What Canada is competent to do, as a British possession, is to convey to the Dominion of Greenland, through the earl of Minto, governor general, an expression of its desire, in forms hedged around by constitutional usage. This accomplished, and the assent of the British cabinet given, the government of Denmark would be bound through the usual diplomatic channels and such steps taken as might be considered necessary to head off any design on the part of the United States, if that be practicable.

British influence through the royal family connections with the reigning house of Denmark is believed to be sufficient to effect the transfer of Greenland to the British possessions in North America with the object of its becoming part of the new Dominion of Canada, at any rate to prevent the United States getting hold of it. From the semi-official announcements made on the subject here, it might be assumed Denmark had been approached on the subject for the first time in Canada's history, at the instance of the present government. But the fact of the matter is, Denmark has been approached for years for years has been made aware by Great Britain that if Greenland is to be disposed of, its sale to any foreign power would not be regarded as a friendly act.

Any change in the present political conditions of Greenland, placing that country under the control of a power other than Great Britain, must involve danger to sea communication between Great Britain and her chief North American possession. Great Britain is consequently a party chiefly interested, and her right to be heard is known and admitted. From one end of Canada to

KILLING OF WOLVES

Capt. Mann Gives Unique Plan For Killing the Pests.

Also Tells Way to Keep Wolves Away When Pursued.

"I have a scheme for the extermination of wolves that would certainly work well," declared Captain J. W. Mann, the old hunter and trapper, yesterday afternoon.

"To exterminate the pesky animals you must make a regular business of it, and that is the plan I would follow. In the first place I would get a team and a sleigh or wagon with a good heavy canvas top that would be suitable for a regular camp traveling wagon. With two or three men, plenty of provisions, hay and feed, ammunition and poison, we would start out about the first of November, and we would hear the wolves are the country where we heard the wolves are the most numerous."

"My idea would be not to stop near any of the farm houses or settlers' cabins, but to drive on into the woods, or, better yet, to the edge of some swamp that the animals frequent. The horses could be stabled safely for the night in a strong canvas tent."

"The men in the party would be supplied with horns, pieces of metal that would ring out in a sharp, clear tone, and make a noise. Along in the night horns should be started up and it would be long before any wolves in the neighborhood could be heard from."

"If the wolves are in the neighborhood, and while I cannot explain it, I know from experience that they are in the woods with an old horn that can be heard for a long distance, can collect a pack of wolves about him in short order."

"As soon as he blows the horn a wolf will come out to drag him out of the distance. Pretty soon another howl comes from another direction, and all the time drawing nearer."

"When the wolves commence to narrow in, then is the time for the hunters to get in their work."

"The wolf is a very wary animal, the wolf is about as curious as any animal living, and a strange noise is bound to bring him out on an investigating tour. Another plan that will work well is to have the team ready when the wolves get close, and start out at a slow pace, driving them to the edge of the swamp. Just as soon as the first wolf strikes the trail of meat he will set up a howl that might be translated 'They bill get all the shingles and all the boys you can get out of the swamp. There's a big barrel of molasses busted!'"

"After daylight the next morning the hunters can set out on the track and find the wolves killed by poison."

"Capt. Mann says any wolves in the neighborhood can be worked on to advantage by the use of a horn from a can he is pursued by them."

"If a person is lost in the woods with a team and is pursued by wolves, the captain, 'let him tie a blanket or rope to the neck of the horse and drag it 20 to 35 feet behind the rig. As soon as the wolves come up to the object they become curious and suspicious and nothing, not even extreme hunger, will induce them to come any nearer. They tried the scheme and I know it will work. When a person is caught out alone in the woods and pursued by wolves, if he has a rope of some kind or a coat or bundle tied on the strong and and other object to a rope or chain and keep the wolves at a distance, for they will fear it is some sort of a trap. They will follow a person in a pack of molasses, but I'll guarantee that they will not follow a person in a pack of molasses. A scheme is far better than climbing a tree and trying to follow a person in a pack of molasses. 'Of course it takes a little nerve to face a pack of hungry wolves and keep them away from you, but it is a good deal better than being eaten by them. A bundle dragging behind on the ground, that it has been done and the wolves are failing to keep the wolves away.'"

"That's about all I have to say about attempting to poison wolves," said Capt. Mann, "is that they give an overdose and the wolf is made so sick he throws the poison up, and is bound to fetch him to the ground sooner or later."

"One of the best schemes I ever worked in trapping wolves was to get the musk of a skunk, put it in a bottle of alcohol and whenever I saw signs of wolves to sprinkle a little of the contents of the bottle on the trap which I set. That scent is something awful and a wolf can tell it at a long distance. When the wolf comes to the trap he will scratch around it until he springs it."

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Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 5.—The widely telegraphed reports of Canada's alleged negotiations with Denmark for the "annexation" of Greenland, have given rise to much misapprehension. Canada is not in negotiation with Denmark. The British empire, which has never been, and never will be so long as she remains a possession of the British empire, has never reached the negotiating stage, the negotiations must be carried on by Great Britain. Canada has no more power to negotiate the acquisition of a foreign country than has the state of New York or any other state of the North American Union.

What Canada is competent to do, as a British possession, is to convey to the Dominion of Greenland, through the earl of Minto, governor general, an expression of its desire, in forms hedged around by constitutional usage. This accomplished, and the assent of the British cabinet given, the government of Denmark would be bound through the usual diplomatic channels and such steps taken as might be considered necessary to head off any design on the part of the United States, if that be practicable.

British influence through the royal family connections with the reigning house of Denmark is believed to be sufficient to effect the transfer of Greenland to the British possessions in North America with the object of its becoming part of the new Dominion of Canada, at any rate to prevent the United States getting hold of it. From the semi-official announcements made on the subject here, it might be assumed Denmark had been approached on the subject for the first time in Canada's history, at the instance of the present government. But the fact of the matter is, Denmark has been approached for years for years has been made aware by Great Britain that if Greenland is to be disposed of, its sale to any foreign power would not be regarded as a friendly act.

Any change in the present political conditions of Greenland, placing that country under the control of a power other than Great Britain, must involve danger to sea communication between Great Britain and her chief North American possession. Great Britain is consequently a party chiefly interested, and her right to be heard is known and admitted. From one end of Canada to

JOHN H. LANGTON (Formerly of Duluth) Manager

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NO SECRET.

There is no secret about Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. The label tells the whole story. There is a knack in making it. The only secret about it is the secret of its success.

This year, when cod liver oil is very scarce and high, all kinds of cheap, inferior oils are used to take its place, and all sorts of things presented as substitutes. Think of petroleum being taken as a substitute for cod liver oil—too absurd. Think of the so-called wines, extracts and cordials of cod liver oil—they are simply the shadow without the substance; no food value in them.

Scott's Emulsion—"The Old Reliable"—is the same yesterday, to-day and forever. Its quality and purity can be absolutely depended upon at all times.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, N. Y.

to the logging camps on the sections 16 and 36 of the Ired Lake reservation, where active logging operations are being carried on under the same conditions as prevail with the Morris law. Special Agents Coulter and McInery have returned to Duluth and Crookston, respectively.

The findings of the officials who were conducting the sale here were determined at the local land office, and the recommendations forwarded to the secretary of the interior. It is known only to those who participated in the findings what the result arrived at was, and this will not be given out here. It remains for the secretary of the interior to make the final selection and notify the successful bidder.

At the side held on December 5, some changes were made in the recommendations forwarded from here, but it is given out that Mr. Walker, who was present at this sale but not the first, had much to do with the findings of that sale, and the results arrived at this time will probably be more readily adopted than the results of the first sale.

However, nothing can be obtained direct from anyone concerned, but it is generally known that a good guess would award the timber to several of the companies bidding, for the value of the timber is high, and the spreading of the awards stimulates bidding on future sales.

The market chief lumberman of the bureau of forestry, has returned from Washington, whether he went there to purchase timber or to conduct affairs. Mr. Bruce has charge of the work being done in this vicinity by the bureau of forestry, and he is given out that the cutting of the timber on the forest reserve, which was sold by the government, is well advanced.

Mr. Bruce's directions, has been engaged during the past two months in marking the five per cent trees to be left on the forest reserve.

As yet it does not seem possible to detect the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt. He has the prestige of endorsements from many state conventions held last year which cannot help but be potent in this year's state conventions. While these endorsements are recognized as not binding, they have created a healthy sentiment which the admirers of the president are not slow to take advantage of, and if nominated as vice president, Roosevelt will have a powerful ally in the fight for the nomination.

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POLITICAL TALK

At Washington Is Greater Than For Many Years Past.

Considerable Doing Among the Republicans Opposed to Roosevelt.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Jan. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Not in years has there been so much talk and wild vociferation, six months in advance of the national political convention, as there is now going on in Uncle Sam's capitol. It reminds one of 1888 and 1892, when Washington was a seething cauldron of politics. You know what happened in those years, and the wisecracks are seeing in present conditions something similar or "something just as good." Situated as the capitol is between the East and the South, it is not strange that there should be heard advanced opinions as to the coming clash between the Republicans and Democrats. It is hard to get a unanimous agreement from a company of Republicans that Roosevelt will be nominated, elected, and installed as the capitol is between the East and the South, it is not strange that there should be heard advanced opinions as to the coming clash between the Republicans and Democrats. 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HAS GOOD GROWTH

Duluth Had 356 More Births Than Deaths In 1903.

Total of 1264 Births—Pneumonia Year's Prevailing Disease.

Three hundred and fifty-six people have been added to the population of Duluth during the past year through the natural increase of its inhabitants. Practically all of the birth and death reports for the year of 1903 have now been received at the health office, and while the detailed yearly report has not yet been issued, the register shows a total of 903 deaths and 1264 births, leaving a plurality of births amounting to 356. This means that for every five people that die in Duluth there are seven born, which is considered a very satisfactory showing.

Last year the plurality of births over deaths was a little larger than this year. In 1902 there were 810 deaths and 1241 births, leaving a plurality of births amounting to 431.

In the last three years, therefore, 1055 people have been added to Duluth's population through the channels of natural increase only.

While the statistics have not yet been completed there is little doubt but that the prevailing disease of the year was pneumonia, 108, or over 1-8th were due to pneumonia.

The health officers have gained control over the epidemic of smallpox, which swept over the state in 1902 and 1903, and but few deaths from this cause will appear in this year's report.

Diphtheria and scarlet fever and consumption will, as usual, appear well up on the list, although they have not been any more prevalent than last year.

The detailed report will not be made public for several days yet.

DAVIS IS IN A BAD WAY

Brought From Floodwood and Taken to St. Mary's Hospital.

"Con" Davis was brought down from Floodwood on the Great Northern train this afternoon, and taken to St. Mary's hospital.

Davis is the man who set out to "shoot up" a saloon in Floodwood last week, and was shot down by the town marshal with a small posse of the citizens of the town. He is in a very critical condition.

There are four bullet holes in him," said Dr. Robert Graham, this afternoon. One bullet entered from in front at just above the right hip and evidently struck the bone, from which it glanced and penetrated through the body coming out the back.

"The other bullet hit over the heart and passed out through the ribs. Some blood is oozing from the back, and he is certainly in a very bad condition."

Davis stated this morning that he was drunk when he started out on his escapade.

Deputy Sheriff Randall was sent out after the man.

RETURNS FOR VISIT.

Rev. B. R. Patrick, Naval Chaplain, Is In City.

Rev. B. R. Patrick, formerly pastor of the First Baptist church of Duluth, who was appointed chaplain in the navy something over a year ago, arrived in the city last night. He will remain in Duluth until the latter part of the week visiting with friends and renewing old acquaintances.

Mr. Patrick is well pleased with his new field of labor and says that he enjoys his work. He is chaplain on the training ship Yankee, now at Pensacola, Fla., and as such has an opportunity to see a good deal of the world, for the boat is continually going from port to port and cruising about on the ocean.

JAPANESE TROOPS ACTIVE.—A dispatch from Tokyo today says: "The preparations for the embarkation of two divisions of Japanese troops are continuing actively. It is believed they will be dispatched to ports in South Korea, to restore order."

GASSER'S MARKET

We still continue on our cut price sale of meat, preferring to sell on small margins and do a greater volume of business.

Pork Loins, whole, lb - 9c
Pork Butts, lb - 8c
Pork Steak, 3 lbs for 25c
Pork Chops, lb - 10c
Beef Pot Roast, lb - 8c
Shoulder Steak, 3 lbs for 25c
Hamburg Steak, lb - 10c
Leg Mutton, lb - 10c
Lamb Steak, 3 lbs for 25c

209-211 W. Sup. St.

WILL NOT CHANGE

Supt. Blanchard Says Can County Superintendent of Roads Be Legally Appointed?

Are Those Prescribed By the American Railway Association.

"We have not been officially notified of the verdict of the coroner's jury in the inquest on the death of F. L. Rouse, the mail clerk who was killed in the wreck at Barnum, but it is as given by the press dispatches from Pine City. The jurors did not have a correct understanding of the circumstances which caused the wreck. The system which is now used and which governs the train operated on the Northern Pacific road is that prescribed by the rules of the American Railway Association and we will continue to operate our trains as we have in the past."

The above statement was made by Superintendent Blanchard, of the Northern Pacific road, when he was asked for his opinion regarding the verdict and the effect the verdict would have upon the future operation of trains on his road.

"The dispatches state the jury found that the south-bound train had the right of way. This is an error as the north-bound train is supposed to have the track. Although the error was made, it is a misunderstanding on the part of the engineer. It is granted that the north-bound train was on the siding, there is no reason why we should change our system of operating."

"The Northern Pacific road has for equipment some of the best in the world. It is a fact that the equipment would have brought much worse results. The rules under which our trainmen run will not be changed in the least as we do not think that they can be improved upon."

TRAFFIC PICKING UP.
Passenger Business Beginning to Improve on Roads.

Railroad passenger traffic is again picking up after the holidays. There was little business done outside of the excursion lines and passenger agents look for a good deal of travel between now and the end of winter.

From the early appearance of traveling salesmen the indications point to a large increase in business. The fact that the predictions made by some during the holiday season have been fulfilled to such an extent that passenger traffic will be light would appear to have been incorrect.

Already the hotels are registering a large number of guests. The fact that the advance guard of the Chicago convention has been in the city for some time, and that those from other Eastern cities will probably reach Duluth within the next two weeks, is a good indication.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.
C. Volland, practical hatter, 111 1/2 W. E. You can buy remaining assortments of toilet articles, triplicate mirrors, claret glasses, etc., at a low price.

Wirth's, 13 W. Superior St., this week. The Duluth office of the Northwestern and the movement of furthering the cause of peace in the world, and people of all nationalities are welcomed members.

At the request of several men and women an evening class for Bible study will be opened this evening at 7:30 o'clock by Mrs. J. D. Morrison, at her home, 231 1/2 W. Superior St. The class is open to both men and women, and all desiring to attend are considered this notice an invitation.

Parlor theater, Vaudeville every night. Special civil service examinations for stenographers and aspirants to the post office are being held in the United States district court room today. Only five are taking the examinations. Two young women and a man, for stenographer, and two men for the land office positions. The standings of the applicants will be given out in from six to eight weeks time.

"E. E. Schellen, a farmer residing in the town of Alberton, brought the news of a full grown timber wolf, to the county clerk's office, this morning. He was paid the bounty, amounting to \$15 on each wolf."

The Ladies' Union of the Pilgrim Congregational church will hold its annual convention at the home of Mrs. J. C. H. in the church parlors at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The Duluth Board of Trade Circular association this morning re-elected the following officers: President, E. N. Bradley; Vice President, F. E. Lindahl; George Spencer, Jr., Secretary. This afternoon the directors of the association met at the home of Mrs. J. C. H. and discussed the work of the year. The women's societies of the First M. E. church will meet in the church parlors tomorrow at 2, 3 and 4 p. m.

OLD SETTLER DIES.
John Wyler, Age 86 Years, Succumbs to Pneumonia.

John Wyler, one of Duluth's earliest settlers, and also one of the oldest men in the city, died this morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Haller, 213 Mesaba avenue.

Mr. Wyler was 86 years of age and had lived in Duluth for thirty-four years. He settled at the head of the lakes in 1870 and has lived here continuously since that time.

The cause of his death was pneumonia, together with the effects of old age.

The funeral will be held Thursday morning from the German Catholic church at 9 o'clock.

MURPHY-MCCOY.
Handsomeness Wedding at St. Clement's Catholic Church.

A very pretty wedding took place at high mass this morning at St. Clement's Catholic church. The bride was Miss Ella E. Murphy, of 101 West Second street, and the groom was Mr. J. C. McCoy, of 101 West Second street. The ceremony was officiated by the Rev. Father Edward officiating. The bride was Miss Ella E. Murphy, of 101 West Second street, and the groom was Mr. J. C. McCoy, of 101 West Second street. The ceremony was officiated by the Rev. Father Edward officiating.

The ceremony was followed by a wedding breakfast at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McCoy, of 101 West Second street.

TAXPAYERS FIRST SUIT

Can County Superintendent of Roads Be Legally Appointed?

Nine Citizens Bring Suit to Test the Question.

Nine taxpayers of St. Louis county have made appeal to the county attorney for an appeal from the allowance of the board of county commissioners to John Armstrong, county superintendent of roads, in the amount of \$125. Those making the application are Benjamin F. Myers, C. A. Congdon, Charles R. Haines, T. T. Hudson, R. H. Whiteside, J. A. Ferguson, H. H. Phelps, Luther Mendenhall and Victor Stearns.

The matter will be brought before one of the judges of the district court tomorrow at 11 o'clock, directing time of pleading.

The purpose of the taxpayers in taking this action to test the authority of the commissioners in appointing a superintendent of roads. It is claimed that under the law the county commissioners have no right to take such action.

Mr. Armstrong has brought action against the county to compel the payment of the \$125 which he claims is due him. His case was to have come up in district court this morning.

DIED IN PHILIPPINES.
Body of George A. Grey Received in Duluth.

The body of George A. Grey, a quartermaster in the United States navy, who died at San Roque, Cavite, Philippines, April 18, 1902, was received in Duluth this morning.

The deceased was a son of Mr. and Mrs. George Grey of Duluth, and was brought to Duluth for burial. The funeral will be held from Stewart's undertaking parlors tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock and interment will be made in the Forest Hill cemetery.

A company of the company will accompany the body to the grave.

DULUTH DANCING ACADEMY AXA BUILDING.
Prof. Ourat will organize an adult beginners' class Wednesday, Jan. 6th; a juveniles' class Saturday afternoon, Jan. 9th, at 3 p. m.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Jan. 5.—Cecil Gooding, guard of the University of Michigan football team and prospective center for next year, died at his home here last night from typhoid fever. Gooding was injured in the Minnesota-Michigan game last fall, and his parents consider that his constitution was seriously impaired by the hard usage he sustained in that game.

Middleton, N. Y., Jan. 5.—Benton L. Giesche, editor and publisher of the Sign of the Times, a publication of the Baptist church in the United States, died suddenly at his home here today. Kidney trouble was the cause. He was 50 years old.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Frank Hodges Clark, of Evanston, Ill., once private secretary to Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, died last night from typhoid fever. He was 60 years old.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Rev. Elisha W. Clark, one of the three survivors of the sinking of the ship "Albatross" in 1837, is dead at his home in Brooklyn.

Baltimore, Jan. 5.—Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Wormley Latimer, the authoress, is dead at her home here. She was 81 years old. She was in feeble health for some time.

Dublin, Jan. 5.—Count A. J. Moore is dead at Moorestown, Tipperary. Count Moore was born in 1849 and was a former member of parliament. He was created a count and commander of the Order of Gregory by the late Pope Leo XIII.

Day and Night School.
Has reopened at the Duluth Business University with a large enrollment of new members, and 1904 promises to be the most prosperous year in the history of the College.

As the instruction given in all departments is chiefly on the individual plan, students may enroll with equal advantage at any time. Location, 1057 West Superior street. Both phones.

PRINCE CUPID ARRESTED.
Hawaiian Delegate In Trouble With Washington Man.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Jonah K. Kala-nialoe (Prince Cupid), the Hawaiian delegate in congress, appeared in police court today for which he was arrested last night, and his case was continued until the 10th inst. He was arrested with a woman named Charles Clarke over a personal matter, and when the police intervened it is stated that he stood on his rights as a member of congress and was taken to the police station.

He is now in the "Black Maria" to await today where he was given the usual prison fare of coffee and sandwiches. He insisted on a trial and the case was continued.

PASS CUBAN LOTTERY BILL.
Havana, Jan. 5.—The house today passed the national lottery bill by a vote of 25 to 12.

THEATRE PROPRIETORS AND CITY OF CHICAGO SUED FOR \$10,000.

Majority of Theaters Will Have to Reduce Seating Capacity.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—The first damage suit against the proprietors of the Iroquois theater and the city of Chicago, growing out of the fire, has been filed by Ivy Owens, an administrator of the estates of Amy Owens and Mrs. Frances E. Owens, her mother. The action is for the recovery of \$10,000 damages.

With the exception of six, and possibly seven theaters, all the playhouses in Chicago must be immediately scaled to a limit of 1000 in seating capacity, under the present building ordinances, as it is likely to be amended. Theaters on the second or a higher story must come down to the ground, and a theater on the roof of the Iroquois temple is no longer to be thought of.

The special commission of the city council today began an investigation of all theaters in Chicago. Little time was taken in preliminary discussion. The committee visited the downtown theaters, selecting first those claiming to be of fireproof construction, because of the fireproofing, they make them comply with the ordinance.

One of the Iroquois theater site as a model of the present, and the idea is to emulate the people of Vienna, who, in memory of the 80 lives lost in the Chrysestrasse theater in 1881, have erected a memorial church on its site.

That many places of worship in Chicago are not entirely safe from fire disaster such as occurred in the Iroquois theater is now admitted by church trustees. The first step has been taken by the Hyde Park Baptist church to secure improved conditions. The board of trustees of the church has decided to write to Mayor Harrison and ask for a competent building inspector to examine the church.

David Jones, of the Fuller Construction company, was today formally charged with manslaughter. The charge is made by the police. Jones is alleged to have removed a fire, and the light that prevented the flames from spreading. The charge is made by the police.

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FOR SALE! 300 shares of the Duluth Artificial Limb House below value.
Must be sold. Address, N 22, Herald.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Church and Madam Church, last week for Los Angeles, Cal., to remain for the remainder of the winter.

A. P. Cole and daughter, Miss Cole, to New York and Miss Cole will return to school at Yarrington, N. C. Cole after remaining in New York a short time, will go to Tarpon Springs, Fla., where he will form the state's first and largest artificial limb house.

Henry Seiden and James Wright left for the State express today for Minneapolis.

H. A. Kimball, assistant general freight agent of the Great Northern, arrived in Duluth today on business pertaining to the new Granada or Columbia. Mr. C. D. Thompson, general agent of the Pacific coast tonight, who will spend two weeks visiting the general agencies of the company.

L. R. McConnell, traveling passenger agent of the Milwaukee road, arrived in Duluth this morning, but left a short time after his arrival for the ranges.

W. L. Gortie, who went to Minneapolis Thursday on business, returned to Duluth last night over the St. Louis express.

J. J. Cox, of Hibbing, is a guest at the St. Louis hotel.

A. P. Swinford, ex-governor of Alaska, who arrived in Duluth last night, left this morning over the South shore for Marquette.

Carmichael, of Biwabik, came down from the range today and is staying at the St. Louis hotel.

B. Combs, of Hibbing, is registered at the St. Louis hotel.

C. H. Gallagher will leave for Mount Clemens, Mich., tonight over the Northern Pacific.

George Donahue will leave for Minneapolis tonight over the Northern Pacific.

W. E. Dunn will leave tonight over the Northern Pacific road tonight for Seattle.

John Bransly left this afternoon on the Great Northern express for Minneapolis. Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Cameron and son, who are on a tour of the Great Northern road for Los Angeles, Cal.

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PHOTOGRAPH BY

Holds President's Action In Panama Justified By Precedent.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Immediately after the convening of the senate today, Mr. Hale introduced a resolution requiring the commissioners of the district of Columbia to report on the condition of theaters in Washington. It was agreed to without debate.

Mr. Lodge then began his speech on Panama. He quoted a number of authorities in support of his position that the president had not departed from the beaten path in recognizing the independent government of Panama and he laid down the general proposition that "a revolted state may be recognized as sovereign or independent by a neutral power without departing from its attitude of neutrality." He also contended that such an act could not be construed as provoking war.

Mr. Lodge made reply to those who contended that the fact that the United States had prevented the secession of the southern states in the civil war forbids this country from recognizing any nation which has come into existence through secession, as has Panama. This argument, he deemed unworthy. Really under present conditions there could not be no formation of a new nation except by the right of revolution and nothing to do with law.

He contended that it is established whenever a new state is sufficiently established to assume international obligations and whenever recognition conforms to the dictates of prudence and policy, many nations in which recognition had been purely executive were cited and the senator asserted that President Taylor had prepared to recognize the independence of Hawaii before a government had been established.

In reply to a question by Mr. Bacon, Mr. Lodge said he had voted for the resolution declaring that "The People of Cuba are not entitled to be free and independent," but he said that as there was then no government in Cuba, his vote then had not been in consistent with his present attitude.

His contention was that the recognition of a government is a purely executive function. The senator discussed at length the action of President Roosevelt in connection with the Panama canal. He said that the act of congress had been an instruction to secure a canal at a certain point. No objection had been made to the Hay-Herran treaty, except that too great concessions had been made to Colombia. The treaty had been summarily rejected by the Colombian congress. No objection had been made to the Hay-Herran treaty, except that too great concessions had been made to Colombia. The treaty had been summarily rejected by the Colombian congress.

Senator Gorman today introduced the following resolution: "Resolved, That the president be requested, if not in his judgment incompatible with the public interest to inform the senate of the circumstances and the date when, and circumstances under which the United States intervened in the internal affairs of New Grenada, and whether such intervention was on the initiative of the United States or by the request of the government of Colombia, or in consequence of any official representation of either, and also to transmit to the senate copies of the letters or notes in the department of state and of the orders by the navy department relating to such intervention."

2.—Also to inform the senate whether or not the United States entered New Grenada or Colombia or any of the republics to execute by force, either the treaty of 1845, or the treaty of 1848, or of the sovereignty of New Grenada, or of the sovereignty of Colombia, or in consequence of any official representation of either, and also to transmit to the senate copies of the letters or notes in the department of state and of the orders by the navy department relating to such intervention."

3.—Also to inform the senate in which, if any, of the disturbances on the isthmus of Panama, referred to by the treaty of 1845, or the treaty of 1848, the United States intervened by the employment of military force, solely on its own initiative, and uninvited by the government of Colombia, or in consequence of any official representation of either, and also to transmit to the senate copies of the letters or notes in the department of state and of the orders by the navy department relating to such intervention."

4.—Also to inform the senate whether or not the United States entered New Grenada or Colombia or any of the republics to execute by force, either the treaty of 1845, or the treaty of 1848, or of the sovereignty of New Grenada, or of the sovereignty of Colombia, or in consequence of any official representation of either, and also to transmit to the senate copies of the letters or notes in the department of state and of the orders by the navy department relating to such intervention."

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Bath Robes—Half Price.
Underwear—Half Price.
Winter Caps—Half Price.

The Great Eastern
M. S. BURROWS

Mid-Winter Clearance Sale STEIN-BLOCH SUITS

The World's Best—In This Sale.

The Free Choice of 3000
Men's \$18, \$16.50 and \$15
Suits and Overcoats

FOR \$8.99

The Free Choice of 4000
Men's \$30, \$25 and \$20
Suits and Overcoats

For \$14.50

Boys' Clothing—Half Price

ALLEGED MICHIGAN BOODLER TOO ILL TO APPEAR IN COURT

Attorney For Ex-Alderman Kinney of Grand Rapids
Charged With Bribe Taking, Asks Court to Quash
the Indictment.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 6.—Ex-Alderman Malachi Kinney, charged with accepting a bribe from Lant K. Salisbury to support the Luke Michigan water deal, was too ill to appear in superior court today, when a motion was made by his attorneys to quash the indictment. His attorneys objected to proceeding until it was certain that Judge Newnam was to sit in the case, doubt as to his presiding at the trial having been raised through the endorsement of his name as a witness upon the information.

ST. PAUL PIONEER PASSES AWAY

St. Paul, Jan. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—C. C. King, retired merchant and pioneer, died at his home, 325 Robert street, after a short illness. He was 81 years old and had lived in St. Paul since 1854.

His death came very suddenly. He had suffered considerably from stomach trouble, but the attacks were not dangerous. No intimation of his approaching death was given until yesterday, when he was seized with a fainting fit, from which he did not rally.

MEN ON THE BOATS

May Also Feel Cut In
Wages of Pittsburgh
Company.

Matter Will Come Up
When Unions and
Officials Meet.

The Cleveland Plaindealer today prints a story to the effect that the cut in wages which was recently announced by the Steel corporation, and which takes in the employees of the Pittsburgh Steamship company, will not only affect the office forces of the company, but will have a great deal of effect when the scale of wages of the men employed of the Pittsburgh fleet comes up for consideration.

At the local offices of the Pittsburgh company in the Wolvin building it was said today that while the reduction in wages would not doubt have a tendency to affect the men employed on the boats, still the question of wages for such men would be determined by the representatives of the union, of which they are members, and the officials of the company, who will meet in conference in the near future.

The reduction in the salaries of the clerks employed in the offices of the Steel corporation have not been over-estimated, but on the other hand, the cut given to some on the pay rolls practically puts them on a half-pay basis. The auditor's payroll was slashed heavily, and in addition to this many of those on it were cut out entirely.

It is stated upon good authority that several clerks who were drawing \$125 a month were notified that after Feb. 1 their positions would pay but \$60. This, it is thought, was equivalent to asking them for their resignations, and many of them will probably seek positions elsewhere.

BEAUPRE ARRIVES.

United States Minister to Colombia Reaches New York.

New York, Jan. 6.—Arthur M. Beaupre, the United States minister to Colombia, accompanied by Mrs. Beaupre, arrived here yesterday on the Yucatan from Colon. Mr. Beaupre would not discuss the situation in Colombia, and said he was going directly to Washington, whence he will go to his home at Aurora, Ill.

"I will be in this country at least two months," he said, "and possibly will ask for an extension of leave. I have applied for leave from the state department."

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILLS.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles.
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 10 to 14 days. 50c.

The First Avenue Grocery,

J. H. O'LEARY & CO., Phone 1258
17 First Avenue West.
Prompt Deliveries Everywhere.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!

Our inventory shows that we have about twice the stock on hand that we ought to have at this time of year. We must reduce it, and the only way to do it is to make prices that will move the goods.

For the next 15 days or until we get the stock reduced, we will make big reductions in all departments. Don't fail to take advantage of this sale, it means dollars to you.

COFFEE.

Bell Coffee and Elephant brand
Coffee, regular price 20c—
sale price.....17 1/2c

TEAS.

All our 60c Tea—now.....50c
All our 50c Tea—now.....40c
All our 40c Tea—now.....30c
All our 30c Tea—now.....25c

POTATOES.

Nice white Burbank potatoes—
per bushel.....80c
Shoulder Hams—per lb.....8c
Lard—per lb.....9c

APPLES.

Baldwins, Greenings, Spices—
per barrel.....\$2.50
Catsup—too much of it here—
Van Camp's, regular price 25c
—sale price.....20c
Bulk Catsup—per gallon.....40c
Sauerkraut, per gal.....20c

SYRUP.

A fancy table syrup, sold every-
where at 50c a gal., sale price.....32c

MOLASSES.

A fancy O. Molasses, sold
everywhere at 60c—sale price.....38c

BAKED BEANS.

Regular 20c size.....15c
Regular 15c size.....12c

MATCHES.

Searchlight matches, a pkg.....4c

CIDER.

Pure York State Apple Cider—
per gallon.....22c

SPECIAL CANNED GOODS OFFER.

4 cans Corn.....90c
4 cans Tomatoes.....90c
4 cans Peas.....90c

All good Standard stock—
SPECIAL ON CANNED FRUITS.
Old Orchard Peaches—1 lb cans,
sold everywhere at 20c—a can.....10c

Take advantage of this sale. It means money to you. Everything marked in plain figures. Remember the place.

Cut this Ad. out and bring it with you. Prompt Deliveries Everywhere.

The First Ave. Grocery
17 First Avenue West.

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW

Cures Chicago Senatorial
Representative of

CATARRH



HON. KITT GOULD, OF CHICAGO.

Here is the Proof—Read
What He Says:

Hon. Kitt Gould, of Chicago, Representative of the 3rd Senatorial District, and for four years the attorney for the State Board of Pharmacy of Illinois, says: "I have been a great sufferer from Catarrh of the stomach, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, which completely upset my nervous system. Paw-Paw has driven out these distressing ailments and has restored all my old-time energy and vim. It is a marvelous remedy."

The Honorable Samuel W. Lane, of Augusta, Me., is a national figure of such prominence that he needs no introduction at our hands. He says: "I am pleased to state that I have been a sufferer for forty years from Malaria and Dyspepsia, and for the cure of the latter I consider Paw-Paw absolutely unequalled."

If you have Catarrh, Try it.
If you have Dyspepsia, Try it.
If you are nervous, Try it.
If you are depressed, Try it.
If you are weak and run down, Try it.

Cast away all tonics, all medicines and all stimulants and let Munyon's Paw-Paw make you well. It will take you into the high altitudes of hope and hold you there until it will give exhilaration without intoxication.

Sold by all druggists. Large bottle, \$1. Paw-Paw Laxative Pills, 25c a bottle.

NERVES BADLY UNSTRUNG

Miss May Boley Leaves

"The Chaperons"—

Too Many Fires.

With her nerves strung so that she is incapacitated for her part in "The Chaperons," on account of the worry brought on by the fire in Chicago, coupled with the excitement during the last few months of having been in three hotel fires, Miss May Boley left Chicago today where she will spend one or two weeks in quietude with the mother of one of the snow girls in the company.

Miss Boley's part will be taken by Miss Ruth Lloyd until she regains control over her nerves. The play is being staged at the Chicago theatre, and the question as to whether they will play the following week will be decided by the authorities of Chicago, who have destroyed by fire and Miss Boley suffered severely from the shock.

When seen today Miss Boley looked as chic and fresh as ever and only by her nervousness and the fact that she was in the fire which I have seen during the last few weeks and the news of the Chicago theatre fire sort of newsworthy, but I had a greater shock than that it was the cause of my present nervousness.

"You know that I took the initiative in having my hair done in the middle when the Chicago theatre was burning. I was in the East among social leaders and this was very grateful to me. While we were playing in Milwaukee I experienced a severe attack of nervousness."

"On the night in question I left the dressing room and made my entrance upon the stage to find what do you think? A show girl with her hair dressed in precisely the same manner as my own. It was really more than I could bear and since then I have suffered torments. Added to this the memory of the fires through which I have passed and the news of the Chicago theatre fire I am just about done up and hope that I may obtain perfect rest for three weeks or a month."

IT CAUSES PARALYSIS.

Result of Experiment on Mice

With Radium.

Paris, Jan. 6.—Dr. Roux, of the Pasteur Institute, has been superintending some interesting experiments showing the effect radium has on mice. The little creatures become paralyzed the instant a tube containing radium touches their bodies and continued application results in death. Dr. Deniez, who made the experiments, said to the correspondent of the Chronicle:

"We shut mice in a cage and suspended a tube containing radium over them. In fourteen hours the mice lost all their hair, which grew again a few days afterward, but entirely different in color. Twenty days later symptoms of paralysis appeared and the mice followed the same path. One of the organs was allowed to rest and head. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure drove the organs to transform all food into rich, red blood. Sold by all druggists."

Always Remember the Full Name

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. H. Brown on every box. 25c

A QUICK CATCH

Police Nab Men Before

They Know of Crimes

Committed.

Suspected of Forgery—

Charles H. Rupp Sus-

pected of Forgery.

The local police made a lucky stroke in detaining Charles Jones and George Daniels yesterday morning.

The two men were arrested at the branch Bethel. They were seen making out checks, and the police took them in charge in the expectation that some complaints would be made from their victims.

After the men had been locked up information was secured from a superior that a check for \$25 had been passed on Laska Brothers, second-hand dealers in Superior.

One of the men was taken across the city yesterday. He intended at first to refuse to go without requisition papers, but he finally consented.

The police are searching for Charles H. Rupp, who is believed to have passed the name of a number of bogus checks. Rupp was formerly in the employ of the company, and was seen by the police in the city yesterday. A thorough search is being made and an arrest may be made before night. The checks were made payable to him.

Chief Troyer returned last evening from Scuncheon, where he was called to investigate the burglary in the depot of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railroads.

The safe was cracked Tuesday morning by the men who were in the depot, with \$240 belonging to the railroad companies.

Two charges of nitro-glycerine were used to break the safe.

The authorities have absolutely no clue on which to work. No suspicious characters were seen about the depot, and the police have not even a partial description of the men.

Chief Troyer stated that the work was well done and evidently the men were not amateurs.

Anna Cohen, who was arraigned last week in the municipal court, on the charge of incontinence, was married yesterday morning to Sidney Bernstein. A special dispensation was secured from the court in order that the young people would not have to wait the five days required by the Wisconsin law after the license has been procured. In the Hebrew ceremony was performed in the home of the young people, who are from Cleveland, Ohio, where they will make their home.

DEATH OF MRS.

W. O. PEALER

Succumbs After a Long

Illness Which Defied

Relief.

After a lingering illness of almost two years, Mrs. Ida M. Pealer, wife of William O. Pealer, the referee in bankruptcy for this district, died at the family residence, 2103 East First street, last night.

Mrs. Pealer had been confined to her bed for several months past, and although the best physicians of this city, Chicago and Minneapolis had been consulted about her case and every possible effort to stop the progress of her disease, all hopes of recovery had been abandoned several weeks before her demise.

While the news of her death will come as a shock to her many friends and acquaintances who did not know of the serious features of her sickness, she and was not unexpected by her family and closest friends.

Mrs. Pealer was born at Union City, Mich., Nov. 5, 1835, and there grew to womanhood. She fitted herself for school teaching by attending the schools of her native city and the Sherwood, Michigan, seminary. In 1854, while teaching at Three Rivers, Mich., she met and married Mr. Pealer, who was then practicing law at that place.

In 1859 they removed to Duluth, where she has since been active in various lines of religious and literary work. She has been a member of the Methodist church since a child and was for many years the assistant superintendent of the Sunday school of the First M. E. church of this city, and belonged to the Epworth literary and social clubs, in all of which she always took an active part.

The funeral services will be conducted at the family residence tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, by Dr. Samuel P. Long of the First M. E. church and Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., of the Epworth M. E. church. After the services the remains will be taken to Three Rivers, Mich., where the final services and burial will take place Saturday.

Besides her husband, Mrs. Pealer leaves one daughter, Florence, 17 years of age, now a junior in the high school; her father, M. M. Denison, of Union City, Mich., and three brothers, Professor Edward B. Denison, teacher of mathematics in the Kansas City, Mo., high school; Mert M. Denison, a druggist, of Stillwater, Okla., and Carl Denison, a farmer near Greenville, Mich.

BECOMES MORE RELIGIOUS.

How Death of Princess Affects

the Zar.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 6.—Since the sudden and pathetic death in his arms of little Princess Elizabeth of Hesse-Darmstadt the czar has been more than ever devoted to his religious duties. He always has been religious, but now he spends hours at his private devotions and in writing prayers in Russian and Slavonic for the imperial family.

A strange rumor is current in both Moscow and St. Petersburg that if the child expected next June should be a son the czar will abdicate in favor of his brother, who will become regent until the czar's son comes of age.

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE

115 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SPECIAL SALE ON

LADIES' SHOES

For One Day Only—Friday, January 8th.

For one day only we will sell any pair of Ladies' \$3.50, \$4 and \$5 Shoes in the house

\$2.98

at.....

This comprises the best make of goods to be had in the market.

No goods exchanged or money refunded on this sale, or Shoes set aside.

No goods exchanged or money refunded on this sale, or Shoes set aside.

No goods exchanged or money refunded on this sale, or Shoes set aside.

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No goods exchanged or money refunded on this sale, or Shoes set aside.

FURS

Even for those who do not need new furs

until next season, our present half price sale offers an

opportunity that will prove a capital investment. Every

article represents quality in the highest degree in material,

style and workmanship. We made up an unusually large

stock during the summer months, and sooner than carry

anything over, we quote such remarkable values as these:

All our remaining \$65.00 Nearsal Jackets are now

selling at.....**\$32.50**

All our remaining \$50.00 Nearsal Jackets are now

selling at.....**\$25.00**

All our remaining \$85.00 beaver trimmed Jackets

are now selling at.....**\$42.50**

All our remaining \$50.00 Astrachan Jackets are

now selling at.....**\$25.00**

All our remaining \$60.00 Astrachan Jackets are

now selling at.....**\$30.00**

All our remaining \$150.00 Persian Lamb Jackets

are now selling at.....**\$75.00**

All our remaining \$50.00 Seal Muffs are now sell-

ing at.....**\$25.00**

All our remaining \$40.00 Seal Muffs are now sell-

ing at.....**\$20.00**

The same half price reduction applies on every muff,

neckscarf and novelty in stock. At the rate they have

been going, every article will be disposed of before the

end of the week. It is the one chance of the year.

H. G. GROSS

MANUFACTURING FURRIER

106 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

MONEY SAVING,

SEASONABLE OFFERINGS

Many Bargains Offered to Thursday Buyers. The

Best Things Are Always to Be Found in the

Herald's Advertising Columns.

Read all about the big sale of white

in the Pantan & White Co.'s ad. Num-

berless bargains quoted in today's ad.

Women's and children's garments at

half, and special introductory price on

line linens, are among the good things

at Freimuth's tomorrow.

The Famous announces a special sale

of women's shoes for Friday—one day

only.

Furs and white goods are the leaders

in the Gray-Tallant Co.'s bargain list.

The big annual midwinter sale of

men's and boys' clothing and furnish-

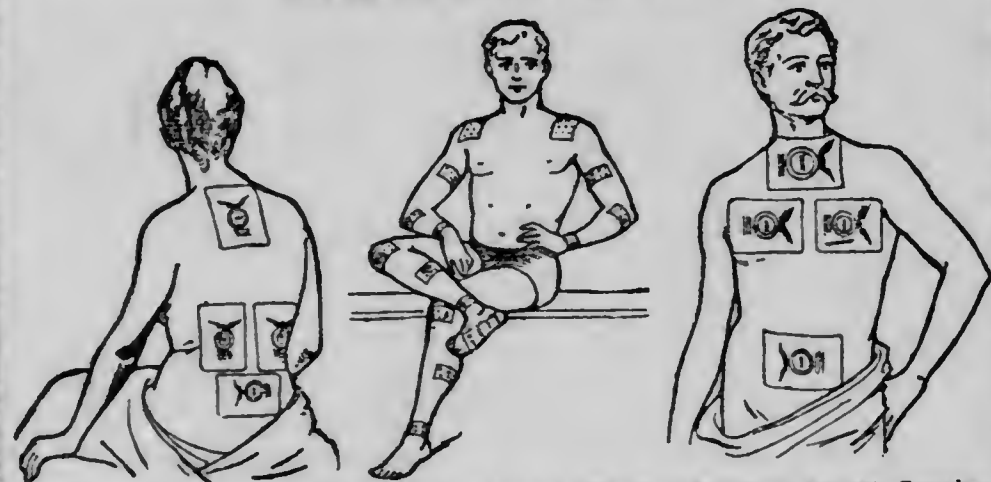
ings is in full swing at M. S. Burrows.

The Silberstein &

EST. 1847. Allcock's POROUS PLASTERS

Are a universal remedy for Pains in the Back (so frequent in the case of women). They give instantaneous relief. Wherever there is a pain apply a Plaster.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE



For pains in the region of the kidneys, or for a Weak Back, the plaster, or for Sprains, Stiffness, etc., and for Aching Feet, cut plaster size and shape required and apply to part affected as shown above.

**Rheumatism, Colds, Coughs
Weak Chest, Weak Back
Lumbago, Sciatica, &c., &c.,**

REMEMBER—Allcock's Plasters are the original and genuine porous plaster and have never been equalled as pain-curers. Furthermore, they are absolutely safe as they do not contain belladonna, opium or any poison whatever.

SETTLERS SOUGHT

Canadian Land Owners
Organizing to Fight
Opposing Efforts.

Fear Country May Lose
Immigration That
Is Needed.

Winthrop, Minn., Jan. 6.—The strong opposition offered by owners of unimproved lands in the United States and allied interests to the emigration of Americans into the Canadian West, has led to an effort to organize the American owners of Canadian lands, who are doing all in their power to promote American immigration into Canada.

No greater misfortune could happen to Western Canada than the stopping of the stream of immigration from the United States, which is making Western Canada a great land of opportunity. There is a widespread fear that the persistent efforts to curtail the stream of American settlers exclusively into the South, Southwest and America will result in a decrease of Canada's share of the movement this year.

The first important move of these United States land men interested in the Northwest was the calling of a convention of themselves and their friends and allies to meet in St. Paul on Jan. 10. The organizers promptly appealed to Clifford Stinson, Dominion minister, or, who at once agreed to give his influence in their cause and send a representative to the convention.

Next these organizers sent a deputation to Winnipeg, Real Estate exchange last week, and stated their case to that board. The board promptly agreed to send a delegation to the convention, and appointed a committee, H. W. Waugh, P. H. Brydges, H. S. Craig and W. J. Christie.

Winnipeg board of trade, provincial and territorial governments to secure representation from these sources also to the convention, and to try to influence a well directed and sustained effort to swell the tide of settlement from the states.

This is a work in which all are deeply interested, and which will prove a powerful factor in the Northwest settlement. The committee of the Real Estate exchange is busy trying to get together representation from the sources referred to, and it is a foregone conclusion that their efforts will culminate in a powerful and united organization in the interests of Northwestern settlement.

One of the causes that have stirred the owner of Canadian lands to action is the fact that the Great Northern and Northern Pacific have stopped granting favors and special rates to land-seekers and wholesalers of Canadian lands. Another is the distribution of literature "knocking" the Canadian West.

The Canadian West, however, has been drawn into the scheme to check the exodus to Canada, and a man engaged in Canadian land operations has great difficulty in getting accommodations, even with the best paper.

SUDDEN DEATH

Of Old and Prominent Resident of Luverne.

Luverne, Minn., Jan. 6.—J. R. Wright, Sr., an old and prominent resident, died very suddenly Monday evening of acute pneumonia. He had resided here for twenty-four years and was most highly esteemed. He was a native of Ireland and was married on Jan. 24, to Miss Ellen Dale, who still survives him. He emigrated to this country in 1852, locating at Pepin, Wis., where he resided until 1880, when he removed to this city. Besides his wife, he is survived by four children.

Catarrah

Is a constitutional disease. It originates in a scrofulous condition of the blood and depends on that condition.

It often causes headache and dizziness. Impairs the action of the lungs, affects the vocal organs, disturbs the stomach. It is always radically and permanently cured by the blood-purifying, alterative and tonic action of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

This great medicine has wrought the most wonderful cures of all diseases depending on scrofula or the scrofulous habit.

Hood's Pills are the best cathartic.

COMBINES FOR GAIN

Freak Corporations In
All Parts of the
World.

Company to Exploit Moon
as Screen for Ad-
vertisements.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Freak corporations are becoming more popular every day and hardly a day passes that the list is not increased.

One of the latest companies which has been formed is to exploit the moon as a screen on which to project advertisements.

The company has stated that by a combination of X-ray and wireless telegraphy it will be quite easy. It has been calculated that they will be able to clear at least \$40,000 for every full moon.

Another company has been promoted in order to bring before the public a new method of destroying mosquitoes. Lately it has been discovered that a certain number of musical vibrations will cause complete paralysis of mosquitoes. Certain music notes have an immediate effect in destroying mosquitoes.

A company has been formed for the purpose of seeking out Noah's ark. It is stated that on top of Mount Ararat Noah's ark still remains, preserved by the eternal snow.

Soda lakes are found in the foothills, near Ashcroft, B. C., and quite the latest discovery in that neighborhood is a natural soap mine and a paint mine. A syndicate is working the mine.

A Sydney company is now being formed to obtain gold from the sky. Of course it has long been known that gold had been detected in sea water, but it has now been found that it is also present in atmospheric dust. Several Australian meteorites have been discovered which, under the microscope, show minute particles of malleable yellow metal, exactly resembling gold.

Western Australia is trembling at the thought of the new company. Several members of the English house of commons have formed a syndicate for the purpose of seeking out the jewels and gold with which a treasure lake is supposed to be paved. This is the famous sacred lake of Colombia, and it is formed in the crater of an extinct South African volcano.

The Italian government has granted permission for the searching of the bed of the river Tiber. It is well known that for many hundreds of years the famous sacred lake of Colombia, and it is formed in the crater of an extinct South African volcano.

In addition, to this way in which the riches of the earth are being sought, there are many battles fought on its banks and on its bridges, not to mention the numerous valuable articles thrown into it at the times of sack and massacre. The deep slime of the river holds captive an inestimable wealth.

RE-ELECT ALL
OFFICERS

Rainy Lake and Constitu-
ent Companies Hold
Their Elections.

The annual meeting of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake Railway company was held at its offices in the Lyceum building yesterday afternoon. The railroad and all other interests in connection with the company were represented.

Changes were made in the personnel of the company, the election resulting as follows: Directors—H. C. Cook, B. O. Anderson, Albert Cunningham and Eugene Cunningham. Officers—President, W. H. Cook, vice president, C. F. Ruggles, and secretary, F. Walsh.

Minnesota Land and Construction company, directors—H. C. Cook, B. O. Anderson, Albert Cunningham and Eugene Cunningham. Officers—President, W. H. Cook, vice president, C. F. Ruggles, and secretary, F. Walsh.

Partners to Retire.
Harris, Gates & Co. to Dis-
solve Partnership.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Harris, Gates & Co., the biggest stock and grain house in the United States, or perhaps in the world, has been the active partner in the Chicago end of the business, also will retire.

Of the three specialists, the firm of Harris, Gates & Co., John Dunne, who has managed the New York end of the firm since the house has been in existence, and it is likely that the firm will be reorganized.

The dissolution is the result of the liquidation of some of the partners to retire from the activities of a great commission business. The firm of Harris, Gates & Co., has led all others since 1902 exceeded \$1,000,000.

STATE OF OREGON
Owes Its Name to a Minne-
sota Pioneer.

Washington, Jan. 6.—It is proposed by the promoters of the Lewis & Clarke exposition, to be held at Portland, Ore., next year, to pool issue with the Virginia people, who are seeking an appropriation from congress for an exposition at Jamestown in 1907.

Harvey W. Scott, president of the Portland exposition, is spending the winter in Washington, and will visit Richmond on Friday and confer with the Jamestown exposition committee.

Congressman, Wayne, chairman of the house exposition committee, said Mr. Scott in this enterprise, said Mr. Scott in this enterprise, said Mr. Scott in this enterprise.

Long before Lewis and Clarke had made their explorations, Jonathan Clark had published a book on his trip to the Northwest. This book was published before the Revolutionary war, and it is the only copy of it that I could learn was in existence. Mr. Clark named one of the big rivers the Oregon and from that state takes its name.

CITY NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH

Capital, \$500,000 paid in.

This bank is a depository for UNITED STATES, STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF DULUTH, and CITY OF DULUTH.

and would be pleased to add your name to its list of depositors.

Our Annual Sale of White

Is a Boon to Every Present and Prospective Buyer.

Finest of Linens and Bedding for hotel and restaurant keepers or the housewife, daintiest of Lingerie, Laces and Embroideries for women or children, covering every want in a broad, comprehensive way—and at prices you couldn't expect to duplicate only on such an annual occasion as this. The importance of this sale cannot be overestimated; the prices tell but a portion of the good news.

Netwest Undermuslins very much underpriced

Skirts.

Women's \$1.25 Skirts for...\$1.00

Women's \$1.50 Skirts for...\$1.25

Women's \$1.75 Skirts for...\$1.50

Women's \$2.00 Skirts for...\$1.69

Women's \$2.50 Skirts for...\$2.00

Others at \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50, \$4 and up

Corset Covers.

Women's 15c Corset Covers for...10c

Women's 20c Corset Covers for...15c

Women's 25c Corset Covers for...21c

Women's 35c Corset Covers for...25c

Women's 65c and 75c Corset Covers 50c

Women's \$1.00 Corset Covers for...75c

Women's \$1.25 Corset Covers for \$1.00

Others at \$1.25 up to \$3.25.

Gowns.

Women's 69c Gowns for...50c

Misses' 75c Gowns for...50c

Women's \$1.00 Gowns for...75c

Women's \$1.25 Gowns for \$1.00

Women's \$1.50 Gowns for \$1.25

Women's \$1.75 Gowns for \$1.50

Others at \$1.70 up to \$4.75

Women's, Misses' and Children's Drawers.

Children's and Misses' 25c Drawers, sizes 0 to 2, for...19c

Children's and Misses' 35c Drawers, sizes 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, for 25c

Women's 35c Drawers, reduced to...25c

Women's 50c Drawers reduced to...39c

Women's 75c Drawers reduced to...50c

Women's \$1.00 Drawers reduced to...89c

Other styles at correspondingly low prices up to \$3.50

The Choice of the World's Best Linens.

The newest patterns—the latest designs—all at introductory prices.

There's a satisfaction in knowing your linens are the best that money can purchase and human brains conceive, but there's a two-fold satisfaction in getting them at such unusually low prices—Liddell's linens are unequalled for beauty of design and wear.

We are exclusive Duluth sellers.

Table Linens!

45c instead of 60c for 62-inch bleached damask.

78c instead of \$1 for 68-inch bleached satin damask.

\$1.00 instead of \$1.25 for 72-inch bleached satin damask.

\$1.35 instead of \$1.75 for 72-inch bleached double satin damask.

\$1.50 instead of \$2.00 for 72-inch finest double satin damask—this is a rare bargain.

75c instead of 95c, for Barasely damask—extra heavy—best for hotel and restaurant wear.

New White Goods Underprice

Fine India Linen, sheer quality—always 12½c 9c for this sale.

Fancy white waistings—pretty corded and soft-finished—white effects—regular 20c and 25c kinds—for...11½c

New White Goods—in fancy openwork effects—also corded novelties, regular 20c kind, for...10c

Mercerized novelties in white goods—regular 25c and 30c values—for...15c

Fancy Nainsooks and Swiss novelties—openwork and striped novelties—regular 30c and 35c values—for...18c

Beautiful Damask Towels, hemstitched—

drawn work and with borders of heavy knotted fringe—69c

sizes 50x22—sell regularly at \$1.00—for this sale.

Sheets and Sheetings.

9-4 bleached Lockwood Sheet—18½c

45-inch bleached Pepperell pillow casing—10½c

8-4 bleached Pepperell Sheet—17c

9-4 bleached Pepperell Sheet—19c

81x90 ready-made sheets, standard 59c

make, cheap at 75c, this sale, each.

72x90 ready-made sheets—good standard quality, torn, not cut (at much less than you can buy the sheeting for) cheap at 69c—for this sale, each...55c

At Exactly Half Price!

Our Entire Stock of Women's and Children's Winter Garments.

And they are being moved out rapidly, too, at this great sacrifice—every day you wait lessens the assortment. Come as soon as possible. Prices hold good until every garment is sold.

Women's \$65.00 Winter Coats \$37.50

Women's \$50.00 Winter Coats \$25.00

Women's \$35.00 Winter Coats \$17.50

Women's \$30.00 Winter Coats \$15.00

Women's \$25.00 Winter Coats \$12.50

Women's \$20.00 Winter Coats \$10.00

Women's \$15.00 Winter Coats \$7.50

Children's \$25.00 Winter Coats \$12.50

Children's \$20.00 Winter Coats \$10.00

Children's \$15.00 Winter Coats \$7.50

Children's \$10.00 Winter Coats \$5.00

Children's \$7.50 Winter Coats \$3.75

Freimuth's

All Our Tailored Suits
at Exactly Half Price.

Freimuth's

INDOOR BASEBALL

Company "I" vs. Freimuths.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 8.

Duluth Armory. Informal Dancing.

OLD MAN KILLED.

Fell and Struck His Head
Against Stump.

Mankato, Minn., Jan. 6.—Joseph Suess, an old man 61 years of age, was found on a hillside with his head jammed against a stump, and his neck broken, in Northern Minnesota. Monday morning. Suess had been up on a hill working on some of a neighbor's house. It is supposed that in coming home down the hill, which is very steep, and on the banks of Mud Lake, he slipped and fell head foremost, striking his head against the stump. He leaves five children and a wife in rather destitute circumstances.

JAPAN BUYS THE CHACABUO.

New York, Jan. 6.—In addition to the third-class battleship Capitán Pratt, the second-class cruiser Chacabuco, according to a Herald dispatch from Valparaiso, Chili, also has been sold to Japan. The Chacabuco was originally built for Japan, but Chili bought her when war was feared with Argentina. The negotiations have been carried out through an English firm.

Does House-keeping Pay?

It does if you look after the little expenses. Don't spoil a lot of bread on account of unreliable flour, etc., etc.

Commander Flour

More than you need for any particular occasion. Always even and perfect. Makes more and better bread than any you have tried. GREGORY, COOK & CO., Duluth.

TO EXPAND FREIGHT RATES.

San Francisco, Jan. 6.—It was announced at the Southern Pacific company's offices today that the Western roads, which have agreed upon the advance of west and eastbound freight

WHITE AND YELLOW WED

But Found Difficulty In
Procuring a Minister.

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up was as follows:

Proctorknott. Lakeside.

Hollymore. Bartlett.

Edwards. Burbank.

Trunt. center. Barnes.

Pearson. guards. Blair.

Camp. Matters.

Friday evening the Proctorknott

players will play the Superior normal

school team.

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PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Bargain counter full of embroideries.

The entire assortment of cambric embroideries from 2-inch edgings and insertions up to 8-inch flouncings, will be placed on bargain counter No. 1—west end, main floor, front.

Come and take your pick.

- 5c a yard for 2-inch cambric embroidery worth 7c a yard.
- 8c a yard for 3-inch cambric embroidery worth 10c a yard.
- 10c a yard for 4-inch cambric embroidery worth 12½c a yard.
- 12½c a yard for 5-inch cambric embroidery worth 15c a yard.
- 15c a yard for 6-inch cambric embroidery worth 17c a yard.
- 19c a yard for 8-inch cambric embroidery worth 25c a yard.



The difference between the real "White Sale" at the Glass Block Store and the more or less weak imitations at the smaller stores is the immense variety *here*, reliable qualities *here*, exclusive patterns *here*, lower prices *here*. Wise women know there is *but one* White Sale in Duluth every January and it is to the Glass Block sale the crowds always come. Tomorrow, Thursday, this annual event opens for 1904. "Enough said."

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Bargain counter full of white goods remnants

and remnants of cambrics, enabling you to pick up lengths of 3 to 10 yards for less than the cost of the raw cotton. These remnants will probably sell very quickly, so come at once and get what you want for present or future needs.

- Lonsdale cambrics—lengths 3 to 10 yards, regular price 12½c now, and will be higher later on—choice during this great white sale—per yard..... **8c**
- White goods—remnants of figured and striped madras, lace striped lenos, dimites and lawns, values up to 19c a yard—your pick of the lot—per yard..... **9c**

Bigger, better, than ever, in everything white for 1904!

Muslin underwear—January advance sale for ladies and misses. Brides' and infants' trousseaux.

Sanitary undermuslins—made in the best factories and mills, free from all unsanitary conditions—Made to wear well as surely as to look well. Made at a low price to our special order during the dull months, that the operatives might have steady employment.

A gathering of infants' wear, children's wear, misses' wear, women's wear, excelling in daintiness and desirability. The muslins, cambrics, nainsooks, lawns, organdies and linens used in the body of these garments—the embroideries and laces used in their embellishment—the sewing, making fullness and amplitude, all bespeak for our lingerie first place in your esteem. Our prices are positively lowest in the Northwest.

Drawers, 25c to \$5.75

Dozens of new ideas in muslin drawers, with trimmings, edgings, insertions, ruffles and pleatings. A collection of daintiness outclassing all previous displays.

Good quality muslin drawers, cluster of tucks and wide hem—opening price—per pair..... **25c**

Muslin drawers with cambric and lawn ruffles, neatly hemstitched—opening price..... **29c**

Cambric drawers, lace and embroidery trimmed—per pair..... **39c**

Full line of lace and embroidery-trimmed drawers, in cambric and nainsook, with French bands, from..... **49c to \$5.75**

Skirts 59c to \$15.

Examples of fine needlework over which the daintiest feminine taste can well go into raptures. Prices that make the Glass Block incomparably the place to buy.

Good quality muslin skirts, tucked and embroidery-trimmed, flounce full—opening price..... **59c**

Cambric skirts, extra full lawn ruffles, tucked and hemstitched—opening price..... **75c**

Large variety of styles in lace and embroidery-trimmed skirts—opening price..... **98c**

A large and beautiful assortment of cambric and nainsook skirts, with trimmings of Valenciennes laces, tuck and all the new stiletto embroidery effects in embroidery. Prices range from—

\$1.25 to \$15.00

Gowns 49c to \$10.75

Dream robes that are in themselves dreams. Gowns of finest texture embellished with snowy embroidery and filmy laces. Beautiful new styles in yokes and sleeves are shown in rich profusion. Prices are astonishingly low.

Good quality muslin gowns—full length, yoke tucked—neck and sleeves finished with cambric ruffles—opening price..... **49c**

Cambric gowns, round, square and V neck, lace and embroidery trimmed—opening price..... **59c**

Cambric and muslin gowns—in all new styles and ideas, lace and embroidery trimmed—opening price..... **75c**

Nainsook and cambric gowns, beautifully trimmed with Valenciennes lace and dainty embroidery—high and low effects—long and short sleeves—opening price..... **98c and \$1.19**

Full line of nainsook and cambric gowns, daintiest creations of lace and embroidery—prices ranging from—

\$1.25 to \$10.75

Corset covers.

Prices range from 10c to \$5—in hundreds of styles, from plain to the most fluffily lace-decorated fronts.

Corset covers, made of good quality muslin, lace and embroidery trimmed—V neck—full front—opening price..... **19c**

Cambric and muslin covers in a variety of shaped necks, armhole trimmed with Valenciennes and tuck lace and embroidery—opening price..... **29c**

Corset covers, the dainty kind to wear under thin waists—lace and embroidery trimmed—from..... **49c to \$5.00**

Chemise. Made of good quality muslin, 54 inches long, lawn ruffle, neatly stitched—opening price..... **59c**

A large assortment of dainty effects in lace and embroidery trimmed chemise—from..... **89c to \$5.00**

Ladies' short skirts.

An unusually good assortment. This is often a neglected line. We show this season more and better styles than ever in the past, at—

59c to \$1.98

Extra large sizes—

Portly, fleshy or large women will be delighted with the large variety of "out sizes" or extra large gowns and drawers. Your examination of these cannot fail to please.

Gowns from \$1.25 to \$1.98. Drawers from 59c to 98c.

For children.

Drawers, slips, gowns and skirts, especially selected to assure long wear and extra good service.

Our children's undermuslins this season irresistibly appeal to taste and purse.

January sale prices are lower than they will be later, as cost of all cottons is steadily advancing.

Drawers—100 dozen made of good quality muslin, insertion and lace—each size from 9 to 18—opening price..... **15c**

Gowns—lace and embroidery trimmed, cambric, from..... **49c to 98c**

Slips—also a full line of nainsook and cambric infant's slips, from—

25c to \$10.00

Skirts—long and short, for children of all ages—prices range from—

19c to \$2.98

Child's dresses.

White dresses for children of 2 to 10 years—new styles, new ideas, muslin, cambric, nainsook, organdie, Swiss and lawns, plain and very fancy. All made especially for us and every dress a bargain, though the prices range from

59c to \$5.98

Sheetings priced lower than possible other times.

So now is the time to fill your wants—while these prices last. No matter what WE pay, our January sale bargains are never to be beaten. At these prices we positively refuse to sell to dealers and smaller stores, but we place no limit on the quantity bona fide customers may buy.

Sheetings.

10-4 bleached Pequot sheetings, the very best quality on the market, you all know the brand, the price on the present basis of cotton is

22c

9-4 bleached Pequot sheeting, 2½ yards wide—present price 30c a yard—sale price—

20c

8-4 bleached Pequot sheeting, 2 yards wide—present price 28c—sale price—

18c

10-4 bleached Lockwood sheetings—present price 29c—sale price, per yard..... **22c**

9-4 bleached Lockwood sheetings, present price 27c—sale price—per yard..... **18½c**

8-4 bleached Lockwood sheetings, present price 25c—sale price—per yard.....

18c

10-4 bleached Pepperell sheetings—a first-class grade you all know—present price 28c a yard—sale price—per yard.....

21c

9-4 bleached Pepperell sheetings, present price 26c—sale price—per yard.....

19c

8-4 bleached Pepperell sheetings, present price 24c—sale price—per yard.....

17c

Long cloths.

No. 350 English long cloths—12-yard pieces—at..... **\$1.19**

No. 350 English long 12-yard pieces—regular quality for..... **\$1.39**

Pillow casings.

45-inch bleached Lockwood pillow casing—regular price is 15c—sale price—per yard.....

11½c

42-inch bleached Pepperell pillow casing, regular price 12½c—sale price.....

10½c

Sheets and cases.

72x90 sheets, extra wide hem, our regular 65c quality, for.....

45c

81x90 sheets—same quality as above, but larger—our 75c grade, for.....

49c

45x76 pillow cases, our regular 35c quality—

8½c

45x76 hemstitched cases—regular 20c quality for.....

13½c

Extra specials.

4-4 Fruit of the Loom and Lonsdale muslin, buy what you want at, a yd.....

7c

Remnants 3 to 10 yds Lonsdale cambrics, you know the price is 12½c—sale price per yard.....

8c

36-in Brown muslin, extra heavy, fine quality, regular value 8c—per yard.....

5c

Bed spreads.

Full size crocheted, hemmed bed spreads, regular value \$1.25, for.....

93c

Full size fringed crocheted bed spreads, reg. value \$1.50, for.....

\$1.19

Large size hemmed bed spreads, regular price \$1.75, at.....

\$1.39

Linens--Housekeeping, hotel, restaurant supplies.

What more can we say to you than that January sale prices are the best for you you'll have in a year? You're a loser if you fail to buy now—and buy quick—and buy all you can see.

72-in. bleached John Brown and Belgian satin damask—\$2.25 quality—per doz.....

\$1.89

72-inch J. W. Richardson Sons and Owen fine Irish satin damask—\$2.00 quality for.....

\$1.69

(¾ napkins to match \$5.49.)

72-in. Richardson's Irish satin damask—\$1.80 quality for.....

\$1.49

(¾ napkins to match \$4.98.)

(¾ napkins to match \$3.66.)

72-in. sat. dam.—\$1.29 quality for.....

\$1.19

(¾ napkins to match \$3.69.)

(¾ napkins to match \$2.49.)

72-in. damask, the best \$1.25 quality made—per doz.....

98c

(¾ napkins to match \$2.98.)

(¾ napkins to match \$2.49.)

72-in. bleached damask—\$1 quality.....

79c

66-in. bleached damask, 85c quality.....

67c

66-in. bleached damask—60c quality.....

45c

72-in. unbleached damask—\$1 quality.....

75c

Ex. heavy bleached damask, 60c quality.....

49c

Made cloths—special.

6x10 satin damask table cloths, 1 dozen napkins to match—per set.....

\$4.98

8x10 bleached damask cloth—extra fine quality—worth \$3.50—per doz.....

\$1.98

8x10 silver bleached hemstitched cloths, regular \$2.50 quality—for this sale.....

\$1.75

Napkins.

Large size all-linen bleached napkins—\$1.25 quality, per doz.....

98c

Extra heavy large size unbleached napkins—\$1.25 quality, a doz.....

98c

Very fine all-linen napkins—24x34—regular \$1.75 quality, doz.....

\$1.49

Remnants of table linen from 1½ to 3 yard lengths—at greatly reduced prices.

Towels and Crashes.

20x40 large size red border huck towels, regular price 12½c each—at.....

9c

Fringed Damask Towels—colored borders, regular price 17c each—for this sale.....

12½c

Large size huck towels, all white or colored borders—regular price 19c—each.....

15c

Hemstitched huck towels, with satin damask figures—regular price 40c—each.....

29c

Crash.

Regular 10c unbleached crash—very absorbent—extra heavy—for this sale—per yard.....

7½c

Bleached linen crash, worth 15c.....

12½c

Battenbergs, Mexican drawn work

The Art Needlework department offers some exceptional bargains effective during the annual White Sale.

Battenberg scarfs and centerpieces at one-third off—your pick of any Battenberg sideboard cover, scarf or centerpiece in our fine stock at

One-third off

Shams—Swiss embroidered, plain edges or hemstitched, others with ruffles, all from \$1.00 each up to \$3.00—choice—

One-third off

Mexican drawn work—on pure Brown linen, will wear for years. It is heavy and substantial, beautifully drawn by experts—we have only thirteen pieces left, choice—

One-third off

Stamped pillow covers—top and back in floral design—D. C. H. S. football pillow and other popular patterns—50c to 65c the former price—choice.....

15c

Corsets with undermuslins.

In connection with the great showing of undermuslins we take pride in the display of corsets of all makes, correctly covering the new style range in straight fronts, deep hips, low busts.....

\$1.00 to \$15.00

SPECIAL CORSET OFFER—500 new tape girdle corsets in batiste and coutil—with complete hose supporter attached—all sizes—a White Sale bargain for.....

49c

NEGLIGES—While speaking of corsets, allow us to call your attention to our very large assortment of long and short dressing saques and gowns, and the great variety of wrappers, kimono, lounging and bath robes. The prices on these are all now at their lowest

79c up

January clearance sales.

Sale of misses' coats

Sale of ladies' coats

Sale of laces and lace collars

Sale of shoes and rubbers

Sale of house furnishings

Sale of odd portieres

All continue during the great white sale.

Men's shirts--laundered and unlaundered.

Something new in the white sale this year will be the exceptional bargains in men's white shirts. We have bought heavily, but the low prices should enable us to quickly sell out the entire collection.

UNLAUNDERED—200 dozen, open back and front, Wamsutta muslin body, 1800 linen bosoms, full length and widths, long and short bosoms; sizes 14 to 18, at.....

49c

98c for laundered fine white dress shirts, plain and plaited fronts, choice of attached or detached cuffs and actually worth \$1.50—for this sale.....

\$1.50

for gentlemen's extra fine white linen shirts, hand made button holes, plain and fancy bosoms. Good \$2.00 values—for this sale.....

\$2.50

for imported white dress shirts of very fine grade, handsome throughout, full dress and dress styles and not to be equalled anywhere else for less than \$3.50—now for.....

\$2.50

Annual sale of embroideries and laces.

Besides the inexpensive cambric embroideries piled on the Bargain Counter, the higher grades of nainsooks and Swisses claim your careful scrutiny at the regular counters—all specially priced for the great White Sale.

NAINSOOK EMBROIDERIES.

8c a yard for 2-inch embroideries, worth 10c. 10c a yard for 2½-inch embroideries, worth 12½c. 12½c a yard for 3-inch embroideries, worth 15c. 15c a yard for 3-inch embroideries, worth 18c.

Other pieces from 18c to \$1.10 a yard—the very newest and latest patterns.

SWISS EMBROIDERIES.

Hundreds of yards—different widths, with insertions to match—beautiful patterns on a very sheer cloth—from \$1.00 a yard to as low as

--	--	--

"There's One Thing" About

WOOD

CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN Tea—it's all pure, unadorned tea. No coloring, no foreign leaves, no dust. It's as far ahead of Japan tea as "SALADA" black is ahead of all other black teas. Sold only in sealed lead packets. 50c, 60c and 70c per lb. By all grocers. Try a ten-cent sample packet.

TRADE SUPPLIED BY GOWAN-PEYTON-TWOHY CO.

TO OPPOSE WOOD

Minority on Committee Will Continue Fight In Senate.

Brief Prepared Protesting Strongly Against Confirmation.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Views of the minority of the senate committee on military affairs, protesting against the confirmation of Gen. Leonard Wood to be major general have been prepared in the form of a brief, to be used by opponents of this nomination when the reports of the committee are presented for action of the senate in executive session. The brief follows the testimony introduced before the senate committee in the investigation which was begun on Nov. 19, and continued until Dec. 17, directing the attention of senators to passages in the printed report of the testimony, and emphasizing the changes which were made before the committee. It is declared that most of the important matters brought out in the hearing came to public knowledge subsequent to the committee's report, and that to be brigadier general, and that no competent investigation has yet been made in regard to the facts of Gen. Wood's military career and efficiency. These assertions are made for the purpose of making the committee's report a basis for the minority's protest.

First submitted to the senate committee on Nov. 19, 1901, and transmitted to the senate on Nov. 15, 1901. In this military order the prosecution is instructed that if it has any intention of using as evidence in the trial the testimony of Gen. Wood, it should be taken to the United States "steps should be taken to immediately inform the committee of the fact that this cannot be allowed." Another paragraph of the same order says:

"A trial in which there are used 'ex parte' depositions, given by persons whom there is no opportunity to cross-examine, is not a fair and impartial trial, and accordingly such depositions cannot be used at a trial." The minority says that to get around this order Gen. Wood used his authority as military governor to change the entire judicial system of the island. The second count in the brief of the minority relates to the person of W. H. Reeves and his testimony in the postal cases. In this connection the attention of the senate is directed to the statement of Gen. Wood in answer to the charges filed by Maj. Rathbone. Gen. Wood tells the circumstances under which Reeves, a subordinate, was removed from duty in the Cuban postal frauds and afterward turned state's evidence in the trial. Gen. Wood said that in pardoning Reeves he believed he had the right to constitute him a witness for the state, for although Reeves had been a defendant, he had confessed freely and fully concerning the frauds

committed in the postoffice department. The brief then refers to the testimony of Charles R. Fisher, formerly managing editor of the Havana Post and representative of the Associated Press, to prove that Gen. Wood promised Reeves immunity from prosecution if he would give testimony in the postal cases "of the character to help the government's cause." It is claimed further that Gen. Wood had failed to inform the court that he had promised to pardon Reeves, and that in consequence of such failure the court regarded Reeves as a defendant and permitted him to testify without the solemnity of an oath.

Gen. Wood charged in the third count with having violated a promise made to Maj. James E. Runcie not to cause the arrest of Corydon M. Rich, who had been an assistant to Mr. Seeley in the finance department of the department of posts. Mr. Rich was a client of Maj. Runcie's and no charge had been made against him.

Maj. Runcie testified that Gen. Wood had pledged that he would not cause the arrest of Rich, and that the pledge had been repeated to Maj. Runcie and Rich together. Rich afterward was arrested and placed incommunicado for several days, even opportunity to consult his counsel having been denied him.

This incident was described by Maj. Runcie as the beginning of the estrangement between himself and Gen. Wood, though it was long after the close of the incident in relation to the magazine article.

The Runcie magazine article is the subject of the fourth count. With many references to the printed testimony for the purpose of supporting the argument this statement is made:

"Runcie swears that arrangements were made between himself, Ray Standard Baker and Gen. Wood for Runcie to write an article covering all Cuba, and Gen. Wood understood that the article would be a criticism of Gen. Brooke's administration. He also swears that after it was written Gen. Wood asked him if it had been written and sent to Baker. The brief calls attention to the testimony of Maj. Runcie in which he referred to writing the article in the absence of Gen. Wood, and particularly reference is made to this statement from Runcie:

"After Gen. Wood's return, perhaps some few days after his return, he asked me if I had written the article, and I told him that I had written it and sent it to Mr. Baker."

"Concerning the testimony of Mr. Baker, this statement is made by the minority:

"Baker states that he knew that he was to receive an article from Runcie, and that he was aware of the content of the article. He states that Gen. Wood was very frank in his expressions of criticism of the Brooke administration, and that as a general result of his visit to Cuba he found that Gen. Wood was antagonistic to Gen. Brooke's administration."

The testimony on this point was brought out by Senator Hanna, who asked:

"Your information was, as the general result of your visit that Gen. Wood was in rather an antagonistic attitude toward the administration of Gen. Brooke as the administration of affairs at Santiago?"

Mr. Baker—He did not agree to it. Senator—He was antagonistic?"

Mr. Baker—Yes, sir.

The Jal Alai concession forms the fifth count in the minority's brief, and the following summary up is made:

"Judge Advocate General Dudley states that the concession to the Jal Alai was never completed by the signature of the Spanish governor general. The president of the committee, Mr. Aldrich, in the documents of April 27, 1900, and Oct. 10, 1900, were submitted to Gen. Wood, it being necessary for him to consider the privilege thereby conferred, these documents being approved by Gen. Wood. It is then stated that the grant of a monopoly for ten years. The claim that the granting was an adjunct, rather than a part of the concession, is disproved by the president of the Jal Alai. The rules governing the gambling feature are set forth in the testimony of Gen. Wood. The second count in the brief of the minority relates to the person of W. H. Reeves and his testimony in the postal cases. In this connection the attention of the senate is directed to the statement of Gen. Wood in answer to the charges filed by Maj. Rathbone. Gen. Wood tells the circumstances under which Reeves, a subordinate, was removed from duty in the Cuban postal frauds and afterward turned state's evidence in the trial. Gen. Wood said that in pardoning Reeves he believed he had the right to constitute him a witness for the state, for although Reeves had been a defendant, he had confessed freely and fully concerning the frauds

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OFFICERS CHOSEN

County Board Re-Elects Old Officials of Board and Courthouse.

School District Matters Occupy Board's Attention—Other Matters.

Capt. Elissa Morcom, of Tower, was again elected chairman of the county board yesterday, and Edward M. Patterson vice chairman, the same officers they held during the past year. There were no contests on for officers, and the election went through very quickly.

No changes were made in the other county offices and positions which are filled by the commissioners. John Armstrong was re-elected overseer of roads, Dr. F. J. Patton as health officer in unorganized districts, George K. Swan as janitor at the courthouse, H. S. Cowden as fireman and J. T. Russell as night watchman.

In the absence of Chairman Morcom, Vice Chairman Patterson reapportioned all the standing committees, subject to the approval of Chairman Morcom. The standing committees are as follows:

Highways and bridges—Morcom, Moines, Kauppi, Connors, Patterson, Kugler, Berg.
Court house—McInnis, Patterson, Kugler, Kauppi.
Claims and accounts—Patterson, Kauppi, Kugler, Berg, Moines.
Taxes and assessments—Kugler, Kauppi, Connors, Berg.
Sonnens and Sponsoring—Kauppi, Patterson, Berg, Moines.
License and legislation—Connors, Patterson, Berg, Kauppi.
Jail—Berg, Patterson, Kugler, Moines.

One of the first matters that the county board took up yesterday afternoon was the fight between freholders in the villages of Aurora and Ilwaco over the division of school district No. 24 to make a new district.

Aurora is a new town, and representative citizens from that place declared to the board that they needed a district of their own to take away some of the school money.

Their proposition was to cut off about nine sections from district No. 24, which is the Ilwaco district, and add other territory taken from district No. 13.

Ilwaco citizens protested vigorously against the reduction of territory in their district. They argued that they are so surrounded by other districts now that there is no chance of extending their territory in any direction in the future, and they could see no justice in an attempt to take away some of the township now comprising the district.

Two petitions were presented in support of the arguments for and against the district division. County Superintendent of Schools H. A. T. had signed his name to the petition for division, but in a letter to the county auditor he withdrew his signature, saying that he wished thirty days' time to investigate the merits of the claim of the Aurora people.

The county commissioners held that the signature of the county superintendent of schools would be necessary on the petition for district division, and postponed action until the February meeting.

County road matters also took up a large part of the afternoon session. The chief discussion arose over the petition of a number of the new settlers, between Bloodwood and Prairie land, for the completion of the Prairie lake road, which has already been built about three miles, and which something like six miles remains unfinished.

A. W. Keuhnaw, of the Boston and Duluth Lumber company, which corporation was instrumental in bringing a large number of Germans from the southern part of the state to develop the Prairie lake country, made a strong plea in their behalf for assistance. He stated that the road is impossible for the farmers to get in and out from their places in the summer, and that the road is a great help to him in his supplies from the south.

It was argued that the farmers have built good houses and barns, have made pulp, and are doing well, and that the road would be a great help to them in their business.

The petition was simply for a little assistance, and not to make money off the county. This was borne out by the statements of several parties that they would furnish the corduroy timber for the swamp road, and that they would be paid for it by the county.

The petition was given consideration by the board and discussed at some length. The road is in Commissioner Kauppi's district, and the funds for that district are about exhausted. It is estimated that the new road would cost from \$3000 to \$4000, although the settlers claim it can be built for very much less. One settler offered to build a quarter of a mile of the swamp road for \$100.

Commissioner Kauppi thought that the farm land company that brought the settlers into the district, ought to give some assistance in a financial way for better roads, and Mr. Keuhnaw replied that the company has already spent over \$15,000 for roads in St. Louis and Carlton counties.

No definite action was taken at the present time, the road matter being left to Commissioner Kauppi to investigate and see if some means can be devised.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITZGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

HARNESS AND ALL HORSE GOODS Lowest Prices Always at PANTON & WHITE CO.'S

Grays-Dallant Co

FURS



Grays-Dallant Co

A consignment from a reliable manufacturer at a big reduction

A MANUFACTURER from whom we have been a heavy purchaser, found his stock larger than he was wont it should be on January first. He offered us a consignment, and as our lines are well sold out, we accepted it. What he wants is money, and makes his prices at one-third and less in order that he may get it. We will guarantee every garment sold. January, February and March—months when furs are most needed—are before us. The line consists of coats and scarfs of the most popular furs and in the latest styles. Save 33 1/3 per cent on your fur purchases. The sale begins tomorrow morning.

Dyed Opossum and Raccoon Scarfs on sale from \$5.50 to \$10.00
Isabella and Sable Fox Scarfs on sale from \$8.50 to \$30.00
Blue Wolf Scarfs on sale from \$12.50 to \$25.00
Fine Squirrel Scarfs on sale from \$12.50 to \$30.00

Many other kinds at prices equally as low.

Children's and Misses' Fur Sets.

\$10.00 Krimmer Muff and Scarf \$6.50 \$10.00 Opossum Scarf and Flat Muff \$6.50
\$10.00 River Mink Scarf, flat muff \$5.50 \$12.00 Squirrel and Ermine Scarf and Muff \$8.00
\$8.50 Angora Scarf and Muff \$6.50 \$1.50 White Rabbit Scarf and Muff \$98c
\$6.00 Imitation Mole Skin Scarf and Muff \$4.00 \$8.00 Imitation Krimmer Scarf and Muff \$5.00

Fur Coats We received some very pretty near seal coats, plain and with beaver trimmings, in this consignment. There is not another fur coat at this price, as slightly, as durable, and as satisfactory in every particular as this garment. Make your selection now while they may be obtained at a reduction of **33 1/3%**

Our Sale of White.

Tremendous Success.

A Pace-maker.

About The prices.

No Mill ends.

The opening days of the Fourth Annual White Sale crowded our salesforce to its utmost capacity. Thousands of yards of "White" and hundreds of Muslin Undergarments have been carried away by appreciative purchasers. The best is by no means past. Tomorrow, the fourth day, we add a fresh supply and continue this matchless bargain giving.

"The Newest Store" sets the pace for all White Sales. The greatest economy is possible here. We do not make low prices on a few numbers alone, but give you liberal price reduction in every department of White Goods. This makes the greatest saving opportunities possible.

Had we not foreseen the present condition of the cotton market, and had delayed our purchases until the present, your savings would be greatly curtailed. An advance of 34 per cent on raw cotton must advance the prices of the finished products. What we offer during this sale was contracted for months ago. These prices cannot be had for at least another twelve months. Do your buying now.

Many White Sales are merely a selling of seconds, mill ends and remnants. Our offerings are the brightest and best possible to secure at prices you usually pay for remnants. At no time in the year can we offer a better line. We inaugurate this sale to avoid a dull season always expected immediately after the holiday rush.

Fourth Big day.

A Money saver

Why Weundersell

No Remnants

INSTANTLY KILLED

By a Companion Who Mistook Him For a Deer.

Jens Jensen, Homesteader, Shot By Lumber Camp Cook.

At the Duluth Curling club last evening E. C. Maxfield defeated Roy Hoopie, 12 to 7, in the Little & Note single-handed competition.

Other games played were as follows:

BLACK MEDAL.
S. H. Jones, J. Catlin, A. E. Halk, Thomas Gibson, A. H. Smith, H. Hurdon, G. MacKenzie, R. J. MacLeod, skip—12.
MANLEY-McLENNAN.
J. D. Park, J. W. Cook, C. A. Payne, W. E. Richardson, F. West, E. W. Hargreaves, W. E. Magner, skip—13.
W. H. Denham, S. E. Matter, skip—16.
J. T. Hickman, W. B. Silvey, D. A. Forsyth, D. G. Cutler, D. Morrison, C. B. Woodruff, skip—12.
Saturday evening the curlers will be entertaining at a supper at the club house.

Land Office Rulings.

Officials at the local land office yesterday cancelled homestead entry No. 387, made by Peter W. Scott Sept. 22, 1894, in favor of the contestant, and involving the office of the Duluth officials in the contest case entitled A. M. Packard against Peter W. Scott, which involved the entry.

In the case of Jay Layman vs. George A. Hurbesky, decided April 10, 1902, in favor of the contestant, and involving homestead entry No. 16,322, has also been affirmed by the general office and the entry cancelled.

and gave directions for the care of his wife and family of four little boys and girls.

Dr. Smith, from this city, was summoned and made the drive to Carver at a late hour Sunday night. Dr. Cutler, of Park Rapids, corner of Hubbard county, was in the city yesterday on his way to Guthrie to view the remains. Jensen leaves his family in very meager circumstances.

DUNN ENTERS THE CONTEST

Formally Announces His Candidacy for the Governorship.

Princeton, Minn., Jan. 6.—At a mass meeting of citizens held here last evening, Former State Auditor R. C. Dunn formally announced himself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor. The opera house was crowded with Mr. Dunn's fellow townsmen, and the announcement of his candidacy aroused great enthusiasm.

Preceding Mr. Dunn's announcement, there were speeches by Rev. E. C. Clemens, presiding elder of the Northern Minnesota M. E. conference; C. A. Dickey, L. S. Briggs, C. H. Rines, T. H. Caley and others.

Mr. Dunn referred to the coming campaign and the assurance of Republican success in both state and national politics. He said that the time had come when he must decide as to his own position with reference to the gubernatorial race, and that was a duty to his party, himself and his friends that there be no further delay in announcing his intentions.

Mr. Dunn then produced a typewritten statement which he read, stating that he had decided to enter the race and would begin at once an active and aggressive campaign. He defined in a general way his position with reference to some of the more important issues which will be fought out in the coming struggle, and asserted that he would endeavor to put himself squarely before the people and allow them to be the judge.

"Little Colds" neglected—thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds—cures the colds down to the very verge of consumption.

We are taking a loss on every article we dispose of, therefore the terms of the sale will be strictly cash.

"BEAUTY, VARIETY, EXCLUSIVENESS."

A sale of unusual importance, not to be confounded with the many so-called half price sales.

Half Price Sale of Fine Pictures

Time of Sale:

From Thursday at 8 a. m. until Saturday 6 p. m. We extend a particular invitation to our regular patrons to avail themselves of this opportunity.

Our fall purchases were exceptionally large—we take this means of reducing our stock to its average size at this season of the year.

ENGELS' ART STORE

17 and 19 Third Avenue West.

This sale includes beautiful water colors, oils, rare etchings, etc., as well as fine gold leaf mirrors and statuary.

METAL IS HIGHER

Copper Selling at Prices Somewhat Better—Good Domestic Inquiry.

Walker Discusses Copper Share Market at Considerable Length.

George L. Walker reports a higher copper market. Domestic consumers are making good inquiries, but foreigners are not actively seeking the metal. The following is his letter:

"Copper is higher. Lake is selling at 12 1/2 cents and electrolytic at 12 1/2 cents. Domestic consumers have begun to make inquiries for lots of copper deliverable in January and February, and producers are standing untidily for higher prices. None of them have any surplus worthy the name, and they all know that the demand this month will be large enough to clean the market of everything in sight. The foreign market has halted slightly of late, due to the threatened outbreak of hostilities in the far East. It is fear of tight money that makes buyers hesitate, however, for all are well aware that should war be declared the price of

copper would be certain to advance sharply.

"The first estimate of the past year's output of copper that I have seen makes the increase in the world's production about 4 per cent, and that of the United States a fraction more than 7 per cent over that of 1902. I think this estimate rather low, however, as it does not credit as great an increase in some districts as I know has taken place. For instance, it makes the Utah production for 1903 only 35,000,000 pounds, which is too low by 5,000,000 to 6,000,000 pounds; and also makes California's output too low by estimating it as 20,000,000 pounds. As a whole, however, the estimate is not far out of the way. When the official figures are in, I expect them to show an increase in the world's production for the year of between 5 and 7 percent, which compares with a normal increase of 8 to 10 per cent.

"The world's output of copper now amounts to about 1,125,000,000 pounds annually. To increase it 10 per cent, as is necessary to keep pace with the normal growth of consumption, 112,500,000 pounds must be added yearly. This is a tremendous amount of copper. It is more than is produced by any one mining company in the world; and is equal to more than 60 per cent of the total annual production owned by the Amalgamated Copper company. The Lake Superior copper country, the second largest producing district in the world, was actively mined and developed for forty-five years before its output rose to 112,000,000 pounds annually, and now, after nearly sixty years of operations, its annual output amounts to only about 190,000,000 pounds.

"An increase of 10 per cent annually in copper production has in the past been readily absorbed by the world's consumptive demand. There is reason for the belief that consumption will increase in a more rapid ratio in the future rather than in a diminishing ratio. Those who know most of the copper mining situation and its prospects will all agree that there is not the shadow of a possibility that the world's present production can be doubled in the coming ten years. It really does not seem

possible that the average annual increase can much exceed 5 per cent in the future. If this view is correct, it follows that either business progress and activity must be greatly diminished or the price of copper must advance. The outlook is such that I would be inclined to estimate an average price of 14 cents or higher for copper during the coming ten years.

"The COPPER SHARE MARKET. "Outside of dealings in Amalgamated there has been very little activity in copper stocks scattered about. Speculative buying has come in in some of the other specialties, and some of the holders of Boston coppers have sold their stocks in order to invest in Amalgamated, following the too common custom of preferring to buy a stock that has had a good advance to one that has had a decline. The small dividends announced by Tamarack and Osceola had a depressing influence rather than otherwise; and the comparative heaviness of Copper Range has led many traders to believe that the leading speculative interest in it was opposed to an advance in any other copper than Amalgamated at present. There is good ground for the belief, however, that several of the coppers will sell higher soon and that the leading speculative interest referred to will assist in bringing about the movement.

"Someone has figured it out that 26 copper stocks have suffered a loss in selling price from the highest of the year to the present level of \$109,360,000. By an examination of these figures referred to I find that \$55,000,000 of the total shrinkage was in Amalgamated and Calumet & Hecla; making the paper loss of the remaining 24 coppers only \$5,000,000, or an average of a little more than \$200,000 for each company.

"The average decline in the 26 coppers was 20 1/2 points. There is an amalgamated, Calumet & Hecla and Tamarack and the average decline was 16 points. For comparison I have computed the decline in 25 railroad stocks, listed on the New York Stock Exchange, that the average drop was 23 1/2 points, notwithstanding that 8 of the 25 were preferred issues, while all the coppers were common stocks. The loss in value of two of the railroad stocks, Atchafalaya common and preferred, amounted to more than \$5,000,000, which is greater than the total loss in 24 Boston coppers. In all of the railroad and industrial stocks traded in on other exchanges there has been a paper loss more than 30 times greater than has taken place in the coppers with Amalgamated included.

"The decline in coppers has been very largely on stocks owned outright and carried as a long time investment by their holders. Boston's loss through the shrinkage of bank collateral value has been almost nothing as compared with that of the financial centers where large railroads and industrial enterprises have been capitalized and traded in. For example: From the highest prices of this year to the lowest, United States Steel common and preferred showed a total shrinkage of about \$37,000,000. This loss amounted to some \$20,000,000 more than all of the copper stocks listed and dealt in on the Boston Stock Exchange were selling for outright at the tip top prices of the year 1903; it is also nearly twice as great a loss as would have been sustained by holders of Amalgamated even had that stock dropped from \$19 to 1 cent per share.

"Compared with other financial centers, Boston is rich. There was never before a decline in copper stocks that cost Boston banking interests so little, as there have been relatively fewer coppers carried on margin this year than ever heretofore. There is therefore every reason for the belief that the stocks listed in Boston will be better taken care of this year than those dealt in on any other market.

"Boston's copper mining interests are in the strongest position of any stocks dealt in anywhere. Copper sold at an average of more than 1 1/2 cents per pound higher for the year 1903 than during the year 1902; and this 1 1/2 cents was added to the profits of the producing companies. The 26 copper companies referred to have an aggregate annual output of about 450,000,000 pounds of copper, and the 1 1/2 cents per pound higher prices last year must therefore have increased their net earnings more than \$5,000,000. Practically all of the mines are in a most excellent physical condition. Not more than two or three of them will need new money this year, and the total amount will not much exceed one million dollars."

NORDICA SCARED

By Threats Made Against Her Life.

New York, Jan. 6.—As a result of threats against her life, Lillian Nordica for some time has been under the constant protection of a police guard at her apartments in Madison avenue. It is said by her most intimate friends that she has been so much worried by the threats that she has dared not ignore them, and called the police to her aid. A detective sergeant has been detailed for some time at her house, and she is carefully watched. Nordica is said to be intended to go on another concert tour, but the peculiar circumstances surrounding the threats upon her life have deterred her from making the final arrangements for a tour.

Only her nervous and her lawyers know the source of her danger and these persons will give no details. It is known, however, that she had received many warnings, and the police regard her as in a dangerous situation when all the circumstances are understood. Mr. Doern, her husband, against whom she recently began suit for an absolute divorce, is still a patient at a sanitarium.

UNION LEADERS

Sentenced to Three Months For Libeling Man.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 6.—Unless they be sooner released on taking oath that they are bankrupt, W. H. Mullen and Sidney Gates, prominent union men and labor leaders, must serve three months in the city jail for criminally libeling C. B. Buchanan, superintendent of the street car lines here, that are owned by Frank J. Gould. Some months ago during a strike, Mullen and Gates started a paper called the Opinion, which was published in the interests of the strikers. It devoted a large portion of its space to abuse of the street car company and Mr. Buchanan.

BEST TEETH

NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING. DULUTH DENTAL PARLORS, DR. LAMBERT, Manager, 3 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

COLDEST IN YEARS

Average Temperature In December the Lowest Since 1886.

Freezing Point Maximum For Month, 23 Below Minimum.

During the month of December opinions were very generally expressed by Duluth citizens that it was the coldest December for many years. Toward the latter part of the month when a Herald man asked Forecaster Richardson about it he said that the temperatures were running about as low as they did in the December of the year previous.

This was not enough to convince the man who had been feeding coal into a furnace that the month was not an exceptionally cold one. Now comes the weather report and it verifies nearly all that people have claimed about the month.

It was the coldest December since 1886 and there have been just six Decembers in the last 25 years that were colder. The average for the month during that period of time has been 15 degrees. In December last year the average was 10 degrees. The lowest average on record is 3 degrees in 1872. But once during the month did the thermometer get as high as freezing point, 32 degrees above zero and then it only touched the mark. That was on the 4th. On the 13th the highest point touched as 10 degrees below zero and the lowest 23 below. On the 25th the maximum temperature was 4 degrees below and minimum 15 below.

On fifteen days of the month the minimum temperature fell below the zero mark. The month was a windy one, too, the total movement being 7648 miles and the highest velocity 43 miles an hour from the northwest on the 27th. The prevailing winds were from the southwest.

The precipitation was just about the average being 1.30 inches while the average is 1.31 inches. During the entire year there was a deficiency of 2 inches from the average in precipitation. Ten clear days, 12 partly cloudy and 9 cloudy were reported during the month.

SAVED FROM TERRIBLE DEATH. The family of Mrs. M. L. Bobbitt of Barre, Vt., saw her dying and were powerless to save her. The most skillful physicians said every remedy used failed, while consumption was slowly but surely taking her life. In this terrible hour Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption turned despair into joy. The first bottle brought immediate relief and its continued use completely cured her. It's the most certain cure in the world for all throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed. Bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at all druggists.

WILL CARRY THE TREATY

President Roosevelt's Message Certain to Do the Work.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Walter Wellman, in a Washington special to the Record-Herald, says:

With an act characteristically bold and frank, President Roosevelt has apparently swept away at a single stroke all party opposition to the Isthmian canal treaty and assured the success of that great enterprise. Mr. Roosevelt sent to congress a special message on the recent events in the isthmus and the administration's relations thereto, which was read in the senate and listened to with unusual interest by a large number of senators of both parties.

Ordinarily, presidential messages are but indifferently followed by the busy men of the senate, but this was an exception to the rule. Nearly all of the statesmen remained in their seats during the hour and a half required for the reading, and most of them followed the clerk by holding in their hands the printed copies which had been provided for their use. It was obvious enough that the message made a profound impression upon the senate. The Republicans could not conceal their satisfaction. Occasionally they nodded one to another in approval, and the whispered comments were all accompanied by smiles.

In a body like the senate the essential manner in which a given state paper is received becomes quickly known, through conversation on the floor, talk in the cloakroom and in the lobbies. In an hour it was known to everyone who cared to make inquiry that the president's statement of the case had vastly strengthened the claim of the Republicans that everything the administration has done was justifiable, and that nothing now remains but to ratify the treaty and close the episode by going ahead with the construction of the Panama canal. The Republicans were jubilant, and many Democratic senators quietly expressed their satisfaction.

If one may judge by the prevalent comment on both sides of the chamber, the threatened effort of the minority to defeat the treaty for political purposes will not materialize. As a matter of fact, there never was much substance to that threat. Leading senators now predict that nothing more will be heard from it, and that the treaty will be ratified by an overwhelming majority as soon as a vote can be reached.

WHAT'S IN A NAME? Everything is in the name when it comes to Witch Hazel Salve. Dr. C. De Witt & Co. of Chicago discovered some years ago how to make a salve from Witch Hazel that is a specific for Piles. For blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, eczema, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin diseases Dr. De Witt's Salve has no equal. Sold by all druggists.

You Can Take Your Time in using

SEARCH LIGHT MATCH

They burn a full half minute. A valuable coupon in every box of Search Light Matches. Ask your grocer.

THE DIAMOND MATCH CO.

Old Underroof Rye

There are plenty of whiskies you can get for less money than Old Underroof Rye. But it is poor economy to save the slight difference in cost when you can get Underroof quality. It is soft, pure, delicious, and has the least reactive effect. CHAS. DENNEHY & CO., Chicago

"A REPUTATION TO SUSTAIN—NOT ONE TO MAKE."

JANUARY REDUCTIONS IN PIANO PRICES!

Christmas expense over, we offer special inducements to those who were not fortunate enough to secure one of our choice pianos, organs or pianolas for a holiday gift. We have an unusually heavy stock for this time of the year, coming as it does just before our inventory and the final summing up of the year's business, consequently we have placed on sale **208 PIANOS, ORGANS AND PIANOLAS**, including beautiful Kranich & Bach Pianos, Emerson Pianos, Knabe Pianos, Steinway Pianos, and other standard made pianos. *70 new and used organs*, including several beautiful chapel styles. There can also be found *15 splendid square grand pianos*, a little old fashioned, but excellent in tone and action. All of these MUST go before Jan. 31, the end of our fiscal year. We give below a partial list only of bargains not heretofore known to Duluthians.

SNAPS IN PIANOS AND ORGANS—PIANO PLAYERS.

5 WILLARD PIANOS worth \$300 new, all mahogany cases, returned rentals—offered at, each..... **\$160**
 1 BEAUTIFUL MAHOGANY CASED PIANO—new, in fact a sample instrument—sold by dealers everywhere for \$250.00—to close we offer it at..... **\$187**
 1 \$700 KNABE—used for private recitals and was slightly damaged on the case in transit—now..... **\$437.50**
 4 DYER BROS.—good as new, been rented—each..... **\$235**
 1 SMITH & BARNES—beautiful walnut case—used..... **\$175**
 15 SQUARE GRANDS from..... **\$25.00, \$32.00, \$40.00 up to \$50.00**
 70 ORGANS—
\$10, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$28, \$31, \$33, \$37, to \$50
 1 APOLLO PLAYER—just as good as new, taken in exchange on pianola..... **\$150**

SOME SPECIAL SNAPS IN RELIABLE PIANOS.

14 KRANICH & BACH UPRIGHTS—all fancy wood cases, large sizes, perfect in every way—these are 1903 styles and not contained in the 1904 catalogues, hence must close them out to keep our stock ever up-to-date—were worth \$450.00, now offered at..... **\$385**
 1 USED KRANICH & BACH UPRIGHT—elegant walnut case—was \$425.00 when new—now..... **\$300**
 1 USED KRANICH & BACH—large size, beautiful mahogany case, scarcely tell it from a brand new one—now offered at..... **\$320**
 1 \$375 EMERSON—mahogany case, cottage size, used less than a year, good for 40 years—now..... **\$287**
 1 STEINWAY UPRIGHT—used of course but worth double our present asking price..... **\$300**
 1 HALLET & DAVIS—very large elegant piano—French walnut, hand carved case—worth \$450—now going at..... **\$280**
 1 ERNEST GABLER & BRO.—musically perfect, a little old fashioned in case, but still to be preferred to many new pianos at twice..... **\$175**
 1 KIMBALL UPRIGHT—ebonized case..... **\$100**

OUT-OF-TOWN BUYERS

Who wish to take advantage of this grand special offering can do so. Write us for complete bargain list. We will aid you in your selection and guarantee to give you satisfaction or refund your money. It is to our interest to see that you are satisfied.

WE GUARANTEE EVERY INSTRUMENT WE SELL, NEW OR USED.

This is to be the greatest piano offering ever made in Duluth, and for a solid month pianos will be offered to the public at irresistible prices. If you resolved at the beginning of the new year to buy a piano before the close of 1904, call in and see if this is not your opportunity.

Northwestern Agents for
Steinway, Knabe & Emerson
Pianos and for Pianolas

DULUTH MUSIC COMPANY

Northwestern Agents for
Steinway, Knabe & Emerson
Pianos and for Pianolas

COR. LAKE AVE. AND SUPERIOR ST.

F. H. GUTHRIE, Manager.

COR. LAKE AVE. AND SUPERIOR ST.

GET EARLY START

Ice Companies Will Soon
Be Cutting on the
Lake.

Harvest on Spirit Lake
Is Well Underway
Now.

The different ice companies in the city will probably commence cutting ice on Lake Superior within a few days unless a southwest wind should happen to break up the ice pack, which has formed at this end of the lake. No ice will be cut yet for domestic use. According to the regulations of the board of health all ice cut for domestic use must be taken from a point more than 400 feet from the shore, and the ice at this distance out is not yet thick enough for the purpose. It is estimated that ice could be secured from a point 400 feet from the

shore, which would be 5 or 6 inches in thickness, but the ice companies will postpone their cutting until the ice is much thicker, and work will probably be commenced on it within a few days. Last year there was a shortage in the ice crop. The pack did not form until much later in the year. It did not reach any great thickness and broke up before the companies had laid in all the ice they desired.

This year the ice has formed much earlier and promises to reach a much greater thickness, unless it is broken up by unfavorable winds. Ice-cutting on Spirit Lake has been in progress for some time past. The ice in this lake is over 20 inches in thickness, and large stocks are being laid in by the local companies.

The board of health permits the use of ice taken from Spirit Lake for domestic purposes as it is as clear and free from filth as that taken from Lake Superior.

The only drawback to its use is the long haul necessary. The Lake Superior ice crop is a very uncertain quantity and the only point in its favor is the small expense necessary to cut it and place it in storage.

SUPERIOR ATTORNEY

Talked of For State Supreme
Court Bench.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 5.—L. K. Luse of Superior and James K. Irwin of Neenah, both leading lawyers of the state, are being urged by their friends to become candidates for the position of associate justice of the state supreme court, which is to be filled at a judicial election in April. Irwin is a member of the board

of regents of the state university and has a strong following up in the northwestern portion of the state. Luse spent the past week in the southern part of the state and is popular here, especially among the Scandinavians, of whom he is one. After graduation from the law school of the university Mr. Luse began to practice at Stoughton. In 1881 he represented the Stoughton assembly district in the legislature, and from 1886 to 1888 was assistant attorney general, resigning to accept a position in St. Paul with the Omaha road company. Four years ago he formed a partnership with A. L. Sanborn of this city, and the firm opened a branch office in Superior, where Mr. Luse has since resided. It is the general impression here that the associate judgeship will go to some man in the northern part of the state.

WANTED!

Four Lumber Pilers; must be experienced men. Wages \$2.00 per day. Red Cliff Lumber Company.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Van Gorder to Be Tried
For Shooting Three
Men.

Iron Mountain—The January term of circuit court for the county of Dickinson was convened Tuesday morning. The principal case on the calendar being the Frank Van Gorder murder trial. On July 2, 1893, while in a saloon brawl, Van Gorder shot at a man named Lawrence. One of the bullets entered his adversary's right thigh, another lodged in the left shoulder of a bystander named Hannan, and a third entered the abdomen of an innocent pedestrian, John Salchert, who, while on his way home from work and hearing the shooting, had turned to ascertain the cause of the trouble.

Van Gorder fled to his resort in Marinette county, Wis., and not knowing the magnitude of the injuries sustained, he was captured by strategic measures, the authorities assuring him that not much harm had been done. His trial will prove of a sensational nature.

The affair was significant and far-reaching in that it aroused the authorities of Marinette county to action, causing every resort in the county. Michael Kinney, charged with intent to do great bodily harm, having pulled a gun on Frank Palmer in a saloon brawl on Good Friday, and other cases of minor importance are to be tried.

Menominee—Sanford & Treadway, lumber dealers and manufacturers, who have a factory at Menominee, have purchased a large amount of logs from the Escanaba Woodlands company. The logs will be sawed at the plant of the company and it is estimated that about 4,000,000 feet of lumber will be made from them. The lumber will be shipped to Menominee. The Pankratz Lumber company of Sturgeon Bay has a large logging camp in operation near Cedar River, Menominee county. There are eight men employed there and fourteen teams are engaged in hauling. It is expected that about 2,000,000 feet will be put in. The logs are barked on the bay shore and in the spring will be towed to Sturgeon Bay.

Sault Ste. Marie—A steel range in the home of County Clerk John E. Paralle at the Soo was wrecked the other night by being blown up. The wreck was caused by the cold water pipes feeding the hot water tank freezing and causing a high

pressure of steam in the tank, which steam found an outlet through the pipe connecting with the stove. The stove was wrecked beyond repair.

Crystal Falls—Frank Zebrenski, a trapper, lost his life in the Bristol mine at Crystal Falls just as he was finishing up his day's work. The men were after their last earn when he fell from the surface. The dirt hung in the chute and just as they were about to blast it the miners above shouted "fire." They below asked them to wait until they had discharged the blast in the chute, to which the miners agreed. The charge was successfully discharged and the men started to fill their car. The miners, however, after they heard the blast, split their faces and again yelled fire, but the miners, intent on getting out that last car, stayed in the drift to put blocking into the mouth of the chute which they had opened. When the blast went off above a mass of dirt came down the chute burying Zebrenski and smothering him to death.

JOHN WILLIAMS IS ARRESTED

Accused of Sending Defamatory Writing Through Mail.

John Williams has been arrested charged with sending scurrilous and defamatory writings through the mail. United States District Attorney J. M. Dickey caused the arrest, and the warrant served on Williams by Deputy United States Marshal Mallory, gives the names of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Prelmuth of Superior, as witnesses.

He is charged in the warrant that a postal card bearing the defamatory writing was deposited in the United States mails on Oct. 14 last by Williams. The card, addressed to Mr. and Mrs. Prelmuth, in care of Hotel Superior, read as follows:

"Dear Sir: (Very Dear)
"Hurry up that \$5,000 you have been owing me for about two (3) years. This is the last request. Are you broke? Tell about it—b—, you are a gem. John Williams."

When arraigned before Commissioner Pressnell, Williams gave bonds for \$500 to appear Jan. 8.

It is but fair to state that the John Williams arrested is not the John Williams who was deputy sheriff under Paul Sharry and afterward county commissioner. The names are the same and this has caused many to confuse the persons. The man arrested is a native of New York.

Miller—A \$500 three-story brick building, to be known as the Miller Masonic Temple building, will be erected. J. E. Kimmel, of the Sioux Falls Union Savings association, has secured the necessary subscription of stock here to make the undertaking a success. The estimated cost is \$50,000.

Elk Point—Anna Carlson, of Sioux Valley, this county, was adjudged insane and taken to the state asylum.

Mayville—Among the victims of the iniquitous theater fire was Miss Electa Sylvestor, of Plainville, Minn., who was formerly teacher of music and drama at the state normal here. She held the position two or three years, leaving in the spring of 1897. She was a popular

teacher. It was not realized till lately that she was a victim, because her home was given as Plainville, Me.

Among the names of the dead was that of Dora Mitchell, of Lockport, Ill. It is thought she may be a former teacher of English at the normal and a sister of Professor Frank E. Mitchell, of Oshkosh, Wis., but to date no authentic information has been received.

Fargo—Under the new law requiring an apportionment board to name commissioners to fill unexpired terms till the next general election, both Messrs. Davida and Newton, of the county board, were re-elected. Judge Pollock and Judge Lauder, of Wahpeton, will exchange benches a few days to dispose of some prejudice cases.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Former Miller Man Loaned
His Money to
Dowie.

SOUTH DAKOTA.
Miller—A letter from A. E. Bills, who is on a salary in the real estate department of Dowie's Zion, indicates distress. Mr. Bills was a pioneer here, starting with nothing, but by farming, banking and dealing in real estate accumulated a small fortune. A year ago he sold everything and took his money and family to Zion. In the letter is a hint of a \$20,000 loan. He said that if Zion City became bankrupt he would lose everything.

Another Hand county man who went to Zion about the same time and built a new residence, living there with his family for a time, is Byrd Gilbert, now in North Dakota on a ranch.

Huron—Friends of Huron college are rejoicing over the good fortune that has come to it during the past few days. The first was a gift of \$50,000 cash from Ralph Voorhees, of Clinton, N. J., and the second was a draft for \$20,000 from John H. Converse, president of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, at Philadelphia. The first gift is made for the completion of the girls' dormitory, and it is conditional only that the building shall be known as the Elizabeth Voorhees dormitory. In honor of his wife. The gift from Mr. Converse is to the endowment fund.

December 31 was the limit of time fixed in which the first \$50,000 of the \$200,000 for the endowment fund should be paid in or pledged. Within a few months the friends of the college in South Dakota pledged nearly \$25,000 to the fund, and the people of Huron gave \$10,000.

The gifts of the eastern men gave new life to the movement, and the faculty at once set to work to raise the remainder of the amount necessary to complete the first \$100,000, and succeeded in doing so in less than a week, \$12,000 being the amount paid in or subscribed in that period of time. The Presbyterian board of colleges pledged the last \$500 of the amount.

Abereen—Charles Daniels, who has been working here for about a year as a plasterer, is in the county jail with serious charges against him. He was arrested while boarding a train for the north, the charge preferred being that of having furniture for his home on the 1st of a lease and then selling it.

Other charges of a similar character were made out after his arrest, and on Saturday a young girl, the daughter of a farmer living near town, swore out a complaint against Daniels, charging him with having ruined her. As the crime is alleged to have taken place before she reached the age of 16, the penalty is increased. Daniels is a married man and his wife went east the day before he attempted to leave town in company with the girl.

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THERE MAY BE A LIVELY ROW

If Weyerhaeuser Blanket
Bid For Pine Is
Accepted.

Cass Lake, Minn., Jan. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is barely possible that as a result of the awarding of the bids submitted for the timber sold on Dec. 28 there will be a good-sized row among the lumbermen and the officials making the awards, and possible litigation to follow. It has been intimated here within the past few days that the recommendations sent by the officials having charge of the sale to the secretary of the interior were for the acceptance of the blanket bid submitted by the Rook Island company (a branch of the Weyerhaeuser syndicate) which covered nearly all of the pine offered for sale.

At least one company which submitted bids has notified the register and receiver of the local land office that, in case the blanket bid of the Weyerhaeuser is accepted the company whose section bid is rejected will protest and fight the award, on the ground that the rules and regulations governing the sale state positively that any one company might bid on a group of the pine offered not to exceed ten sections. The protesting company will therefore claim that the blanket bid covers in excess of the amount contemplated by the rules and regulations and therefore cannot be lawfully accepted. If this protest should hold good, some exceedingly close figuring will be necessary to determine which company is entitled to the different sections of the timber which embraces some of the very best pine in the entire state.

Brussels, Jan. 5.—The Hague correspondent of Le Petit Bleu, one of the best informed newspapers in Europe on political matters, reports that the decision of the international arbitration on the Venezuelan case will not be published before February.

It is, however, believed, in circles in a position to judge, that the decision has been drawn up and that the court will deny the contention of the blockading nations—Great Britain, Germany and Italy—to be regarded as privileged creditors of Venezuela.

The judgment will allow the three blockading powers first to collect the expenses of the blockade, which it will state was undertaken in the public interest. After the costs of the blockade are recovered, all the creditor nations will share alike in proportion to the amount of their adjudicated claims.

Terrific plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

At least one company which submitted

At least one company which submitted

At least one company which submitted

At least one company which submitted

At least one company which submitted

At least one company which submitted

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THE VENEZUELA CASE.

Decision Denies Preferential
Claims of Blockaders.

At least one company which submitted

At least one company which submitted

At least one company which submitted

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GASSER'S GROCERY.

Every Housewife Should Read the
Practical Experience of Mrs. Catherine Taylor of This City.

For the past four months, Mrs. Taylor has traded at four different prominent Grocery Stores, including Gasser's, for the purpose of demonstrating to her satisfaction the best and cheapest store to trade at, and by saving all her slips, she finds she has saved \$1.87 AT GASSER'S on every ten dollars' worth of groceries bought, by actual comparison with the other three grocery stores.

We have often heard it said that we are a little higher priced than our competitors, but that is not so, and the experience of Mrs. Taylor proves the contrary, and why not? We carry the largest stock of Groceries in the city. We buy in larger quantities and many items at lower prices than our competitors, and the experience of Mrs. Taylor only puts us in proper position before the public.

WHY NOT YOU SAVE \$1.87 OUT OF EVERY TEN DOLLARS' WORTH OF GROCERIES USED IN YOUR HOME?

I, Mrs. Catherine Taylor, a resident of Duluth, Minn., having read the above statement testify that it is nothing but the truth.
Witnesses:
MELVILLE CORSER,
JAMES DAVENPORT.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
County of St. Louis.

On this 5th day of January, A. D. 1904, before me, a notary public, within and for said county, personally appeared Mrs. Catherine Taylor, and makes oath to the above statement as being the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.
(Seal.)
Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.

"WEISS BEER"

What it is:

Brewed like old
tastes some
ale, but is more
snappy and lighter
in body. Brewed
the best malt
and hops.

Try It.

Try It.

Try It.

Try It.

Try It.

Try It.

Inventory Sale!

WE are just about finished taking stock and have numerous rare bargains to offer in men's, women's and children's clothing. Come and see for yourself—it will only cost you one dollar a week to pick out what you want for the entire family. No shoddy goods, but good goods and a pleasure to sell 'em.

Gately's

8 East Superior St. Give Us a Call.

MILLIONS GIVEN

For Religion During the Past Year In United States.

One Hundred Millions Spent Annually For Church Maintenance.

Boston, Jan. 6.—A fair estimate of the total of American benevolence last year puts it at about \$100,000,000. But this is an estimate only, and it does not include the millions of dollars given by means of the various religious societies. The fact is, nobody knows how much Americans give away annually, and all tables, no matter what their claims, are no more than estimates. For 1902 several principal newspapers figured out American benevolence at \$100,000,000, and included in that sum \$18,000,000 given by Americans to foreign missions. But Americans give only \$6,000,000 annually to foreign missions. For some years Appleton's Annual has published estimates, putting the total at from \$75,000,000 to \$80,000,000. But the Annual excludes all gifts under \$500, and everybody knows that gifts under that sum are many times more numerous than gifts above that sum. Hence, when it is stated that American benevolence ran about \$100,000,000 during the year ending a few days ago, it is to be understood to mean only such gifts as are noteworthy and therefore chronicled. Some day, and by somebody, American benevolence will be recorded and officially reported. It is not now.

The close of each year sees some projects incomplete. Andrew Carnegie is giving several millions to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Perhaps details are already concluded, but the funds have not, it is said, been turned over. During the year Mr. F. M. Hubbell left in trust \$500,000 with which to establish a university at Des Moines, Ia. Marshall Field looks forward to a park plan in Chicago that will take millions, perhaps as many as ten, and John D. Rockefeller has under consideration a medical research institute for New York city to equal in cost and scope the Rush Institute in Chicago. It is an interesting fact concerning all of these gifts that while many of them are to causes outside all churches, the funds for them are given, in fully seventy-five per cent of the total, by persons inside of the churches. The Church Economist estimates the cost of maintenance of all churches in America to be \$300,000,000 a year. Not only do Christian people give almost all of this vast sum, but they also give only \$5,000,000 of the \$100,000,000 to causes outside of the churches each year.

It is impossible to say how much it costs each year to maintain all Roman Catholic churches in America, including the building of new churches. The church keeps no record of such expenditures, save as each parish keeps its own. Not all Protestant bodies compile such tables of expenditures. Among these are the Methodists, and the table that follows, Methodist figures are estimates; the others actual. All are for church maintenance, missions, repairs and new structures: Methodist Episcopal all bodies \$24,000,000; Presbyterian, North 17,513,377; Protestant Episcopal all 15,871,165; Baptist, all bodies 13,965,267; Lutheran, all bodies 11,757,540; Congregational, all 10,661,492.

The income of the church of England, all sources save contributions for missions, is officially given at \$25,767,785 for the year 1902, the last published to date.

Almost all Christian bodies, in all countries, have missionary societies for the prosecution of work in foreign countries, but it is only in America, Canada and Australia, where immigrants are creating new communities,

that home missionary societies are found. The great missionary societies foreign and home, had incomes last year aggregating \$20,000,000. The income of the foreign societies was \$20,285,067. Great Britain leads other nations in amounts contributed to foreign missions. The income of the British societies last year was \$8,347,065, of the American \$5,488,848, the Continental Europe \$3,258,190, the one Roman Catholic society \$1,519,608, and of the Canadian \$1,333,748. The income of all home mission societies, which was about \$13,000,000, by no means represents all that was expended last year for home missions. It is merely the sum reported by the great societies. There are in Europe, and especially in Great Britain, vast sums collected and spent each year for home missions, but these sums are reported with other income and expenditure of the various religious bodies. The income of all home mission societies in the United States last year was \$7,100,000.

Some of the same lack of system that obtains in the compilation of data concerning American benevolence obtains also concerning data of missionary benevolence. The totals must be estimated in many cases. The American board of Boston has, for some years, published in an almanac which it issues data concerning foreign mission receipts. The table for 1903, just issued, is at least \$800,000 in error, and perhaps more. It gives the Methodist societies receipts of \$1,749,218, and includes the entire sum in foreign missions, whereas \$200,000 in round home missions receipts. A similar error occurs concerning the Episcopal figures. These facts are not at all critical of the tables of the American board, but rather to show the lack of system that obtains in the compilation of this data. Following are names, character and income last year of the principal missionary societies of the world:

Church Missionary society, England	\$1,755,310
Methodist society, United States, home and foreign	1,749,218
Propagation of the faith, Roman Catholic, foreign	1,319,608
Presbyterian, home and foreign, United States	1,293,321
Presbyterian, foreign board, United States	1,049,549
London Missionary society, Congregational, foreign	998,911
Protestant Episcopal board, home and foreign, United States	864,704
Propagation of the Gospel, England, foreign	762,650
American Lutheran societies, foreign	745,580
American board, Congregational, all, foreign	740,777
American Baptist Missionary union, foreign	727,767
Wesleyan Missionary society, England, foreign	691,415
American Lutheran societies, home	654,300
Congregational Home societies, United States	642,250
American Baptist Home Missionary society	600,660
United Free Church of Scotland, land, Presbyterian, foreign	441,311
Baptist Missionary society, England, foreign	450,012
Methodist Church South, United States, foreign	398,728
Zionist society, England and Canada, foreign	283,695
China Inland mission, England and Canada	257,632
Disciples of Christ, United States, home	244,367
Southern Baptist convention, United States, foreign	218,512
Baptist Publication society, United States, home	211,064
Disciples of Christ, United States, foreign	210,000
United Presbyterian board, United States	193,000
Presbyterian church, South, United States, foreign	167,960
Presbyterian, home and foreign, United States, home	158,496
Universities mission to Central Africa, England	151,856
Church of Scotland, Presbyterian, foreign	149,312
Adventists, United States, foreign	144,000
Presbyterian church, England, foreign	132,550
Zionist Bible and Medical missions, England, foreign	132,065
Regions beyond Missionary union, England, foreign	125,000
Friends' Foreign Missions association, England	122,000
Mormon missions, United States and America, foreign	108,026
Southern Baptist convention, United States	100,450

It requires a thorough medical education to appreciate and understand the womanly organism.

CONFIDE IN A MAN.

When a woman hasills and pains she cannot help but feel dark for every woman, she should confide in a physician of standing in the community, or one who has a national reputation. Certainly it would not be the part of wisdom to confide in an ignorant person without medical education simply because she is a woman. There is every reason why she should write to a specialist, particularly to one who has made the diseases of women a specialty for a third of a century, like Dr. R. V. Pierce, founder of the Invariable Remedy, of Buffalo, N. Y. All his correspondence is held secretly confidential, and he gives his advice free and without charge.

SINGLE AND MARRIED WOMEN

very often find that it is repugnant to their feelings to consult their family physician. In such a case they can put perfect confidence in Dr. Pierce, who has made such a success in the treatment of women's diseases, that he will give you the very best advice possible, and without cost to you. To grow beautiful, healthy and happy should be the desire of every woman. It is then possible to hold a husband and make home happy and bring contentment to it. Mrs. H. M. Rude, of Seigrist Street, Newark, N. Y., writes: "I am much pleased with what your treatment has done for me. I suppose you thought I was a 'fake' because I did not write to you before, but I have been giving you medicine a long time. Am I the third belle and when I began to take it could not walk across the floor nor get up or down from a chair without help. The doctors here said I would never be well again; that the uterus had become hard, and unless I had an operation would never be any better. 'Prescription' and before I had taken two bottles was able to do my own work, except my walking, and now I do that and take in boarders, too. I cannot say enough in your praise, and would advise every woman who suffers with female troubles to give it a trial, as I have done, for it certainly is a blessing to the sex."

HOW TO KEEP YOUTH AND BEAUTY

One great secret of youth and beauty for the young woman or the mother is the proper understanding of her womanly system and well-being. Every woman, young or old, should know herself and her physical make-up. A good way to arrive at this knowledge is to get a good doctor book, such as for instance as "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," by R. V. Pierce, M. D., which can readily be prepared by sending twenty-one cents in one-cent stamps for paper bound volume, or thirty-one stamps for cloth-bound copy, by addressing Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



Girls With Beautiful Faces, or Graceful Figures.

AMERICAN girls have a world-wide reputation for beauty, but, at the same time, there are girls in our cities who possess neither beauty of face nor form, because in these instances they suffer from nervousness, the result of disorders of the womanly organism. At regular intervals they suffer so much that their strength leaves them; they are so prostrated that it takes days for them to recover their strength. Of course, such periodic distress has its bad effect on the nervous system. The withered and drawn faces, the dark circles and crows-feet over the eyes, the straight figure without those curves which lend so much to feminine beauty, are the unmistakable signs of womanly disorders. The young girl should study how to make herself more attractive; how to overcome those bodily ills that pull her down. Mrs. Langtry has well said: "The keystone to physical beauty is perfect health. A sick woman cannot be a beautiful woman, nor can she be anything but what we English call a poor-spirited woman. To a great extent a woman's beauty is measured by her vitality—by her health." A famous specialist in woman's diseases, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has always advocated for young women's happiness absolute freedom from care and anxiety; at least eight hours' sleep out of every twenty-four, in addition a short nap in the middle of the day, if possible. Simple indoor exercises or brisk walks in the open-door air. For some time it is impossible, and many are crowded to a continual in-door life because of disease of the womanly organs. To these is offered \$500 reward if they cannot be cured of Leucorrhoea, Female Weakness, Troubles, or Falling of Womb. All Doctor Pierce asks is a fair and reasonable trial of his means of cure.

No other medicine for the cure of woman's peculiar ailments is backed by such a remarkable guarantee as Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. No other medicine for woman's ills is possessed of the unparalleled curative properties that would warrant its makers in publishing such an offer; no other remedy has such a record of a third of a century of cures on which to base such a remarkable offer.

There is every reason why women should not trust their delicate constitutions in the hands of unskilled persons.

THE SPOON SPEECH

Was Found By Library Official After a Long Search.

How Seekers For Knowledge Bother Officials In Washington.

Washington, Jan. 6.—"Where can I find 'The Spoon Speech' made in Congress by a representative named Ogile?" was an inquiry from a thoughtful student of affairs, who went to the library of congress a few days ago and was referred to Dr. Roland P. Falkner, who is in charge of the division of documents. The detective-like methods by which librarians find things, often the occasion of surprise and comment, are suggested by this case. The list of men who have served in the congress of the United States was searched for the name of "Ogile" and his term of service was successfully established. The next step was to look up his speeches. There was no Congressional Record in the days of Ogile, giving an impartial stenographic report of the proceedings of congress, edited only as much as the participant himself desired, but instead the floor and made an abusive speech in relation to the reforming of the White House. For several days he gained the floor at intervals and each time the Globe contented itself with the statement that he made abusive remarks. This was not sufficient for the librarian's purpose and he next turned to a catalogue of some Whig pamphlets which were published by a Whig committee in Boston at about that time. The first search even here failed, but on a second survey the whole thing came to light. The "regal speech" which included a criticism of the administration of President Jackson, and on that account the name "spoon" was applied by the opponents. He also criticized President Jackson or Van Buren, whichever it was, for having a billiard table. Van Buren bills were taken up item by item and criticized.

The question recently came up in regard to the date of the original resolution. Two different dates are used by writers of prominence and the question arose not only as to which is right, but how the other happened to gain currency. The fact was quickly ascertained by reference to the journal of the United States senate. The inaccuracy was then traced to Benton's Debates, where the Debates of Congress, in which there had been an obvious misprint. But as this work served as the basis for the historical writers, than the original journal, its error has been widely disseminated.

Since this case, a man division of the library desired to know the date of the publication of a certain map in its possession which was marked "Executive Document 326," but without further identification. All maps were then made outside the government printing office. The name of the lithographer was obtained and by reference to the directories of the city of Washington the perfect establishment during which he was in business. Then it was merely a question of looking up all the documents numbered 326 during that period until the one to which this map related could be found. The plan was to have the man and on that hinged an important question of title. The practice which prevails in the house when it is in committee of the whole, of discussing every subject under the sun except the one theoretically under consideration, greatly disturbs the librarians in their search for hidden treasures. As far as possible success has been made in congress in the past, the library under their real subject or subjects, but to cover all the work of the last fifty years in the period would be an almost endless task.

The hardest questions which the library is called upon to answer are those relating to fortunes left to distant heirs for which claims have not been made. Not long ago the question came in regard to a large fortune left by a prominent English peerage, which had been disposed of. The National Encyclopedia of Biography showed that this prelate had left less than \$4000 in American money, and that this was disposed of by will. It was, therefore, easy to answer this question. Not long ago somebody wanted to know the date of the Philadelphia Convention in the senate in August, 1896. The librarian did not content him by recording the fact that Mr. Beveridge was not then a senator, and that in 1896 the senate was not in session in August. The same purpose for which persons seek the same information are often strangely diverse. A man came into the library one day and asked for a book which had been delivered on another occasion. The work of the Congressional Library is more and more developing into a study of how to find things. This is the age of the bibliography and the card catalogue and the index. Almost everything under the sun has been printed, and the great question before the scholars of the world is to know where and how to find it. The Library of Congress is not a question-and-answer bureau, except for congressmen for whom it is especially intended; but it is glad to assist everybody who asks for bibliographical help—that is, where he can find in books what he needs. A. P. C. Griffin, formerly of the Boston public library, now in charge of the division of bibliography, has prepared lists of books—with references to periodicals—on a wide variety of subjects. His latest treatise is on the Philippine Islands, and comprises 412 pages. It records documents, 45 consular reports and 570 magazines. This shows how fully the Philippine Islands have been "written up."

The list of books is provided with two indexes—an author index and a subject index. It is, however, merely a list of books and magazines in the Library of Congress, and is much less comprehensive than that of Dr. Traversa of Manila, a Filipino, who has for years been accumulating titles for a bibliography of the Philippines in all literature in existence. The titles which he has accumulated have been placed at the disposal of our government for publication, and form a work

The Ultimatum

Analysts and connoisseurs have long ago agreed that

Hunter
Baltimore
Rye

is an absolutely pure whiskey, of perfect maturity and of a perfect flavor.

It is particularly recommended to women because of its excellence.

From Palace to Prison

NURSE BELL looks after the children of the Princess of Wales. She wants fashions for children's coats and sends stamps for The Delineator.

Some faithful friend has subscribed to The Delineator for a man condemned to life imprisonment in Sing Sing for murder.

This wonderful contrast means that there is something in The Delineator for the entire human family from the palace even to the prison.



The Delineator

From a hundred attention-compelling features, in the February issue—out to-day—here are three:

MRS. OSBORN

THE RENOWNED NEW YORK DRESSMAKER

contributes her letter, giving the real essentials of the latest fashions. She discusses especially the 1830 skirt, its length, shape and hang. Mrs. Osborn can make gowns for only a few; thousands will get the benefit of her ideas from The Delineator. This letter is in addition to seventy new suggestions of our own designers and artists. If you wish to suggest ideas to those who make your dresses, or if you make garments for yourself, your children or others, a subscription to The Delineator will bring you as guides the most reliable authorities on dress in this country.

Doctor Grace Peckham Murray tells how women may win back the beauty which was theirs and enhance that which they have. Any woman who underestimates

The Power of Her Beauty

and its desirability is lacking in some essential womanly trait. No such remarkable series of papers has ever been published. Every woman who wants to be attractive (and that ought to include every woman who reads these lines) should get The Delineator and read these papers.



Music is a Living, Breathing Thing

the living, daily life of the world's greatest songsters is of intense interest. In the February number the second of the prima donna series, describing the Home Life of the Great Favorites of Grand Opera, will be devoted to CALVE, to be followed by Melba in March, Sembrich in April and Nordica in May.

These are three of the reasons why you should get The Delineator for February. There are endless others: The Departments for making home more homelike. The Kitchen, with its practical duties and toothsome recipes. The Dining Room, the dressing of the table and the service. The furnishing of all the rooms, practically, inexpensively and artistically. Dainty bits of needlework of every kind. The physical and mental development of children. Sentals and short stories.

Of your newsdealer or any Butterick agent, or of the publishers, at 15 cents a copy; \$1.00 a year. THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING COMPANY, Limited, 7 West Thirtieth Street, New York

WE ARE AGENTS

For the Butterick Publishing Co.
February Delineator Now in Stock at the Pattern Counter.

Freimulke's

entitled "Bibliography, Philippine," first published as Part II of Senate Document No. 74. Fifty-seventh congress, second session, printed under the auspices of the Library of Congress and the Division of Insular Affairs, was issued separately by the Library as a companion to Mr. Griffin's list. There has been great difference in the number of calls for different bibliographies. Those on ship subsidies and the trusts have gone far into their second editions. The bibliography on the negro question has been in considerable demand. Second editions have also been ordered of bibliographies on industrial arbitration, labor and strikes, Anglo-Saxon interests, and old age and civil service pensions. These books are sold by the public printer at the cost of publication, and are given away under certain restrictions and in limited number by the Library itself. In addition to the formal bibliographies Mr. Griffin has prepared select lists of reference on various subjects, which have not yet assumed sufficient importance for published volume. These are made by a man-folding process on the typewriter, and whenever persons call for the information under such a head they are supplied with a copy. The Library of Congress is saving a great deal of work for smaller libraries throughout the country by its system for providing index cards for new books. It costs about 25 cents to prepare a card, it is estimated, but as the description of a book, according to modern method of classification, is essentially the same everywhere, it might as well be done at one place for all libraries. A standard size of card has been adopted, and the Library of Congress is already supplying 300 libraries with the card index. In addition a card catalogue of what the Congressional Library contains, as fast as it is made up, is kept on file in the libraries of twenty-four cities of the country, so that students may know the resources of the national library in case they cannot find what they want at home. A number of prominent libraries—like that at Harvard—send a carbon copy of their orders for books to Washington. The authorities here check off the books on the list, which are already in the library, and for which cards can be provided, and also those which will be ordered. The Harvard authorities then need only to supply cards for the rest. In such ways as these the Library of Congress is fulfilling its great functions as a national institution.

GAYNOR SENDS CHECK.

Fugitive From Justice Reimburses His Bondsmen.

New York, Jan. 6.—Ex-Mayor W. B. Kirk, of Syracuse, now a guest at the Hoffman house, is reported to have excited a check for \$40,000 payable to his order and bearing the signature of J. F. Gaynor.

Months ago Mr. Kirk signed a bail bond for Mr. Gaynor, who had been indicted for conspiracy in the frame connected with government works in the Canada and a demand was made on Mr. Kirk for the \$40,000. He refused to pay, and suit was brought. The suit was won, an execution was issued and then Mr. Kirk settled.

When Gaynor saw that the bond must be paid he was glad to have sent his check to his bondsmen.

Mr. Wm. S. Crane, of California, Md., suffered for years from rheumatism and lumbago. He was finally advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which he did and it cured him. The balm is for sale by all druggists.



Karo
CORN SYRUP

The Great Spread for Daily Bread.

Foreign Markets Are Strong—Flax Makes an Advance.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.	
No. 1 northern wheat, 6600 bus.	80.54
No. 1 northern, 1 car	85
No. 1 northern, 1 car	85
No. 3 spring, 1 car	79.70
No. 3 spring, 1 car	80
No. 3 spring, 1 car	79.70
Becked, 2 cars	77
Oats, 1 car, no grade	45
Rye, 1 car	54
Barley, 1 car	40
Barley, 1 car	42
Flax, 8 cars cash	1.23
Flax, 8 cars cash	1.02
Flax, 5000 bus to arrive	1.02
Flax, 2000 bus to arrive	1.02

Wheat Much Excited and Con- siderably Higher.

2 to 2½ cents higher this morning, although when the price remained within moderate limits. The covering of shorts was

Rice corn, shelled..	6
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Chickens	12
Hens	10
Ducks	14
Turkeys	16

It isn't how much cold cream a woman puts on her face but how much Rocky Mountain Tea she takes inside that brings out real beauty. Rocky Mountain Tea complexions stay. 35

on short side. Western operators were heavy sellers. Seems to be extensive short interest in Baltimore & Ohio, but practically all Grangers and Pacifics were sold. Chicago operators seemed to be

can, but the secretary and other officials have not been advised of a sale of stock and no transfer has been made in the books. His friends here do not believe the story told by the Muskogee correspondent to be true, but to make sure are writing him today.

The progress has just been marked the past year, but the old record has not yet been equalled. The creamery

...

[illegible]

YOU WON'T WAIT LONG, MR. EMPLOYER!

Capable people in any line will quickly respond to your brief request in The Herald's Classified Columns. THOSE LITTLE "WANT ADS." GET A BIG HEARING. ONE CENT A WORD. TRY THEM.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

European Owner Wishes to Sell Property Cheap.

\$7250 Thoroughly modern house with bath, new furnace, land 75x140 feet on Second street, near Second avenue east. Actual value, buildings, \$10,000. Land, \$2000. Total, \$12,000.

\$3200 Nine-room house, water and sewer, in one of the best locations on West Third street, in West End. Actual value, house, \$3500; land, \$2000. Total, \$5500.

\$1100 Lot 60 by 140 feet on upper side of London road, near 15th avenue east. Actual value, \$1500.

\$3650 First floor, near Third avenue east. Actual value, \$500.

W. M. PRINGLE & CO., First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN

On improved city property—6 per cent interest—3 or 5 years' time. On or before privilege.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO., 220 West Superior St.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 27th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of George S. Chambliss, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Harriet Woodward Chambliss, executrix of the estate of George S. Chambliss, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be set for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 25th day of January, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 29th day of December, A. D. 1903.

J. B. MIDDLECOFF, Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-30-Jan-6-1904.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.

In Probate Court, Special Term, December 27th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of Augustus Crocker, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John T. Crocker, executor of the estate of Augustus Crocker, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 25th day of January, A. D. 1904, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 29th day of December, A. D. 1903.

J. B. MIDDLECOFF, Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-30-Jan-6-1904.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 27th, 1903.

In the Matter of the Estate of William E. Shover, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Vachel Worthington Anderson, executor of the estate of William E. Shover, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

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No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

DO YOU NEED MONEY? DO YOU NEED MONEY?

We make loans on horses, wagons, furniture and pianos, etc. Any amount required. Also to salaried people without security. Lowest rates. Confidential treatment. Call and investigate our methods.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY, 321 Manhattan Bldg.

Bell phone 753-R. Zenith phone 935.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE.

PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

We make a specialty of loans from \$10 to \$100. We also make loans on salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, insurance or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.

MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY, 26 Palumbo Bldg. New phone 833.

CASH IN ANY AMOUNTS ON PIANOS, furniture or salary. Don't let other advertisements mislead you. Get our rates before making loans elsewhere. Quick and confidential. Call and investigate our methods. Zenith phone 701. 301 Palumbo Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, jewelry, and all kinds of valuables. From \$1 up to \$1000. The old and reliable pawnbroker. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Money & Underhill, 20 Exchange Bldg.

COONEY LOANED ON SHOT GUNS, rifles and revolvers. We guarantee to loan good care of your firearms and hold them one year. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

CLOTHES REPAIRING.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER; CLEANING, pressing and repairing; work guaranteed. L. Levitt, 111 Second Ave. Phone 66-M.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pearly Tooth Paste is the BEST. Safe, Reliable, Tasteless. In every drug store. Ask your druggist Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

DRESSMAKING.

MISS STEWART has opened her fashionable dressmaking establishment and is now receiving orders for winter dresses. Call on her at 1212 East Seventh street.

FARM LANDS.

FARM LANDS NEAR DULUTH IN tracts of forty acres or more, for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranteed Farm Land Company, 40 Lyeum building, Duluth, Minn.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

COMPETENT MEN AND BOYS MAY be placed in any line of work through the employment department of the Young Men's Christian association, for office, store, factory and other work. Reliable service. Call on or write to this office. Zenith phone 701.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

F.M. A.M. P.M. A.M. P.M.

3:50 7:45 Lv. Duluth. Ar. 10:30 3:40

4:20 8:15 Lv. Duluth. Ar. 10:00 3:10

6:15 10:00 Lv. Duluth. Ar. 8:01 12:15

10:40 Ar. N. Minn. Iron. Lv. 12:20

7:07 10:35 Ar. Virginia. Lv. 7:42 12:57

10:50 Ar. Sparta. Lv. 12:34

11:20 Ar. Ewald. Lv. 12:12

6:54 11:05 Ar. Hibbing. Lv. 7:15 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R.R.

A.M. P.M. STATIONS. A.M. P.M.

7:30 3:15 Lv. Duluth. Ar. 12:00 3:00

11:58 7:28 Ar. Virginia. Lv. 8:03 2:49

11:58 7:28 Ar. Ewald. Lv. 8:03 2:49

11:58 7:28 Ar. Hibbing. Lv. 8:03 2:49

11:58 7:28 Ar. Sparta. Lv. 8:03 2:49

11:58 7:28 Ar. Duluth. Lv. 8:03 2:49

F.M. P.M. Daily, except Sunday.

Two City Express ready at 9 a. m. Office: Sealing House.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

Only Ticket Office, apt. Spaulding Hotel Block. Bell Phone 111. All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

6:30 p. m. Lv. North County Mall. Ar. 9:55 a. m. All from City.

7:45 a. m. Lv. LOCAL. Ar. 1:00 p. m. Daily, except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave Duluth. Arrive Duluth.

6:00 a. m. St. Paul. 11:00 a. m. Duluth.

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No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

PATENTS obtained for INVENTORS. J. T. Watson, specialist, Palumbo building.

FOR SALE—CHEAP.

Lots for sale cheap. This place will come before you. Quick money to be made by buying these lots. Inquire of J. H. SHARP, No. 12 N. W. 1st St. S. W.

LOGGING HORSES—A large assortment constantly on hand; also farm horses, general purpose horses and drivers. Look over our stock before purchasing elsewhere. The largest assortment to be found in the entire Northwest. BARNARD & ZIMMERMAN, Railway Horse Market, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR SALE—HORSES. We have just received two carloads of horses from the Northwest. Call at 49 Lonsdale street, between Superior and First streets, near Sixth avenue west, LYCEUM and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street. Old phone 106-K. New phone 81.

FOR SALE—GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY, paying a good profit, with living room in rear. A snap for some one. Address E. 13, Herald.

FOR SALE—SET-UP HEAVY DOUBLE harness, in first class condition. 201 Exeter street.

FOR SALE—NO. 4 UNDERWOOD typewriter in first-class condition. Good looking in rear. Address 102 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT FURNITURE, or partner wanted with a small cash location. Call at 76 West Superior street, days.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—ONE COOK STOVE in good condition, 10 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BIRCH WOOD, and hauled. Call at 49 Lonsdale street, or phone 64 Torrey building, W. C. Sherwood & Co.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—ONE FIFTEEN horsepower horizontal boiler, up right engine. Good as new. E. J. Nelson, 2 East Superior street. New phone 25.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH a carload of fresh milk cows Wednesday, Jan. 7, 1904, at 10 a. m. among them, 1212 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—SET OF HEAVY DOUBLE harness, in first class condition. 201 Exeter street.

GO TO THE CITY WOOD YARD and get the best wood, best measure and best prices. S. M. Crandall, Prop.

FOR SALE—HEAVY TON OF HORSES and harness. Call at 49 Lonsdale street, between Superior and First streets, near Sixth avenue west, LYCEUM and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

POULTRY SUPPLIES, GRIT, OYSTERS, fresh, Minnesota green chow, Conkey's soup, cured, poultry, remedies, etc. J. W. Nelson, 2 East Superior street.

JUST RECEIVED, A CARLOAD of general purpose draft horses. L. Hammond & Co.

UPHOLSTERING.

FINE UPHOLSTERING, furniture, repairing of all kinds, chair caning. Furniture cleaning, twelve years' experience. 1212-14. Goods bought, sold and exchanged.

CARRIAGE TRIMMING and recovering. E. J. Nelson, 2 East Superior street. Old phone 1212-14. Goods bought, sold and exchanged.

FOR UPHOLSTERING and mattress making call at 541 Fourth street. J. J. Thels. Old phone 745-S.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

AND WATCH REPAIRING. M. HENRIKSON, Jeweler Co., 24 W. Superior St.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECIALTY. Chimneys built and repaired. 252 West Third street. New phone 116.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE COLLECTORS AND LIENS. Insurance written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies, underhill & Underhill, 20 Exchange building.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIENS. optical examinations and eye prescriptions. 106 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 27 East Superior street. Both phones.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT TOP FLOOR BURROUGHS BLDG. Best work. Moderate prices.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARPET cleaning and rug works. 1908 West Michigan St. New phone 814. Old 703-S.

CLAIRVOYANT.

ARRIVED, PROF. LE ROY, EMINENT clairvoyant and palmist, gives advice on all matters of business, speculation, health, love, courtship, marriage, domestic troubles and in fact all affairs of life. Hours 9 to 6. Parlors, 505 Tower avenue, Superior, Wt.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 426-S.

MINES AND MINING.

A 4, or a 4 1/2 INTEREST IN FINE placer mine, located in Itasca county for sale cheap. R. B. Higgins, 312 Germania Life building, St. Paul, Minn.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—LOCAL FIRM OR MAN willing to become interested in a good paying local business. Address H. 51.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale, call on our agency. A. 313 Bank of Commerce Bldg. Minneapolis, Minn.

LAND FREE! SEND STAMP FOR INFORMATION. S. J. Levering, agent, Germania Life, St. Paul, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 215 West 3rd St. Inquire 505 Burrows building.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 402 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 256 West First street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR small family. 1426 Jefferson street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework. 1125 East Third St. First street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1113 7th Tenth street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR PRIVATE boarding house. 615 West Superior St.

WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 16 TO ASSIST in housework. Inquire at 224 South Nineteenth avenue East.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. At 225 Fourteenth avenue East.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and general help. Thoroughly experienced. Address E. Wimmer, 305 Dearborn, Chicago.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E. near Avenue.

EYE WITNESSES TELL THE CORNER OF THE HORRORS OF CHICAGO THEATER FIRE

The Official Inquiry Into the Awful Disaster Begins.

To Be Most Searching Investigation Known In Chicago.

Testimony of Two Hundred Witnesses to Be Heard.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—The coroner's inquest over the remains of the victims of the Iroquois theater began in the city council chamber today. The coroner's official list of dead, "for use at the inquest," contains just 535 names. Previous police reports are declared now to be inaccurate, and due to the shifting of bodies from one morgue to another.

Preparations were complete for the most searching inquiry into the causes of the greatest public calamity that Chicago has ever known. Coroner Traeger presided over the investigation, with States Attorney Deneen, or one of his assistants, in constant attendance as the coroner's legal representative, and the corporation counsel, the county attorney, a score of lawyers representing private interests, and numerous officials of the fire and police departments taking part in the inquiry.

It is estimated that it will require at least six days for the jury to hear the testimony of the 200 or more witnesses. Provision of the law that the jury shall view the bodies over which the inquest is held having already been complied with, the coroner's inquest was held at once upon the examination of the witnesses to determine the cause of the fire and the responsibility for the loss of life. Technically the inquest is held over the body of Miss Mary Edna Torney and 534 others.

Deputy Coroner Buckley knew Miss Torney and arrived on the fire a few minutes after her body had been carried out. He was able to locate the body. The check to her clothing, precise evidence can, therefore, be deduced as to the circumstances of her death, and these circumstances will be interpreted to apply in general to the 534 others. Although some died of asphyxiation, some of burns and some from concussion, the jury will find that death in each of the 535 cases resulted from "shocks and injury." The jury will sign a separate verdict for each victim.

For the task of fixing the responsibility for the great loss of life, States Attorney Deneen instructed Coroner Traeger to establish the identity, if possible, of some person or persons who died at the end of the passage leading south from the entrance of the second balcony. The locked door cut off the escape of hundreds, whose bodies were found against the fireproofed door. The coroner has succeeded in gathering this evidence.

Mrs. B. K. Strong, of Chicago, and her niece, Vera Strong, of Amesbury, Ga., died at the foot of the stairway.

Charles M. Schwab, ex-president of the United States Steel corporation, took the stand today in the hearing to make permanent the receivership over the United States Shipbuilding company to tell of his connection with the sale of the Bethlehem Steel company to the shipyards concern.

The attendance at the hearing, which had fallen off during the first two days, was greatly increased today. Interesting testimony being expected from the man who arranged the sale of the plant from J. P. Morgan & Co. to the United States Shipbuilding company, the arrangement being such, Receiver Smith alleges, that the shipbuilding company has been unable to control the Bethlehem company or gain possession of its earnings to keep the shipbuilding company from insolvency.

Counsel, Untermyer, for the complainant bondholders' Protective association, immediately began the examination of witnesses.

Mr. Schwab gave his age as 41, and said he had at present no occupation, having ceased to be president of the United States Steel corporation. He had no connection, executive or advisory, with the Bethlehem Steel company at this time, he said, though he had "an enormous pecuniary interest in that company." He severed his connection with the management of the company on account of his going abroad in 1902.

His whole life, he said, had been connected with the steel industry.

"You are considered the leading expert in that line, are you not?" asked.

"I do not take that honor to myself," he answered.

"Has there not been a period of inflation in the steel business during the last five years?"

"There has been a period of good demand."

"But am asking about inflation of values of property?"

"So far as properties with which I am connected are concerned, there has



CHARLES M. SCHWAB, Who Is on the Stand Explaining the Sale of the Bethlehem Steel Company to the United States Shipbuilding Co.

The story of their death before the locked exit has been told to the coroner by James M. Strong, a son of the elder victim, Mr. Strong, who is a board of trade clerk, consented to testify.

The arrest of William J. Maher and George Nagle, which took place today, is considered important by Coroner Traeger in connection with the investigation. The men were employed by a sub-contractor of the Fuller Construction company. According to the police, the men say they nailed down the ventilators on the roof of the theater over the stage, and that an examination would show that the skylight frame had never been removed. In other words, the safety vents for a fire on the stage were never operated, even experimentally, and every audience that ever sat in the Iroquois theater, from the day the theater was opened, had been in imminent danger of roasting to death, whenever a fire broke out.

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NEW PRESIDENT OF THE UNION PACIFIC.

Japanese Have Taken the Reply Under Consideration.

May Conclude to Continue Negotiations With Russia.

Russia Seeks Permission to Pass Fleet Through Dardanelles.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 7.—The war ministry has received a dispatch from Tokyo saying that Baron De Rosen, the Russian minister, presented Russia's reply to the Japanese cabinet yesterday.

Tokyo, Jan. 7.—The government is silent concerning the terms of the Russian rejoinder. A high authority here, however, says that the reply is unsatisfactory to Japan, especially in its features bearing upon the question of Korea. He says that the Russian government in its communication, expresses a desire for a peaceful settlement of the matters in dispute. Japan has taken the reply under consideration and is convinced that Russia's protestations are honest and that there is a chance for peace, she will continue the negotiations. At the same time the ministry is unqualifiedly opposed to a long delay.

London, Jan. 7.—No further news from St. Petersburg has been received this morning at the Japanese legation. The Japanese minister, Baron Hayashi, says he feels sure that the Japanese railroad could refuse to transport Russian troops from Chemulpo to Seoul, as reported, nor, if it did, what object would be gained, for the Russians could easily go to Seoul on foot.

Consols today touched \$6 13-16, another low water mark. The Rothschilds say this appears to be entirely due to apprehension of war between Russia and Japan and not to fear that

Great Britain will be involved in the fighting.

At their annual meetings all banks are announcing that they have written down their holdings of consols to \$5.

Washington, Jan. 7.—United States Minister Allen at Seoul, Korea, has called the state department under today's date that the Russian minister, who were landed at Chemulpo and were refused transportation to Seoul over the Japanese railway, have reached the capital marching overland.

Paris, Jan. 7.—A dispatch to the battle from Constantinople says Russia is negotiating with Turkey to permit her Black Sea fleet, said to consist of seventy-six ships to pass the Dardanelles.

Trest, Jan. 7.—The Russian cruiser Almaz of 235 tons, leaves here tomorrow for the far east.

It is becoming apparent that Japan would resent any intervention upon the part of any of the outside powers in the extremity of the crisis. It is thought possible here that the United States might intervene, which intervention, the Japanese say would be unjust and only create delay which would be advantageous to Russia.

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THE RESPONSE OF RUSSIA IS UNSATISFACTORY TO JAPAN ESPECIALLY AS TO KOREA

Japanese Have Taken the Reply Under Consideration.

May Conclude to Continue Negotiations With Russia.

Russia Seeks Permission to Pass Fleet Through Dardanelles.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 7.—The war ministry has received a dispatch from Tokyo saying that Baron De Rosen, the Russian minister, presented Russia's reply to the Japanese cabinet yesterday.

Tokyo, Jan. 7.—The government is silent concerning the terms of the Russian rejoinder. A high authority here, however, says that the reply is unsatisfactory to Japan, especially in its features bearing upon the question of Korea. He says that the Russian government in its communication, expresses a desire for a peaceful settlement of the matters in dispute. Japan has taken the reply under consideration and is convinced that Russia's protestations are honest and that there is a chance for peace, she will continue the negotiations. At the same time the ministry is unqualifiedly opposed to a long delay.

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Never before a sale like this in Duluth. Come and see.

THIS sale has no kinship to the many weak-kneed bargain offerings always in evidence at this season of the year.

The Great Eastern
M. S. BURROWS

WE must make room for the carpenters and builders. Our entire store is to be remodeled and to do this room must be made for workmen.

MID-WINTER CLEARANCE SALE

Our immense stock of shoes for men, women, children must and will be reduced. These prices will do it.

Clearance Sale Men's Shoes.

Men's Shoes—Hanan's \$7.00 and \$8.00 Shoes—in enamel, cordovan and box calf, leather lined—per pair **\$4.98**

500 pairs Hanan's and Burrows' Bench made \$5.00 and \$6.00 shoes—the season's best sellers—during this sale **\$3.79**

375 pairs of Men's \$4.00 and \$4.50 shoes in box calf—velour of vici kid, wax calf, enamel and patent calf—during this sale for—per pair **\$2.79**

200 pairs of Men's \$3.00 and \$3.50 Shoes—in kangaroo calf, box calf, vici kid and enamel leather—during this sale—per pair **\$1.98**

250 pair of Men's all-solid wax calf Shoes—\$2.00 values—reduced to per pair **\$1.48**

Men's \$1.50 light weight work-ing shoes—reduced to—per pr. **98c**

Clearance Sale of Boys' Shoes.

100 pairs of boys' Dugan & Hudson shoes, in wax calf, vici kid and patent calf—regular \$3.50 shoes, at **\$2.48**

75 pairs of boys' Dugan & Hudson shoes, in wax calf, vici kid and patent calf—regular \$3 values—reduced to **\$1.98**

Broken lines in Burrows' Great-Wear School Shoes, \$2 and \$2.50 values—reduced to, per pair **\$1.48**

Boys' all solid School Shoes—worth \$1.75—reduced to, per pair **\$1.23**

Little Gents' all solid calf Shoes—\$1.25 values—sizes 8½ to 13—reduced to, per pair **98c**

25 per cent discount on all Men's and Women's Holiday Slippers. Men's \$1.25 Storm Alaskas 98c. Women's \$1 Storm Alaskas 88c.

Clearance Sale Women's Shoes

Broken lines of Women's Hanan and Burrows' bench-made \$6.00 and \$7.00 shoes reduced to—per pair **\$4.98**

200 pairs of Women's patent kid, vici kid, welt and turn lace and button shoes—this season's best sellers—regular \$5.00 shoes—reduced to, a pair **\$3.79**

150 pairs of Women's lace and button shoes—regular \$3 and \$3.50 shoes reduced to **\$2.48**

Women's all-solid shoes, in kid and calfskin—\$2.00 and \$2.50 values—reduced to, pair **\$1.79**

Three lines of Misses' Dongola kid button shoes, latest styles—\$1.75 and \$2.00 values—reduced to, **\$1.35** per pair

Women's fine Dress Slippers—\$5.00 values—in patent kid—dongola kid, and plain—reduced to, per **\$3.48**

Suits You All Know--Stein-Bloch--In This Sale

The Free Choice of 3000

Men's \$18, \$16.50 and \$15

Suits and Overcoats

FOR \$8.88

Union Made For Union Men.

The Free Choice of 4000

Men's \$30, \$25 and \$20

Suits and Overcoats

FOR \$14.50

Stein-Bloch Overcoats 20% Discount.

INDICTMENTS ARE RETURNED

Seven Are Brought Into Court By the Grand Jury.

The first batch of indictments in the present term of district court, seven in number, were returned by the grand jury this morning.

Michael Jordan and William Keenan, who were arrested by the local police charged with stealing two deer carcasses belonging to Michael Gleason, from the rear of a building at 294 Lake avenue south, the night of Nov. 14 last, are indicted for grand larceny in the second degree on two counts for grand larceny in the second degree. It is charged that they stole snuff and tobacco the value of \$25 from the Johnson & Wentworth company, and rubbers in the value of \$20 from the Duluth Logging and Contracting company. The goods described were taken from a sleigh of camp supplies left overnight in front of the Palmer house on First street, Nov. 1 last.

Edward McAvoy is indicted for grand larceny in the second degree. It is charged that he stole an order for \$25.35 from Charles Gustafson the night of Nov. 9 last.

August Filippa is indicted for attempt to raise Lucy Veranda, a girl 14 years old, near Tower, Nov. 7 last.

Thomas Leland is indicted for grand larceny in the first degree, the charge against him being that he stole \$25 in money from Harvati McAlister, of this city, the night of Nov. 21 last.

ELECTRIC SHOCK.

Capt. James Sullivan Gets One That Takes His Senses.

Capt. James Sullivan, of the Board of Trade livery on West First street, who resides at 621 East Third street, was the victim of a severe electric shock late last evening.

Capt. Sullivan had retired for the night, but got up along toward midnight to answer a telephone call. Before stepping to the telephone he placed one hand on a steam radiator in the hall and reached for the electric light fixture to turn on the light. When his hands were in contact with both metals he received a shock that doubled him up and rendered him unconscious. Members of his family heard his fall and came to the captain's assistance. He was revived shortly after the accident and the only effect felt to-day is said to be extreme nervousness.

HEROIC TREATMENT

In Curing Connecticut Patients With Consumption.

Meriden, Conn., Jan. 7.—With the mercury 20 below zero Mrs. George Allworth and Miss Alice Flint slept Tuesday night in the open air on the veranda of their home.

Both were consumptives last July and their cases were declared hopeless.

As a last resort their physician advised sleeping in the open air. They have not slept a night indoors since.

Their physician says that both women have lost nearly all traces of tuberculosis and that three months more of the heroic treatment will cure them.

MT. COLIMA ACTIVE.

Inhabitants In Volcano's Vicinity Leave Their Homes.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—News from Guadalajara, Mexico, says: Violent eruptions of Mount Colima volcano have caused the inhabitants of the country immediately adjacent to the mountains to become alarmed. Many of the people have left their homes and sought safety from the ashes and lava. The most terrifying feature of the eruptions in the earthquake shocks, which are felt in the region of the volcano. The disturbances are of unusual severity, but no serious damage has been reported.

RECEIVERS APPOINTED.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 7.—It was announced here today that Vice Chancellor Emory has appointed James R. Clarke, of New York, and Charles E. Kimball, of Summit, N. J., receivers for the International Fire Engine company, a corporation, with plants in New York, Baltimore, Chicago, Cleveland, St. Paul and Elmira, N. Y., and other places. The liabilities are \$347,274, and assets \$35,350.

Extraordinary Offer.

The choice of our entire stock of men's shoes for \$3.50 a pair. Patent leathers, enamel vici kid and box calf. Strong & Garfield's and Stetson's makes. Nothing reserved, our entire stock at your disposal.

PHILLIPS & CO.

ECONOMY

in breadmaking means the use of **Commander Flour**
Which contains an unusual amount of gluten, and absorbs an extra quantity of water.
Use a smaller measure when baking with Commander Flour and obtain an extra large nutritious loaf of bread.
ALL GROCERS
Manufactured by Gregory, Cook & Co., Duluth, Minn.

ACCIDENT, HE SAYS

Charles Crump Claims Killing of Campbell Was Unintentional.

Coroner's Jury Does Not Place Much Faith In Story.

The death of Gordon Campbell was due to three bullet wounds fired by a gun held in the hands of Charles Crump, according to the verdict returned at the coroner's inquest held over the body this morning.

Crump claims the shooting of Campbell was accidental. At the inquest this morning he stated that he and Campbell had been drinking previous to the shooting. They were in the room together at the time. According to the statement of Crump, Campbell said that he was going to bed. Crump said that he was going out to get some more whisky.

He claims that he had a revolver which he wanted to trade to Campbell for some razors. Campbell, he said, was fingering the revolver and it went off.

"Here, that is not the way," Crump claims to have exclaimed, and took the revolver from Campbell. In the slight struggle which ensued for the possession of the gun, Crump claims that it exploded again.

The coroner's jury consisted of Coroner Downs, J. G. Le Blanc, William Lindley, John Bowser, Carl Nelson, J. McDonald and L. Brennan.

The jury visited the scene of the shooting and found the room in a considerable disorder. It had evidently been the scene of a struggle, as the furniture had been thrown about and the leg of the table smashed.

The gun was evidently held very close to Campbell's body, as the shirt was burned from the shot. The revolver, which was found in Crump's possession, was a 32-caliber Iver Johnson, and held three empty shells and one loaded one.

The prisoner wept freely on the way back to the station after the inquest, but since that time has remained quietly in his cell, with his head between his hands.

He will be arraigned in the municipal court for a preliminary hearing.

Two Separations Granted—More Evidence Required In Another.

Tables of family troubles and disorders were heard in two of the district court rooms today, the second day of the new term always being designated as "divorce day." Of three divorce actions heard this morning, decrees were granted in two of them, and the third case was continued until this afternoon to permit the plaintiff to get more evidence.

Alice M. Marlow was granted a legal separation from Arthur Marlow on the grounds of cruelty and habitual drunkenness.

A decree was granted Ida Sofia Wickman from Mathew Wickman, on the grounds of desertion.

In the case of Rose Berl against Arthur Berl, the wife was given a little more time to get corroborative testimony to her claim of desertion.

Two other divorce actions were called this morning, but the attorneys in the cases were busy about putting in an appearance, and the court ordered them stricken from the calendar.

SEVERE STOMACH TROUBLE CURED
I was troubled with a distress in my stomach, sour stomach and vomiting spells, and our faithful say that Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets cured me.—Mrs. T. W. McAuley, Laing, Mich.

These tablets are guaranteed to cure every case of stomach trouble of this character. For sale by all druggists.

PHILLIPS & CO.

MEN'S SHOES

ON SALE FRIDAY, JAN. 8, ONLY

\$3.50 A PAIR

Your choice of our entire stock of Men's \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00 Shoes—including Strong & Garfield, Stetson, Dizer and Thompson Brothers' High Grade Shoes—patents, enamels and vici kid leathers.

NOT A PAIR OF MEN'S SHOES IN

OUR ENTIRE STOCK RESERVED.

We mean exactly what we say. As proof of our good faith we will agree to donate to the Children's Home \$100 if this sale is not genuine in every particular.

NOT MORE THAN TWO PAIRS TO A CUSTOMER.

NO GOODS CHARGED.

NO GOODS LAID AWAY UNLESS PAID FOR.

PHILLIPS & CO.

PHILLIPS & CO.

FRIDAY SPECIALS FOR CAREFUL BUYERS

The Herald's Advertising Columns Tell You Where to Obtain the Best Things at Duluth Stores Day By Day—Read the Ads.

The big white sale continues at Frel-muth's.

Stein-Bloch suits are included in the sweepign reductions made by M. S. Burrows during the firm's annual mid-winter sale.

"A Friday Treat," says the Pantion & White Co.'s ad, telling of the many bargains in white sale.

T. W. McAuley & Co. continue to sell choice meats at cut prices.

Tomorrow—one day only—Phillips & Co. will sell all men's shoes at wonderful reductions.

French & Bassett have something specially good in the couch line.

The famous places on special sale tomorrow many bargains in women's shoes.

Exceptional bargains in suits and overcoats are offered by the Big Duluth during their present midwinter suit and overcoat sale.

OVERSEER HEARD

John Armstrong Testifies as to What His Duties Are.

Hearing In Action Testing Right of Board to Appoint.

The matter of an appeal by Benjamin F. Myers and eight other taxpayers of St. Louis county, from the allowance of the November bill of John Armstrong, the road overseer, by the board of county commissioners, came up before Judge Dibel, in room No. 1 in district court this morning. The matter was brought to the attention of the court to have him direct a time for the pleadings, after which Assistant County Attorney W. G. Crosby will file the papers in the appeal case.

When the case comes to trial during the present term of court it will be the attempt on the part of Mr. Armstrong to recover his claim of \$125 for the month of November last.

The question raised by the taxpayers who have applied to the county attorney for an appeal from the allowance of the overseer's bill is the authority of the board of county commissioners to appoint such an officer.

Mr. Armstrong was on the witness stand all the morning, and was not through when court adjourned at noon. Assistant County Attorney Crosby is conducting the questioning.

Mr. Armstrong was required to give an itemized account of the work he did for the county every day in November, and then was questioned in detail on some of the items. His testimony brought out that he has been continuously employed by the board of county supervisors for the past three years to look after county road matters and take care of the tools used in the road work and stored at the county poor farm when not in use, at a salary of \$5 per day.

Mr. Armstrong testified that he is always notified in advance of the date of the meetings of the county board, and always attends to give such information as may be desired. Questioned as to details of his work, Mr. Armstrong said that he has inspected the road work underway, advised and instructed the foreman and kept close watch that there should be no needless expenditure of money. He also checks up the bills for purchases of new tools and equipment, and checks these in and out when used by the different foremen to prevent loss to the county.

He claimed it was part of his duty to look after all disputed county road claims and straighten them out.

Mr. Armstrong said he did not have to wait for specific instructions from the county board to look after this or that matter, but it was understood from

TRIES TO KILL A POLICEMAN

Burly Negro Attempts to Commit Murder In Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Jan. 7.(Special to The Herald).—A burly negro made a deliberate and desperate attempt to murder a Minneapolis policeman last night.

Charles Struxton, living at 239 Sixth avenue north, was arrested by Police Sergeant Martin Ginsberg, a few days ago, and in a spirit of revenge, he planned to kill the officer.

Struxton met Patrolman Rickell last night and told him to send Ginsberg to Struxton's room. He then waited for his room armed himself and waited for Ginsberg.

Ginsberg and Rickell went to the room together. As soon as they were inside the room the negro locked the door and calmly told Ginsberg that he intended to kill him. Ginsberg tried to pacify the brute, but the negro suddenly swung a villainous looking club at Ginsberg's head. Rickell caught the club and the two officers fought desperately before they overpowered the negro and took him to the station.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box, 25c.

CHOICE MEATS AT CUT PRICES

No. 1 steer beef round, 8½c
Beef Pot Roast, per lb 10c, 8c, 6c
Small Pig Pork Loins, half or whole, per lb 10c
Pork Chops—per lb 10c
Mutton Stew—per lb 6c, 5c, 4c
Pork Sausage, 3 lbs 25c—per lb 10c
Plat Boiling Beef, 3½ lbs. \$1.00
Spare Ribs—per lb 8c
Pork Shoulders, per lb 8c
Front quarter Beef, lb. 4½c, 5c
No. 1 shoulder Steak, cut from corn-fed steers—3 lbs for 25c—per lb 10c
Hamburger Steak—3 lbs for 25c—per lb 10c
Armour's skinned Hams, all lean—half or whole—per lb 13c
Armour's Gold Brand Ham, nothing finer on the market, per lb 14c
Good Bacon, by the piece, a lb 15c

T. W. McAuley & CO.
Bridgeman & Russell Building.
Zenith phone 666—Duluth phone 66a.

"Come, give us a taste of your quality."—Hamlet.

Blatz WIENER
MILWAUKEE.

"The beer with an honest backing—quality. Has no equal in this or any other country."
(Signed) THE PUBLIC.
America's Authority on Beer.

Always the Same Good Old Blatz.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

Satisfaction!

The one thing that has made this great store what it is. Satisfactory goods, (only the worthy durable kind), at satisfactory prices, (the lowest possible commensurate with the quality), making satisfied customers. Satisfied customers make this store—what others have found here, you too will find—perfect satisfaction. We guarantee it. Come see! An example of our low prices follow:

Couches, \$5.75.

Medium sized—upholstered in best quality figured velour with fringed base, well made, tufted—other stores would price an equal value at \$10.00. We sell these for \$5.75. We offer a large line of couches in tapestry, velour, corduroy, leather.

Open a Charge Account.

We will gladly open an account with you for any amount of goods you may wish to buy. We will furnish your home complete, from cellar to garret, any you can pay for it on very easy terms of monthly payments.

OUR TERMS:

- \$ 5.00 a month on a \$ 25.00 purchase.
- \$ 6.00 a month on a \$ 35.00 purchase.
- \$ 7.00 a month on a \$ 50.00 purchase.
- \$ 8.00 a month on a \$ 60.00 purchase.
- \$ 9.00 a month on a \$ 75.00 purchase.
- \$10.00 a month on a \$100.00 purchase.

MAPS FOR CHICAGO THEATER GOERS

Chicago, Jan. 7.—The Chronicle today says: "Maps of the seating area in several of the Chicago theaters will appear on the asbestos curtains when the theaters open. Several managers have decided on this scheme of making the patrons familiar with the location of

the exits. Every seat, including those on the first floor, the first and second balconies, will be indicated on the fire-proof curtain. Every exit will be shown, and the aisles by which they may be reached outlined. The asbestos curtain will be dropped once in a performance at least, and the theater-goers will have time to study the map."

LOVE LAUGHS AT PARENTS

Young People Wed In Spite of Opposition of Bride's Family.

A little romance in which two young people of Duluth were interested culminated yesterday afternoon in the marriage of Miss Anna M. Olson, daughter of contractor O. A. Olson, of 318 Tenth avenue East, to Warren Leroy Smith, a brakeman in the employ of the Northern Pacific company.

Mr. and Mrs. Olson are in Norway on a visit and left their daughter in charge of Mrs. Mary Hagen, of Tenth avenue East and Tenth street, with the understanding that she was to join them very shortly.

The young couple had known each other for years and had been sweethearts for the past three years, with the intention of getting married before Miss Olson's parents went abroad, but the parents opposed the match.

As soon as the young people learned that the daughter was to be sent to join her parents, Mr. Smith procured a license and they were wed before the friends of either were aware that the ceremony was contemplated.

The groom makes the simple statement that they made up their minds to get married without the consent of the bride's parents because her going away to Norway might mean an indefinite stay and the young people did not care to be separated that way.

HOTEL SPALDING

West 43rd Street, Just Off Broadway,

NEW YORK.

Transient and Family Hotel.

Absolutely Fireproof. 300 ROOMS. 200 BATHS.

All rooms lighted by natural light

Holland Cafe. Louis XVI Restaurant. Palm Garden.

MUSIC NOON AND EVENINGS.

3 blocks from Grand Central Station. 3 passenger elevators.

Center of theater and business district.

Running ice water in all apartments. Complete in every detail.

John H. Langton (Formerly of Duluth) Manager

DEFENSE IS TO REFORM SCHOOL

Edwards, Wood & Co. Eight-Year-Old Incurable Sent to Red Wing Institution. Putting In Their Side of Case.

Claim Flax Was Bought By Themselves and Resold Later. Parents Cannot Keep Him at School or at Home.

"I have told counsel six or seven times," said Judge Windom in the municipal court room yesterday afternoon, to Freeman P. Lane, one of the attorneys for Edwards, Wood & Co., "that he is arguing on false premises. I don't want to shut you off on any arguments that may be of benefit to your case, but I cannot see the sense of arguing for several hours as you propose to do, and citing authorities on a point of law which every lawyer will admit, when you are starting from false premises. Every lawyer is familiar with the point in law you propose to establish by these authorities, and everyone will admit it, but it is not applicable to this case."

"The offense with which Edwards, Wood & Co. are charged is failure to send a true report within twenty-four hours after the grain was sold, and not the sending of a false report. The sending of a false report is merely one of the constitutional elements in the failure to send a true report, and while it is true as counsel argues that a crime cannot be committed by proxy, the fact that the report was sent by Mr. Taylor has nothing to do with the case. It is the failure of Edwards, Wood & Co. to make a true report that is the crime charged."

The state completed its case yesterday afternoon, and a motion for dismissal by Mr. Lane was denied. Mr. Lane attempted to argue that since the report of the grain sales had been sent by an agent of the firm, Mr. Taylor, and since a crime cannot be committed by proxy, therefore the state had no case against the defendants.

The arguments of the attorneys on the question of allowing the records concerning the transaction to be admitted as evidence, occupied over an hour. The argument of the state was that the records were the same as those which they attempted to use in the motion for dismissal. They claimed that since the reports were sent by Mr. Taylor, the Duluth manager of the firm, the defendants in this trial could not be held responsible for them.

The court, however, held in this case also that the offense was one of omission not of commission, and the documents in question were admitted as evidence.

The jury was dismissed yesterday afternoon until 10 o'clock this morning, in order that the motion to dismiss might be argued. When the jury returned, as stated above, Mr. Lane entered a motion for dismissal on an offense against the law, which was taken up when court opened this morning.

"We are going to ask you not to allow the Coe Commission records to be placed into this court, backed by the attorney general's office, and by the state railroad commission, and 'sue' these defendants, who constitute a rival company," said Judge Windom. "The attorney for Edwards, Wood & Co. in opening the case for the dismissal of the case on the ground that the firm could not be charged with a crime because it was a corporation, was overruled by Judge Windom this morning."

The members of the firm were in duty bound to submit a correct report of the transaction in which they were engaged, and since they had failed to do this, they were all guilty of the offense against the law.

His position was upheld by the court, and Mr. Marshall arose to make his preliminary speech to the jury before opening the case for the defense.

"We are going to show you," he said, "not only that there is a reasonable doubt of the guilt of the defendants, but we will go farther and prove their innocence."

George K. Taylor, the local manager of the firm, was called to the stand. He was asked a number of preliminary questions had been asked him by Mr. Lane, he was told to give his story of the transaction that had taken place.

At this point Mr. Mitchell objected on the ground that the testimony of Taylor was hearsay, and that his objection was overruled.

Mr. Taylor then told how he had received the consignment of flax from Mr. Carlson. He stated that flax opened at 18 1/2 on the morning of January 19 when he received the consignment of flax from Mr. Carlson.

On the following day, according to the testimony of Mr. Taylor, flax rose to \$12 per bushel and at that time he sold Mr. Carlson's flax to the first elevator company.

At this point Mr. Mitchell again interposed an objection, that the defendants are trying to establish a legal one," he asked. "Know your honor, that is the custom to make the deal, but that does not make the action legal. An agent cannot sell flax, and the law, as the purchaser, unless the agreement is made in writing, and the flax is first dissolved. Edwards, Wood & Co. cannot charge Carlson a commission for selling flax to the first elevator company."

There was no record of these transactions, except in the mind of Mr. Taylor, and no locus-ponus transactions of this sort can refute the fact that Mr. Taylor cannot act as both the agent and one of the principals in this transaction.

The loss in this instance happened to be small, but the principle is a vital one. Court adjourned for the noon recess shortly after 12 o'clock.

The attorneys for the defendants will be heard on the objection this afternoon.

The Peace Society.

The meeting of the Duluth Peace society yesterday afternoon in the library building was well attended, and the speakers found much interest in the cause among Duluth people. Addresses were made by Rev. A. W. Ryan, Rev. John S. Merriek and Dr. H. V. Goethius. Rev. H. W. Thompson, president of the Chicago Peace society, will be here in the summer and will work in the interest of the society. W. S. Albers is to act as agent for the publications of the American Peace society. The members of the peace societies everywhere in this country are much interested in a meeting to be held Jan. 12 at Washington to further the arbitration treaty between England and America. The women also take a deep interest in the cause, and there is to Europe, with headquarters in Paris, an alliance of women numbering 3,000,000.

FREIGHT TARIFFS ADVANCED. San Francisco, Jan. 7.—The freight tariffs on goods coming from Europe out of this port to the Orient have again been advanced, and on the same basis as before. The advance was commenced in this city. The rate on flour is \$3 a ton, and the officials are now deliberating whether or not to advance the rate to \$5 a ton.

"Sometimes he does not come home until 11 or 12 o'clock, and some times not until 2 or 4 o'clock in the morning," said Mrs. Worz, of 206 Lake avenue south, in speaking of her young son, a head scarcely 8 years old. "He often stays out all night and we do not know where he is."

The case is one of the most peculiar ones that has come before the notice of the municipal court officers for some time past. The lad is a confirmed tramp. He plays truant from school to go skating or coasting, and wanders about the streets late at night, sleeping wherever he can find a warm spot.

His teacher at school stated that the lad apparently had no bad characteristics, and was as bright as the ordinary child at his lessons.

His parents, however, have absolutely no control over him. The boy's father is dead, and he has a step-father.

His mother stated in court this morning that she had endeavored to keep the boy at school and force him to come home at night, but that every time he was punished he became worse.

The boy has been arrested twice previously by the police for wandering about the streets late at night.

Human Officer Vilhrow, who has been investigating the case, asked that Judge Garhart sentence him to that institution for the legal term.

The boy was arrested by the police yesterday on one of the train elevators on Garfield avenue. He claimed at first that he had been assisting himself from home because his stepfather had whipped him, but he later admitted that his stepfather had not punished him since the last time he was arrested in October.

William Bryde, of West Duluth was arraigned before Judge Garhart this morning on the charge of non-support. His wife claimed that he had not provided her with food, clothing or shelter for some time past.

Bryde pleaded not guilty and the trial was set for Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. He was held under bonds to the amount of \$250.

SUSPENDED FOR CRIBBING.

"Sig" Harris Threatens to Leave Minnesota.

Minneapolis, Jan. 7.—"Sig" Harris, Minnesota's star quarter back, who made one on the all American team, has been suspended for "cribbing" and it is said on the authority of an intimate friend that he resents the action of the university faculty to such an extent that he will leave Minnesota and go to some other institution as soon as his suspension expires and he can secure an honorable discharge.

NOTICE!
Independent Order of Foresters.
Members of Court Commerce No. 233, will meet at 7 o'clock on Friday, Jan. 8, at the Commercial Hotel, to attend the funeral of our late brother, John W. W. HOOPES, R. S.

MAY BE BROWN.

Countess Russell's Coachman Partially Identified In Jail.

Toronto, Jan. 7.—An inmate of the Toronto jail, under the name of "Archibald," has been partially identified as William Brown, the coachman, who while posing as a foreign prince in England not long ago, misled the Countess Russell. He is charged with vagrancy owing to failure to pay bills incurred while living here on a pretended nobleman's income.

The countess divorced the coachman upon learning his true character. Stewart has been here a month.

MEXICO INTERESTED

But Will Not Resume Relations With Vatican.

Mexico City, Jan. 7.—The news from Rome that Pope Pius X has appointed Mgr. Serafino, bishop of Spoleto, apostolic delegate to Mexico, instead of apostolic visitor, as was reported, excited some interest here, as the telegram asserts that the vatican considers this as the first step toward the resumption of diplomatic relations between Mexico and the holy see. At present there appears no likelihood that the Mexican government intends to resume direct relations with the vatican.

The existing constitution makes distinct the separation of the church and state, and the government grants impartial protection to all denominations. The reform laws decreed in the time of President Juarez are in force, and no body thinks of repealing them.

TO TRY TO CHECK DISEASE. San Francisco, Jan. 7.—Three French medical experts in the service of the French government departed on the steamer Mariposa for Tahiti, where they will endeavor to check the ravages of disease among the natives. The doctors will be stationed in different parts of Tahiti and will be given certain judicial powers in order to aid them in enforcing such sanitary laws as they may adopt.

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

Store opens daily at 8:30 a. m.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Store closes 5:30 p. m. Saturdays, 10 p. m.

FRIDAY'S FEAST

The white sale.

Muslin underwear, Sheets and sheetings, Cases and casings, Bed spreads, long cloths, Housekeeping linens, Hotel linens, Restaurant linens, Towels and craches, White goods, Embroideries, Fine laces, Stamped linens, Lace curtains, Lace bed sets, Handkerchiefs, Men's shirts.

The clearance sale.

Dress goods remnants, Silk remnants, Wash goods remnants, Ribbon remnants, Misses' coats, Ladies' coats, Ladies' skirts, Ladies' waists, Jewelry and leather goods, Boys' suits, \$1.75, Books and calendars, All odd portieres, Shoes and rubbers, House furnishings, Crockery and glassware, Flannels and blankets.

These are the sales for you! This is the house that guarantees every article it sells. Your money back without question whenever you want it. It's a waste of time to look for satisfaction in the smaller stocks elsewhere. It's a waste of money to pay the higher prices that others exact.

We cannot and will not be undersold. We can and do undersell.

AT WEST DULUTH

O. I. Polaski, a young Finlander

came to America from the old country three years ago to make his fortune, and who has been employed in and about West Duluth during most of his stay in the United States, starts today on a return trip to the land of his fathers and the wife and baby boy awaiting him there, taking with him the accumulated savings of three years' unremitting toil, amounting in the aggregate to \$1000.

Polaski's story is an interesting one, as told by himself. He married at the age of 20, when but little blessed in the way of worldly goods, he had a few months of married bliss to convince the young couple that a life such as theirs were then leading, with no prospects of anything better in the way of money, would never point the way to riches, and so it was that the young couple should take what money he could get together and come to America, the land of promise, leaving his young wife with her parents.

This he did, and since landing, he says, has prospered, frequently being able to send money home, aside from the amount saved, although he had never been employed at anything but common labor, some of the good wages and again when he earned scarcely enough to comfortably support an ordinary American citizen.

ITS INITIAL BALL.

Progress Club Gives Its First Social Festivity.

The Twentieth Century Progress club gave its initial ball at the Great Eastern hall last evening. It was a most successful affair, socially and financially, and the members of the club are feeling jubilant over the great success of the event. The club was organized for the express purpose of giving a series of entertainments during the winter. The one last night was only a forerunner of what is to come.

More than 100 couples were in attendance. Lancers' orchestra gave a splendid selection of dance music. Among those present was a large delegation from up town, and a special chartered car carried them home at 2:15 this morning. The club has good reason to be proud of its initial entertainment, the success of which was due to the efforts of the arrangement committee, consisting of George Coleman, Joseph Method, Henry Bodman, V. R. Method, Joseph Bellmeur, Ed Donnelly and John Cashin. Those on the floor committee were: P. H. Martin, William Godfrey, Joseph McCormack, August Schulte, Dave Evans, John Connolly, Dan Delmeur, W. J. Sullivan, Tony Ledinger, William Haley, Fred Bolger and Patrick Kearney.

WRECK WAS UNAVOIDABLE.

Connellville, Pa., Jan. 7.—The coroner's investigation of the wreck of the Duquesne limited express on the Baltimore & Ohio road, near Laurel Run, Pa., on the night of Dec. 22 last, closed last night and after hours of deliberation the jury rendered a verdict that the wreck was unavoidable.

After the plow has silt the ice field into squares men with saws cut this immense checker board into long strips, which are caught by workmen, who with long pikes tow them to the elevator. Here is erected a platform, on which workmen stand with ice forks and break the strips into the sizes to be used when called for. The strips are cut through to such a depth that they readily break off into almost perfect squares.

Then the endless chain, worked by electric power, begins to haul up the cubes to the icehouses, where they are stored away in sawdust and hay, to prevent them from thawing. At a distance of from 3 to 4 feet on this endless chain that extend to such a depth that the ice cubes are supported, and away they go up the steep incline, to be dumped into the chutes and carried back into the long buildings.

ICE HARVEST ON THE SIOUX

Sioux City, Iowa, Jan. 7.—The ice harvest in Sioux City is on full blast out on the Big Sioux river, and 200 workmen dot the big ninety-acre ice field that will be cut up into cubes for use during the summer season.

The ice men say that the product is of the very best quality, and much better than is usually the case. There has been little snow on top of it, and as a result there is very little of an inferior quality. The ice that is being put up is from 10 to 15 inches in thickness and is as clear as crystal.

Over 80,000 tons of ice will be put up in Sioux City this year in the big warehouses of the Consumers' Ice company. Some private companies are putting up ice, but this about represents the total ice harvest. A great deal of this ice is put up for the use of railroads and stored away in the summer season in their dining cars, refrigerators and water tanks, where enough water is stored to make a good sized creek running.

It is estimated that the twenty-four ice houses in Sioux City will be filled within the next two weeks. The houses if placed end to end would make a line of structures 300 feet long by 129 feet wide.

The whole process of harvesting the ice is extremely interesting from the moment the marker is put on the field through the process of ripping it, placing it on the sleds, and carrying it to the finish, when it is shoved along in the channel to the chains and hoists, up and stored away in the sawdust or hay.

The man with the marker is the first one who enters this field. The marker is built somewhat on the plan of a marker on a corn planter, and can be shifted from side to side by means of the same marker. It is drawn by horses. The point of the marker enters the ice to a depth of about 1 inch, the marks being about 2 feet apart. The marks are made parallel to each other and extend the entire length of the field. After the ice field has been paralleled with the marker the driver begins at the other end of the field, crossing the parallel lines on the ice and giving the ice field somewhat the appearance of an immense checker board.

Then the ice plow begins to get in its work. A straight groove is cut on one side of the field, which is continued throughout the length of the big checker board. It is then crossed and cut into big cubes. The knives on the plow rip into the ice to the depth of 8 or 9 inches, sending up a great spray of white particles which light on the ice, giving it the appearance of a snow field. This ice dust is carried off and dumped into the river.

After the plow has silt the ice field into squares men with saws cut this immense checker board into long strips, which are caught by workmen, who with long pikes tow them to the elevator. Here is erected a platform, on which workmen stand with ice forks and break the strips into the sizes to be used when called for. The strips are cut through to such a depth that they readily break off into almost perfect squares.

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Caumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality. Moderate in price.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.
The funeral of Mrs. Margaret Dumoulin was held at 10 o'clock yesterday morning at the residence of her son, Mr. J. A. Scott, secretary.

YOU WON'T WAIT LONG, MR. EMPLOYER!

Capable people in any line will quickly respond to your brief request in The Herald's Classified Columns. THOSE LITTLE "WANT ADS." GET A BIG HEARING. ONE CENT A WORD. TRY THEM.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

BARGAINS.

\$7.00 PER ACRE for 80-acre tract—close to country road. Snap!—also for modern 5-room house, fine location, Lakeside. Others at \$100, \$500 and \$200—easy terms. In the valley of Lester river, on good roads, not far from street. Very cheap.

\$800 for good house and barn at West Duluth. Near blast furnace.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.,
303 Lonsdale Bldg.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

Improved Farm at Half Price.

100 acres—35 acres cleared, house, barn—one mile from depot near Grand Lake, country well settled. Excellent soil. Only \$500. Easy terms. Also other bargains in farm lands.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
Duluth, Minn.

Marked Down!

FREE 1904 CALENDARS—Call and get one of our College Girls.

\$1000 will buy a block, eight lots, 20x140 each, in Lakeside, only four blocks from car line. These lots are well worth \$50 each.

\$900 will buy a lot on upper side of Fifth street, near Fifth avenue East. Water and sewer.

\$2250 will buy a seven-room house and lot, 20x140, St. Croix avenue, next to school house.

\$1000 will buy one of the finest corners, 10x10, on London road, near water and sewer.

\$4000 buys new modern brick residence, East End. Monthly payment plan.

Julius D. Howard & Co.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE ON EASY PAYMENTS

LOTS IN THE WEST END.

We have several lots on Second and Third streets, near Nineteenth avenue West, that we will sell on monthly payments to people wanting to build. See us for further information.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
Zenith Phone 547. 400 BURROWS BLDG.

AT WEST DULUTH—
Six-room dwelling on Sixty-third avenue, near Grand—in excellent condition—Has city water—It's a bargain—
PRICE, \$1,100.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Alworth Building.

\$900 takes a fine lot, upper side of Second street, near Twelfth avenue East.

\$6000 takes finest 150-foot corner in East End.

A. G. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

\$600 50-foot corner on East Superior street. A snap.

\$750 20-ft. lot upper side E. Fifth St. Water, sewer. Avenue graded.

\$6000 50-foot lot, three houses; fine income. Fourth St. Central Exchange Bldg.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
800 Exchange building. Zenith phone 335.

\$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. \$200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

\$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 20x130, in good neighborhood.

\$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition, closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything new.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

20% NET

The best thing we have had for sale this year. A building of three flats, centrally located and always well rented. Only \$1600 cash handles it.

R. B. KNOX & CO.
No. 1 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE OR LEASE

Three story and basement brick building, known as 16 and 18 East Michigan Street, 50 feet front by 100 feet deep by railroad tracks. Elevator, water, sewer, electric lights and gas—each floor has carrying capacity of 450 pounds to square foot. Can give immediate possession. Will sell at a bargain.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO., Real Estate, Loans, Insurance, 216 West Superior Street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN

On improved city property—6 per cent interest—3 or 5 years' time. On or before privilege.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 West Superior St.

HERE'S YOUR CHOICE HOMES!

\$12000 buys an exceptionally well-built, well-arranged twelve-room absolutely modern house, near Fifteenth avenue East. Lot 50x100. Everything first-class. Terms easy.

\$9750 buys an elegant ten-room house, near Eighteenth avenue East. The value of the ground alone is worth \$65 per running foot, which is practically nothing at all for the money. This must be sold.

\$3500 4300, on the upper side of First street, near sixteenth avenue East. The value of the ground alone is worth \$65 per running foot, which is practically nothing at all for the money. This must be sold.

GEO. H. GOSBY
105-6-7-8 Providence Bldg.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE—
Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed by Annie J. Clark and John J. Clark, her husband, mortgagees, to William L. Banning, mortgagee, dated August fourth, A. D. 1898, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in said St. Louis County, in the second day of September, A. D. 1898, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., and the said mortgage, in and to the following described real estate, situated in said St. Louis County, therein described as follows: Lot 12, 12 1/2, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 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994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

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This place will soon be before spring. Quick money to be made by buying these lots. Inquire of No. 12 N. Fifth Ave. W.

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